

HOUSE BILL No. 5404

November 8, 2005, Introduced by Reps. Gleason, Meisner, Hune, Bieda, Dillon, Donigan, Mayes, Wojno, Byrnes, Spade, Gonzales, Miller, Bennett, Lemmons, Jr., Sheltroun, Zelenko, Vagnozzi, Farrah, Clack, Accavitti, Hopgood, Tobocman, Lipsey, Clemente, Polidori, McDowell, Kolb, Gillard, Anderson, Williams, Adamini, McConico, Sak, Leland, Cushingberry, Gaffney, Plakas, Hood, Cheeks and Lemmons, III and referred to the Committee on Tax Policy.

A bill to amend 1967 PA 281, entitled
"Income tax act of 1967,"
by amending section 30 (MCL 206.30), as amended by 2004 PA 394.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

1 Sec. 30. (1) "Taxable income" means, for a person other than a
2 corporation, estate, or trust, adjusted gross income as defined in
3 the internal revenue code subject to the following adjustments
4 under this section:

5 (a) Add gross interest income and dividends derived from
6 obligations or securities of states other than Michigan, in the
7 same amount that has been excluded from adjusted gross income less
8 related expenses not deducted in computing adjusted gross income
9 because of section 265(a)(1) of the internal revenue code.

1 (b) Add taxes on or measured by income to the extent the taxes
2 have been deducted in arriving at adjusted gross income.

3 (c) Add losses on the sale or exchange of obligations of the
4 United States government, the income of which this state is
5 prohibited from subjecting to a net income tax, to the extent that
6 the loss has been deducted in arriving at adjusted gross income.

7 (d) Deduct, to the extent included in adjusted gross income,
8 income derived from obligations, or the sale or exchange of
9 obligations, of the United States government that this state is
10 prohibited by law from subjecting to a net income tax, reduced by
11 any interest on indebtedness incurred in carrying the obligations
12 and by any expenses incurred in the production of that income to
13 the extent that the expenses, including amortizable bond premiums,
14 were deducted in arriving at adjusted gross income.

15 (e) Deduct, to the extent included in adjusted gross income,
16 compensation, including retirement benefits, received for services
17 in the armed forces of the United States.

18 (f) Deduct the following to the extent included in adjusted
19 gross income:

20 (i) Retirement or pension benefits received from a federal
21 public retirement system or from a public retirement system of or
22 created by this state or a political subdivision of this state.

23 (ii) Retirement or pension benefits received from a public
24 retirement system of or created by another state or any of its
25 political subdivisions if the income tax laws of the other state
26 permit a similar deduction or exemption or a reciprocal deduction
27 or exemption of a retirement or pension benefit received from a

1 public retirement system of or created by this state or any of the
2 political subdivisions of this state.

3 (iii) Social security benefits as defined in section 86 of the
4 internal revenue code.

5 (iv) Before October 1, 1994, retirement or pension benefits
6 from any other retirement or pension system as follows:

7 (A) For a single return, the sum of not more than \$7,500.00.

8 (B) For a joint return, the sum of not more than \$10,000.00.

9 (v) After September 30, 1994, retirement or pension benefits
10 not deductible under subparagraph (i) or subdivision (e) from any
11 other retirement or pension system or benefits from a retirement
12 annuity policy in which payments are made for life to a senior
13 citizen, to a maximum of \$30,000.00 for a single return and
14 \$60,000.00 for a joint return. The maximum amounts allowed under
15 this subparagraph shall be reduced by the amount of the deduction
16 for retirement or pension benefits claimed under subparagraph (i) or
17 subdivision (e) and for tax years after the 1996 tax year by the
18 amount of a deduction claimed under subdivision (r). For the 1995
19 tax year and each tax year after 1995, the maximum amounts allowed
20 under this subparagraph shall be adjusted by the percentage
21 increase in the United States consumer price index for the
22 immediately preceding calendar year. The department shall annualize
23 the amounts provided in this subparagraph and subparagraph (iv) as
24 necessary for tax years that end after September 30, 1994. As used
25 in this subparagraph, "senior citizen" means that term as defined
26 in section 514.

27 (vi) The amount determined to be the section 22 amount eligible

1 for the elderly and the permanently and totally disabled credit
2 provided in section 22 of the internal revenue code.

3 (g) Adjustments resulting from the application of section 271.

4 (h) Adjustments with respect to estate and trust income as
5 provided in section 36.

6 (i) Adjustments resulting from the allocation and
7 apportionment provisions of chapter 3.

