### SUBSTITUTE FOR

### HOUSE BILL NO. 5953

A bill to provide for circumstances under which certain forestry operations shall not be found to be a public or private nuisance; to provide for certain forestry management practices; to provide for certain powers and duties for certain state agencies and departments; and to provide remedies.

# THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the
- 2 "right to forest act".
- 3 Sec. 2. The legislature finds:
- 4 (a) That forestry operations are valuable to the state's
- 5 economy, provide jobs to its citizens, can be an effective wild-
- 6 life management tool, are essential to the manufacture of for-
- 7 estry products that are used and enjoyed by the people of the
- 8 state, and benefit the general welfare of the people of the
- 9 state.

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- 1 (b) That forestry operations are adversely affected by the
- 2 random encroachment of urban and residential land uses throughout
- 3 rural areas of the state.
- 4 (c) That, as a result of random encroachment, conflicts have
- 5 arisen between traditional forestry land uses and urban and resi-
- 6 dential land uses.
- 7 (d) That conflicts between forestry and urban land uses
- 8 threaten to permanently convert forestland to other uses, whereby
- 9 the forestland resources are permanently lost to the economy and
- 10 the human and physical environments of the state.
- 11 (e) That it is in the best interest of the state to ensure
- 12 that forestry operations using generally accepted forestry man-
- 13 agement practices are not subject to public and private nuisance
- 14 actions arising out of conflicts between the forestry operations
- 15 and urban and residential land uses.
- Sec. 3. As used in this act:
- 17 (a) "Commission" means the commission of natural resources.
- 18 (b) "Department" means the department of natural resources.
- 19 (c) "Forest" means a tract of land that is at least 10%
- 20 stocked by trees of any size, whether of commercial or noncommer-
- 21 cial species, or formerly having tree cover and not currently
- 22 developed for nonforest use, including woodlands, woodlots, wind-
- 23 breaks, and shelter belts.
- 24 (d) "Forestry operations" means activities related to the
- 25 harvesting, reforestation, and other management activities,
- 26 including, but not limited to, thinning, pest control,

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- 1 fertilization, and wildlife management, that are consistent with
- 2 principles of sustainable forestry.
- 3 (e) "Generally accepted forestry management practices" means
- 4 those forest management practices as prescribed by the
- 5 commission. In prescribing generally accepted forestry manage-
- 6 ment practices, the commission shall give due consideration to
- 7 available department information, written recommendations, and
- 8 comments from the department and other interested persons that
- 9 may include, but are not limited to, all of the following:
- 10 (i) The department of agriculture.
- 11 (ii) The Michigan state university extension.
- 12 (iii) The United States department of agriculture agencies,
- 13 services, and programs.
- 14 (iv) College and university forestry programs.
- 15 (v) Professional, industry, and conservation organizations.
- 16 (f) "Landowner" means the possessor of a fee interest in
- 17 land or a tenant, lessee, occupant, or other person in lawful
- 18 control of land.
- 19 (g) "Sustainable forestry" means forestry practices that are
- 20 designed to meet present and future wood product needs by employ-
- 21 ing a land stewardship ethic that integrates the reforestation,
- 22 managing, growing, nurturing, and harvesting of trees for useful
- 23 products with the conservation of soil, air and water quality,
- 24 wildlife and fish habitat, and visual changes.
- 25 (h) "Timber" means live or dead trees, including, but not
- 26 limited to, bark, foliage, wood, and firewood.

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- 1 Sec. 4. (1) Forestry operations shall not be found to be a
- 2 public or private nuisance if the forestry operations alleged to
- 3 be a nuisance conform to generally accepted forestry management
- 4 practices. Generally accepted forestry management practices
- 5 shall be reviewed annually by the commission and revised as con-
- 6 sidered necessary.
- 7 (2) Forestry operations shall not be found to be a public or
- 8 private nuisance if the forestry operations existed before a
- 9 change in the land use or occupancy of land within 1 mile of the
- 10 boundaries of the forestland, and if before that change in land
- 11 use or occupancy, the forestry operations would not have been a
- 12 nuisance.
- 13 (3) Forestry operations that are in conformance with gener-
- 14 ally accepted forestry management practices shall not be found to
- 15 be a public or private nuisance as a result of any of the
- 16 following:
- 17 (a) A change in ownership or size.
- (b) Cessation or interruption of forestry operations.
- 19 (c) Enrollment in governmental forestry or conservation
- 20 programs.
- 21 (d) Adoption of new forestry technology.
- 22 (4) As used in this section, a public or private nuisance
- 23 includes, but is not limited to, allegations of nuisance based on
- 24 any of the following:
- 25 (a) Visual changes due to the removal of vegetation or
- 26 timber.

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- 1 (b) Noise from forestry equipment used in normal, generally
- 2 accepted forestry management practices.
- 3 (c) Removal of vegetation or timber on a forest adjoining
- 4 the property of another landowner.
- 5 (d) The use of chemicals normally utilized in forestry oper-
- 6 ations, and applied under generally accepted forestry management
- 7 practices.
- 8 Sec. 5. In any nuisance action in which forestry operations
- 9 are alleged to be a nuisance, if the defendant landowner or for-
- 10 estry operation prevails, the landowner or forestry operation may
- 11 recover from the plaintiff the actual amount of costs and
- 12 expenses determined by the court to have been reasonably incurred
- 13 by the landowner or forestry operation in connection with the
- 14 defense of the action, together with reasonable and actual attor-
- 15 ney fees.
- Sec. 6. This act does not supersede, negate, or determine
- 17 any protection of land, farms, or farming operations that are
- 18 subject to the Michigan right to farm act, 1981 PA 93,
- **19** MCL 286.471 to 286.474.