## SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 5921

A bill to amend 1976 PA 442, entitled "Freedom of information act,"

by amending section 10 (MCL 15.240), as amended by 2014 PA 563.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- Sec. 10. (1) If a public body makes a final determination to deny all or a portion of a request, the requesting person may do ± either of the following: at his or her option:
  - (a) Submit to the head of the public body a written appeal that specifically states the word "appeal" and identifies the reason or reasons for reversal of the denial.
- 7 (b) Commence a civil action in the circuit court, or if the
  8 decision of a state public body is at issue, the court of claims,
  9 to compel the public body's disclosure of the public records within



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- 1 180 days after a—the public body's final determination to deny a
  2 request.
- 3 (2) Within 10 business days after receiving a written appeal
  4 pursuant to subsection (1)(a), the head of a public body shall do 1
  5 of the following:
  - (a) Reverse the disclosure denial.

- 7 (b) Issue a written notice to the requesting person upholding8 the disclosure denial.
- 9 (c) Reverse the disclosure denial in part and issue a written 10 notice to the requesting person upholding the disclosure denial in 11 part.
- 12 (d) Under unusual circumstances, issue a notice extending for
  13 not more than 10 business days the period during which the head of
  14 the public body shall respond to the written appeal. The head of a
  15 public body shall not issue more than 1 notice of extension for a
  16 particular written appeal.
- (3) A board or commission that is the head of a public body is 17 18 not considered to have received a written appeal under subsection 19 (2) until the first regularly scheduled meeting of that board or 20 commission following submission of the written appeal under subsection (1)(a). If the head of the public body fails to respond 21 22 to a written appeal pursuant to subsection (2), or if the head of 23 the public body upholds all or a portion of the disclosure denial that is the subject of the written appeal, the requesting person 24 25 may seek judicial review of the nondisclosure by commencing a civil 26 action under subsection (1)(b).
- 27 (4) In All of the following apply in an action commenced under subsection (1)(b):  $\frac{1}{100}$
- 29 (a) A court that determines a public record is not exempt from



- disclosure shall order the public body to cease withholding or to
  produce all or a portion of a public record wrongfully withheld,
  regardless of the location of the public record.
  - **(b)** Venue for an action against a local public body is proper in the circuit court for the county in which the public record or an office of the public body is located. has venue over the action.
  - (c) The court shall determine the matter de novo and the burden is on the public body to sustain its denial.
  - (d) The court, on its own motion, may view the public record in controversy in private before reaching a decision.
  - (e) Failure to comply with an order of the court may be punished as contempt of court.
  - (5) An action commenced under this section and an appeal from an action commenced under this section shall must be assigned for hearing and trial or for argument at the earliest practicable date and expedited in every way.
  - (6) If a person asserting the right to inspect, copy, or receive a copy of all or a portion of a public record prevails in an action commenced under this section, the court shall award reasonable attorneys' attorney fees, costs, and disbursements. If the person or public body prevails in part, the court may, in its discretion, award all or an appropriate portion of reasonable attorneys' attorney fees, costs, and disbursements. The award shall must be assessed against the public body liable for damages under subsection (7).
  - (7) If the court determines in an action commenced under this section that the public body has arbitrarily and capriciously violated this act by refusal or delay in disclosing or providing copies of a public record, the court shall order the public body to

- 1 pay a civil fine of \$1,000.00, which shall must be deposited into
- 2 the general fund of the state treasury. The court shall award, in
- 3 addition to any actual or compensatory damages, punitive damages in
- 4 the amount of \$1,000.00 to the person seeking the right to inspect
- 5 or receive a copy of a public record. The damages shall must not be
- 6 assessed against an individual, but shall must be assessed against
- 7 the next succeeding public body that is not an individual and that
- 8 kept or maintained the public record as part of its public
- 9 function.
- 10 (8) If the court determines in an action commenced under this 11 section that the public body, in attempting to sustain a denial in whole or in part of a request for a public record, has asserted a 12 13 basis for denial that was not included in its denial by written 14 notice properly and timely provided in response to the request 15 under section 5(5), the court shall order the public body to pay \$500.00 presumed damages to the person asserting the right to 16 17 inspect, copy, or receive a copy of all or a portion of the public 18 record. Presumed damages must be awarded under this subsection 19 regardless of whether the person asserting the right to inspect, 20 copy, or receive a copy of all or a portion of the public record 21 prevails in that claim and are to be awarded in addition to any 22 remedies the court may order under subsection (6) or (7). This
  - Enacting section 1. This amendatory act does not take effect unless House Bill No. 4617 of the 101st Legislature is enacted into law.

subsection does not require a public body to disclose information

that is exempt or otherwise protected from disclosure under this

act or any other law of this state or the United States.



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