8 (j) Deduct political contributions as described in section 4
9 of the Michigan campaign finance act, 1976 PA 388, MCL 169.204, or
10 section 301 of title III of the federal election campaign act of
11 1971, Public Law 92-225, 2 ~~U.S.C.~~ **USC** 431, not in excess of
12 \$50.00 per annum, or \$100.00 per annum for a joint return.

13 (k) Deduct, to the extent included in adjusted gross income,
14 wages not deductible under section 280C of the internal revenue
15 code.

16 (l) Deduct the following payments made by the taxpayer in the
17 tax year:

18 (i) The amount of payment made under an advance tuition payment
19 contract as provided in the Michigan education trust act, 1986 PA
20 316, MCL 390.1421 to ~~390.1444~~ **390.1442**.

21 (ii) The amount of payment made under a contract with a private
22 sector investment manager that meets all of the following criteria:

23 (A) The contract is certified and approved by the board of
24 directors of the Michigan education trust to provide equivalent
25 benefits and rights to purchasers and beneficiaries as an advance
26 tuition payment contract as described in subparagraph (i).

27 (B) The contract applies only for a state institution of

1 higher education as defined in the Michigan education trust act,
2 1986 PA 316, MCL 390.1421 to ~~390.1444~~ **390.1442**, or a community or
3 junior college in Michigan.

4 (C) The contract provides for enrollment by the contract's
5 qualified beneficiary in not less than 4 years after the date on
6 which the contract is entered into.

7 (D) The contract is entered into after either of the
8 following:

9 (I) The purchaser has had his or her offer to enter into an
10 advance tuition payment contract rejected by the board of directors
11 of the Michigan education trust, if the board determines that the
12 trust cannot accept an unlimited number of enrollees upon an
13 actuarially sound basis.

14 (II) The board of directors of the Michigan education trust
15 determines that the trust can accept an unlimited number of
16 enrollees upon an actuarially sound basis.

17 (m) If an advance tuition payment contract under the Michigan
18 education trust act, 1986 PA 316, MCL 390.1421 to ~~390.1444~~
19 **390.1442**, or another contract for which the payment was deductible
20 under subdivision (l) is terminated and the qualified beneficiary
21 under that contract does not attend a university, college, junior
22 or community college, or other institution of higher education, add
23 the amount of a refund received by the taxpayer as a result of that
24 termination or the amount of the deduction taken under subdivision
25 (l) for payment made under that contract, whichever is less.

26 (n) Deduct from the taxable income of a purchaser the amount
27 included as income to the purchaser under the internal revenue code

1 after the advance tuition payment contract entered into under the
2 Michigan education trust act, 1986 PA 316, MCL 390.1421 to
3 ~~390.1444~~ **390.1442**, is terminated because the qualified beneficiary
4 attends an institution of postsecondary education other than either
5 a state institution of higher education or an institution of
6 postsecondary education located outside this state with which a
7 state institution of higher education has reciprocity.

8 (o) Add, to the extent deducted in determining adjusted gross
9 income, the net operating loss deduction under section 172 of the
10 internal revenue code.

11 (p) Deduct a net operating loss deduction for the taxable year
12 as determined under section 172 of the internal revenue code
13 subject to the modifications under section 172(b)(2) of the
14 internal revenue code and subject to the allocation and
15 apportionment provisions of chapter 3 of this act for the taxable
16 year in which the loss was incurred.

17 (q) For a tax year beginning after 1986, deduct, to the extent
18 included in adjusted gross income, benefits from a discriminatory
19 self-insurance medical expense reimbursement plan.

20 (r) After September 30, 1994 and before the 1997 tax year, a
21 taxpayer who is a senior citizen may deduct, to the extent included
22 in adjusted gross income, interest and dividends received in the
23 tax year not to exceed \$1,000.00 for a single return or \$2,000.00
24 for a joint return. However, for tax years before the 1997 tax
25 year, the deduction under this subdivision shall not be taken if
26 the taxpayer takes a deduction for retirement benefits under
27 subdivision (e) or a deduction under subdivision (f)(i), (ii), (iv),

1 or (v). For tax years after the 1996 tax year, a taxpayer who is a
2 senior citizen may deduct to the extent included in adjusted gross
3 income, interest, dividends, and capital gains received in the tax
4 year not to exceed \$3,500.00 for a single return and \$7,000.00 for
5 a joint return for the 1997 tax year, and \$7,500.00 for a single
6 return and \$15,000.00 for a joint return for tax years after the
7 1997 tax year. For tax years after the 1996 tax year, the maximum
8 amounts allowed under this subdivision shall be reduced by the
9 amount of a deduction claimed for retirement benefits under
10 subdivision (e) or a deduction claimed under subdivision (f)(i),
11 (ii), (iv), or (v). For the 1995 tax year, for the 1996 tax year, and
12 for each tax year after the 1998 tax year, the maximum amounts
13 allowed under this subdivision shall be adjusted by the percentage
14 increase in the United States consumer price index for the
15 immediately preceding calendar year. The department shall annualize
16 the amounts provided in this subdivision as necessary for tax years
17 that end after September 30, 1994. As used in this subdivision,
18 "senior citizen" means that term as defined in section 514.

19 (s) Deduct, to the extent included in adjusted gross income,
20 all of the following:

21 (i) The amount of a refund received in the tax year based on
22 taxes paid under this act.

23 (ii) The amount of a refund received in the tax year based on
24 taxes paid under the city income tax act, 1964 PA 284, MCL 141.501
25 to 141.787.

26 (iii) The amount of a credit received in the tax year based on a
27 claim filed under sections 520 and 522 to the extent that the taxes

1 used to calculate the credit were not used to reduce adjusted gross
2 income for a prior year.

3 (t) Add the amount paid by the state on behalf of the taxpayer
4 in the tax year to repay the outstanding principal on a loan taken
5 on which the taxpayer defaulted that was to fund an advance tuition
6 payment contract entered into under the Michigan education trust
7 act, 1986 PA 316, MCL 390.1421 to ~~390.1444~~ **390.1442**, if the cost
8 of the advance tuition payment contract was deducted under
9 subdivision (l) and was financed with a Michigan education trust
10 secured loan.

11 (u) For the 1998 tax year and each tax year after the 1998 tax
12 year, deduct the amount calculated under section 30d.

13 (v) For tax years that begin on and after January 1, 1994,
14 deduct, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, any
15 amount, and any interest earned on that amount, received in the tax
16 year by a taxpayer who is a Holocaust victim as a result of a
17 settlement of claims against any entity or individual for any
18 recovered asset pursuant to the German act regulating unresolved
19 property claims, also known as Gesetz zur Regelung offener
20 Vermögensfragen, as a result of the settlement of the action
21 entitled In re: Holocaust ~~victims~~ VICTIM assets LITIGATION, CV-
22 96-4849, ~~CV-96-6161~~ **CV-96-5161**, and CV-97-0461 (E.D. NY), or as a
23 result of any similar action if the income and interest are not
24 commingled in any way with and are kept separate from all other
25 funds and assets of the taxpayer. As used in this subdivision:

26 (i) "Holocaust victim" means a person, or the heir or
27 beneficiary of that person, who was persecuted by Nazi Germany or

1 any Axis regime during any period from 1933 to 1945.

2 (ii) "Recovered asset" means any asset of any type and any
3 interest earned on that asset including, but not limited to, bank
4 deposits, insurance proceeds, or artwork owned by a Holocaust
5 victim during the period from 1920 to 1945, withheld from that
6 Holocaust victim from and after 1945, and not recovered, returned,
7 or otherwise compensated to the Holocaust victim until after 1993.

8 (w) For tax years that begin after December 31, 1999, deduct,
9 to the extent not deducted in determining adjusted gross income,
10 both of the following:

11 (i) The total of all contributions made on and after October 1,
12 2000 by the taxpayer in the tax year to education savings accounts
13 pursuant to the Michigan education savings program act, 2000 PA
14 161, MCL 390.1471 to 390.1486, not to exceed \$5,000.00 for a single
15 return or \$10,000.00 for a joint return per tax year. A deduction
16 under this subparagraph is not allowed for contributions to an
17 education savings account in the tax year in which the initial
18 withdrawal is made from that account or any subsequent year.

19 (ii) The amount under section 30f.

20 (x) For tax years that begin after December 31, 1999, add to
21 the extent not included in adjusted gross income the amount of
22 money withdrawn by the taxpayer in the tax year from education
23 savings accounts if the withdrawal was not a qualified withdrawal
24 as provided in the Michigan education savings program act, 2000 PA
25 161, MCL 390.1471 to 390.1486.

26 (y) For tax years that begin after December 31, 1999, deduct,
27 to the extent included in adjusted gross income, the amount of a

1 distribution from individual retirement accounts that qualify under
2 section 408 of the internal revenue code if the distribution is
3 used to pay qualified higher education expenses as that term is
4 defined in the Michigan education savings program act, 2000 PA 161,
5 MCL 390.1471 to 390.1486.

6 (z) For tax years that begin after December 31, 2000, deduct,
7 to the extent included in adjusted gross income, an amount equal to
8 the qualified charitable distribution made in the tax year by a
9 taxpayer to a charitable organization. The amount allowed under
10 this subdivision shall be equal to the amount deductible by the
11 taxpayer under section 170(c) of the internal revenue code with
12 respect to the qualified charitable distribution in the tax year in
13 which the taxpayer makes the distribution to the qualified
14 charitable organization, reduced by both the amount of the
15 deduction for retirement or pension benefits claimed by the
16 taxpayer under subdivision (f)(i), (ii), (iv), or (v) and by 2 times
17 the total amount of credits claimed under sections 260 and 261 for
18 the tax year. As used in this subdivision, "qualified charitable
19 distribution" means a distribution of assets to a qualified
20 charitable organization by a taxpayer not more than 60 days after
21 the date on which the taxpayer received the assets as a
22 distribution from a retirement or pension plan described in
23 subsection (8)(a). A distribution is to a qualified charitable
24 organization if the distribution is made in any of the following
25 circumstances:

26 (i) To an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the
27 internal revenue code except an organization that is controlled by

1 a political party, an elected official or a candidate for an
2 elective office.

3 (ii) To a charitable remainder annuity trust or a charitable
4 remainder unitrust as defined in section 664(d) of the internal
5 revenue code; to a pooled income fund as defined in section
6 642(c)(5) of the internal revenue code; or for the issuance of a
7 charitable gift annuity as defined in section 501(m)(5) of the
8 internal revenue code. A trust, fund, or annuity described in this
9 subparagraph is a qualified charitable organization only if no
10 person holds any interest in the trust, fund, or annuity other than
11 1 or more of the following:

12 (A) The taxpayer who received the distribution from the
13 retirement or pension plan.

14 (B) The spouse of an individual described in sub-subparagraph
15 (A).

16 (C) An organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the
17 internal revenue code.

18 (aa) A taxpayer who is a resident tribal member may deduct, to
19 the extent included in adjusted gross income, all nonbusiness
20 income earned or received in the tax year and during the period in
21 which an agreement entered into between the taxpayer's tribe and
22 this state pursuant to section 30c of 1941 PA 122, MCL 205.30c, is
23 in full force and effect. As used in this subdivision:

24 (i) "Business income" means business income as defined in
25 section 4 and apportioned under chapter 3.

26 (ii) "Nonbusiness income" means nonbusiness income as defined
27 in section 14 and, to the extent not included in business income,

1 all of the following:

2 (A) All income derived from wages whether the wages are earned
3 within the agreement area or outside of the agreement area.

4 (B) All interest and passive dividends.

5 (C) All rents and royalties derived from real property located
6 within the agreement area.

7 (D) All rents and royalties derived from tangible personal
8 property, to the extent the personal property is utilized within
9 the agreement area.

10 (E) Capital gains from the sale or exchange of real property
11 located within the agreement area.

12 (F) Capital gains from the sale or exchange of tangible
13 personal property located within the agreement area at the time of
14 sale.

15 (G) Capital gains from the sale or exchange of intangible
16 personal property.

17 (H) All pension income and benefits including, but not limited
18 to, distributions from a 401(k) plan, individual retirement
19 accounts under section 408 of the internal revenue code, or a
20 defined contribution plan, or payments from a defined benefit plan.

21 (I) All per capita payments by the tribe to resident tribal
22 members, without regard to the source of payment.

23 (J) All gaming winnings.

24 (iii) "Resident tribal member" means an individual who meets all
25 of the following criteria:

26 (A) Is an enrolled member of a federally recognized tribe.

27 (B) The individual's tribe has an agreement with this state

1 pursuant to section 30c of 1941 PA 122, MCL 205.30c, that is in
2 full force and effect.

3 (C) The individual's principal place of residence is located
4 within the agreement area as designated in the agreement under sub-
5 subparagraph (B).

6 (BB) DEDUCT, TO THE EXTENT NOT DEDUCTED IN DETERMINING
7 ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME AND FOR TAX YEARS THAT BEGIN AFTER DECEMBER
8 31, 2004, ELIGIBLE EXPENSES THAT ARE RELATED TO THE DONATION OF 1
9 OR MORE HUMAN ORGANS BY THE TAXPAYER OR A DEPENDENT OF THE TAXPAYER
10 TO ANOTHER HUMAN BEING FOR HUMAN ORGAN TRANSPLANTATION, NOT TO
11 EXCEED \$10,000.00. THE DEDUCTION UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL BE
12 CLAIMED ONLY IN THE TAX YEAR IN WHICH THE HUMAN ORGAN
13 TRANSPLANTATION OCCURRED. A TAXPAYER SHALL CLAIM A DEDUCTION UNDER
14 THIS SUBDIVISION ONLY 1 TIME. ONLY 1 TAXPAYER SHALL CLAIM THE
15 DEDUCTION UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR THE DONATION OF THE HUMAN
16 ORGANS FOR HUMAN ORGAN TRANSPLANTATION. AS USED IN THIS
17 SUBDIVISION:

18 (i) "ELIGIBLE EXPENSES" MEANS ALL OF THE FOLLOWING DIRECTLY
19 RELATED TO THE DONATION OF HUMAN ORGANS:

20 (A) TRAVEL EXPENSES.

21 (B) LODGING EXPENSES.

22 (C) LOST WAGES.

23 (ii) "HUMAN ORGAN" MEANS ALL OR PART OF A LIVER, PANCREAS,
24 KIDNEY, INTESTINE, LUNG, OR BONE MARROW.

25 (iii) "HUMAN ORGAN TRANSPLANTATION" MEANS THE MEDICAL PROCEDURE
26 BY WHICH TRANSFER OF A HUMAN ORGAN IS MADE FROM THE BODY OF A
27 PERSON TO THE BODY OF ANOTHER PERSON.

(2) The following personal exemptions multiplied by the number of personal or dependency exemptions allowable on the taxpayer's federal income tax return pursuant to the internal revenue code shall be subtracted in the calculation that determines taxable income:

(a) For a tax year beginning during 1987 \$ 1,600.00.

(b) For a tax year beginning during 1988 \$ 1,800.00.

(c) For a tax year beginning during 1989 \$ 2,000.00.

(d) For a tax year beginning after 1989 and before 1995 \$ 2,100.00.

(e) For a tax year beginning during 1995 or 1996 \$ 2,400.00.

(f) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (7), for a tax year beginning after 1996 \$ 2,500.00.

(3) A single additional exemption determined as follows shall be subtracted in the calculation that determines taxable income in each of the following circumstances:

(a) For tax years beginning after 1989 and before 2000, \$900.00 in each of the following circumstances:

(i) The taxpayer is a paraplegic, a quadriplegic, a hemiplegic, a person who is blind as defined in section 504, or a person who is totally and permanently disabled as defined in section 522.

(ii) The taxpayer is a deaf person as defined in section 2 of the deaf persons' interpreters act, 1982 PA 204, MCL 393.502.

(iii) The taxpayer is 65 years of age or older.

(iv) The return includes unemployment compensation that amounts to 50% or more of adjusted gross income.

1 (b) For tax years beginning after 1999, \$1,800.00 for each
2 taxpayer and every dependent of the taxpayer who is 65 years of age
3 or older. When a dependent of a taxpayer files an annual return
4 under this act, the taxpayer or dependent of the taxpayer, but not
5 both, may claim the additional exemption allowed under this
6 subdivision. As used in this subdivision and subdivision (c),
7 "dependent" means that term as defined in section 30e.

8 (c) For tax years beginning after 1999, \$1,800.00 for each
9 taxpayer and every dependent of the taxpayer who is a deaf person
10 as defined in section 2 of the deaf persons' interpreters act, 1982
11 PA 204, MCL 393.502; a paraplegic, a quadriplegic, or a hemiplegic;
12 a person who is blind as defined in section 504; or a person who is
13 totally and permanently disabled as defined in section 522. When a
14 dependent of a taxpayer files an annual return under this act, the
15 taxpayer or dependent of the taxpayer, but not both, may claim the
16 additional exemption allowed under this subdivision.

17 (d) For tax years beginning after 1999, \$1,800.00 if the
18 taxpayer's return includes unemployment compensation that amounts
19 to 50% or more of adjusted gross income.

20 (4) For a tax year beginning after 1987, an individual with
21 respect to whom a deduction under section 151 of the internal
22 revenue code is allowable to another federal taxpayer during the
23 tax year is not considered to have an allowable federal exemption
24 for purposes of subsection (2), but may subtract \$500.00 in the
25 calculation that determines taxable income for a tax year beginning
26 in 1988, \$1,000.00 for a tax year beginning after 1988 and before
27 2000, and \$1,500.00 for a tax year beginning after 1999.

1 (5) A nonresident or a part-year resident is allowed that
2 proportion of an exemption or deduction allowed under subsection
3 (2), (3), or (4) that the taxpayer's portion of adjusted gross
4 income from Michigan sources bears to the taxpayer's total adjusted
5 gross income.

6 (6) For a tax year beginning after 1987, in calculating
7 taxable income, a taxpayer shall not subtract from adjusted gross
8 income the amount of prizes won by the taxpayer under the McCauley-
9 Traxler-Law-Bowman-McNeely lottery act, 1972 PA 239, MCL 432.1 to
10 432.47.

11 (7) For each tax year after the 1997 tax year, the personal
12 exemption allowed under subsection (2) shall be adjusted by
13 multiplying the exemption for the tax year beginning in 1997 by a
14 fraction, the numerator of which is the United States consumer
15 price index for the state fiscal year ending in the tax year prior
16 to the tax year for which the adjustment is being made and the
17 denominator of which is the United States consumer price index for
18 the 1995-96 state fiscal year. The resultant product shall be
19 rounded to the nearest \$100.00 increment. The personal exemption
20 for the tax year shall be determined by adding \$200.00 to that
21 rounded amount. As used in this section, "United States consumer
22 price index" means the United States consumer price index for all
23 urban consumers as defined and reported by the United States
24 department of labor, bureau of labor statistics. For each year
25 after the 2000 tax year, the exemptions allowed under subsection
26 (3) shall be adjusted by multiplying the exemption amount under
27 subsection (3) for the tax year beginning in 2000 by a fraction,

1 the numerator of which is the United States consumer price index
2 for the state fiscal year ending the tax year prior to the tax year
3 for which the adjustment is being made and the denominator of which
4 is the United States consumer price index for the 1998-1999 state
5 fiscal year. The resultant product shall be rounded to the nearest
6 \$100.00 increment.

7 (8) As used in subsection (1)(f), "retirement or pension
8 benefits" means distributions from all of the following:

9 (a) Except as provided in subdivision (d), qualified pension
10 trusts and annuity plans that qualify under section 401(a) of the
11 internal revenue code, including all of the following:

12 (i) Plans for self-employed persons, commonly known as Keogh or
13 HR 10 plans.

14 (ii) Individual retirement accounts that qualify under section
15 408 of the internal revenue code if the distributions are not made
16 until the participant has reached 59-1/2 years of age, except in
17 the case of death, disability, or distributions described by
18 section 72(t)(2)(A)(iv) of the internal revenue code.

19 (iii) Employee annuities or tax-sheltered annuities purchased
20 under section 403(b) of the internal revenue code by organizations
21 exempt under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code, or by
22 public school systems.

23 (iv) Distributions from a 401(k) plan attributable to employee
24 contributions mandated by the plan or attributable to employer
25 contributions.

26 (b) The following retirement and pension plans not qualified
27 under the internal revenue code:

1 (i) Plans of the United States, state governments other than
2 this state, and political subdivisions, agencies, or
3 instrumentalities of this state.

4 (ii) Plans maintained by a church or a convention or
5 association of churches.

6 (iii) All other unqualified pension plans that prescribe
7 eligibility for retirement and predetermine contributions and
8 benefits if the distributions are made from a pension trust.

9 (c) Retirement or pension benefits received by a surviving
10 spouse if those benefits qualified for a deduction prior to the
11 decedent's death. Benefits received by a surviving child are not
12 deductible.

13 (d) Retirement and pension benefits do not include:

14 (i) Amounts received from a plan that allows the employee to
15 set the amount of compensation to be deferred and does not
16 prescribe retirement age or years of service. These plans include,
17 but are not limited to, all of the following:

18 (A) Deferred compensation plans under section 457 of the
19 internal revenue code.

20 (B) Distributions from plans under section 401(k) of the
21 internal revenue code other than plans described in subdivision
22 (a)(iv).

23 (C) Distributions from plans under section 403(b) of the
24 internal revenue code other than plans described in subdivision
25 (a)(iii).

26 (ii) Premature distributions paid on separation, withdrawal, or
27 discontinuance of a plan prior to the earliest date the recipient

- 1 could have retired under the provisions of the plan.
- 2 (iii) Payments received as an incentive to retire early unless
- 3 the distributions are from a pension trust.