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HOUSE BILL No. 5512

December 14, 2005, Introduced by Rep. Condino and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A bill to amend 1927 PA 175, entitled "The code of criminal procedure,"

by amending sections 1 and 1b of chapter IX (MCL 769.1 and 769.1b), section 1 as amended by 1999 PA 87 and section 1b as amended by 1998 PA 520.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

Sec. 1. (1) A judge of a court having jurisdiction may pronounce judgment against and pass sentence upon a person convicted of an offense in that court. The sentence shall not exceed the sentence prescribed by law. —The— EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (15), THE court shall sentence a juvenile convicted of

any of the following crimes in the same manner as an adult:

- 1 (a) Arson of a dwelling in violation of section 72 of the
- 2 Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.72.
- 3 (b) Assault with intent to commit murder in violation of
- 4 section 83 of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.83.
- 5 (c) Assault with intent to maim in violation of section 86 of
- 6 the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.86.
- 7 (d) Attempted murder in violation of section 91 of the
- 8 Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.91.
- **9** (e) Conspiracy to commit murder in violation of section 157a
- 10 of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.157a.
- 11 (f) Solicitation to commit murder in violation of section 157b
- 12 of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.157b.
- 13 (g) First degree murder in violation of section 316 of the
- 14 Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.316.
- 15 (h) Second degree murder in violation of section 317 of the
- 16 Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.317.
- 17 (i) Kidnapping in violation of section 349 of the Michigan
- 18 penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.349.
- 19 (j) First degree criminal sexual conduct in violation of
- 20 section 520b of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.520b.
- 21 (k) Armed robbery in violation of section 529 of the Michigan
- 22 penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.529.
- (l) Carjacking in violation of section 529a of the Michigan
- 24 penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.529a.
- 25 (2) A person convicted of a felony or of a misdemeanor
- 26 punishable by imprisonment for more than 92 days shall not be
- 27 sentenced until the court has examined the court file and has

- 1 determined that the person's fingerprints have been taken.
- 2 (3) Unless a juvenile is required to be sentenced in the same
- 3 manner as an adult under subsection (1), a judge of a court having
- 4 jurisdiction over a juvenile shall conduct a hearing at the
- 5 juvenile's sentencing to determine if the best interests of the
- 6 public would be served by placing the juvenile on probation and
- 7 committing the juvenile to an institution or agency described in
- 8 the youth rehabilitation services act, 1974 PA 150, MCL 803.301 to
- 9 803.309, or by imposing any other sentence provided by law for an
- 10 adult offender. Except as provided in subsection (5), the court
- 11 shall sentence the juvenile in the same manner as an adult unless
- 12 the court determines by a preponderance of the evidence that the
- 13 interests of the public would be best served by placing the
- 14 juvenile on probation and committing the juvenile to an institution
- 15 or agency described in the youth rehabilitation services act, 1974
- 16 PA 150, MCL 803.301 to 803.309. The rules of evidence do not apply
- 17 to a hearing under this subsection. In making the determination
- 18 required under this subsection, the judge shall consider all of the
- 19 following, giving greater weight to the seriousness of the alleged
- 20 offense and the juvenile's prior record of delinquency:
- 21 (a) The seriousness of the alleged offense in terms of
- 22 community protection, including, but not limited to, the existence
- 23 of any aggravating factors recognized by the sentencing guidelines,
- 24 the use of a firearm or other dangerous weapon, and the impact on
- 25 any victim.
- 26 (b) The juvenile's culpability in committing the alleged
- 27 offense, including, but not limited to, the level of the juvenile's

- 1 participation in planning and carrying out the offense and the
- 2 existence of any aggravating or mitigating factors recognized by
- 3 the sentencing guidelines.
- 4 (c) The juvenile's prior record of delinquency including, but
- 5 not limited to, any record of detention, any police record, any
- 6 school record, or any other evidence indicating prior delinquent
- 7 behavior.
- 8 (d) The juvenile's programming history, including, but not
- 9 limited to, the juvenile's past willingness to participate
- 10 meaningfully in available programming.
- 11 (e) The adequacy of the punishment or programming available in
- 12 the juvenile justice system.
- 13 (f) The dispositional options available for the juvenile.
- 14 (4) With the consent of the prosecutor and the defendant, the
- 15 court may waive the hearing required under subsection (3). If the
- 16 court waives the hearing required under subsection (3), the court
- 17 may place the juvenile on probation and commit the juvenile to an
- 18 institution or agency described in the youth rehabilitation
- 19 services act, 1974 PA 150, MCL 803.301 to 803.309, but shall not
- 20 impose any other sentence provided by law for an adult offender.
- 21 (5) If a juvenile is convicted of a violation or conspiracy to
- 22 commit a violation of section 7403(2)(a)(i) of the public health
- 23 code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7403, the court shall determine whether
- 24 the best interests of the public would be served by imposing the
- 25 sentence provided by law for an adult offender, by placing the
- 26 individual on probation and committing the individual to an
- 27 institution or agency under subsection (3), or by imposing a

- 1 sentence of imprisonment for any term of years but not less than 25
- 2 years. If the court determines by clear and convincing evidence
- 3 that the best interests of the public would be served by imposing a
- 4 sentence of imprisonment for any term of years but not less than 25
- 5 years, the court may impose that sentence. In making its
- 6 determination, the court shall use the criteria specified in
- 7 subsection (3).
- **8** (6) The court shall state on the record the court's findings
- 9 of fact and conclusions of law for the probation and commitment
- 10 decision or sentencing decision made under subsection (3). If a
- 11 juvenile is committed under subsection (3) to an institution or
- 12 agency described in the youth rehabilitation services act, 1974 PA
- 13 150, MCL 803.301 to 803.309, a transcript of the court's findings
- 14 shall be sent to the family independence agency or county juvenile
- 15 agency, as applicable.
- 16 (7) If a juvenile is committed under subsection (3) or (4) to
- 17 an institution or agency described in the youth rehabilitation
- 18 services act, 1974 PA 150, MCL 803.301 to 803.309, the written
- 19 order of commitment shall contain a provision for the reimbursement
- 20 to the court by the juvenile or those responsible for the
- 21 juvenile's support, or both, for the cost of care or service. The
- 22 amount of reimbursement ordered shall be reasonable, taking into
- 23 account both the income and resources of the juvenile and those
- 24 responsible for the juvenile's support. The amount may be based
- 25 upon the guidelines and model schedule prepared under section 18(6)
- 26 of chapter XIIA of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, MCL
- 27 712A.18. The reimbursement provision applies during the entire

- 1 period the juvenile remains in care outside the juvenile's own home
- 2 and under court supervision. The court shall provide for the
- 3 collection of all amounts ordered to be reimbursed, and the money
- 4 collected shall be accounted for and reported to the county board
- 5 of commissioners. Collections to cover delinquent accounts or to
- 6 pay the balance due on reimbursement orders may be made after a
- 7 juvenile is released or discharged from care outside the juvenile's
- 8 own home and under court supervision. Twenty-five percent of all
- 9 amounts collected pursuant to an order entered under this
- 10 subsection shall be credited to the appropriate fund of the county
- 11 to offset the administrative cost of collections. The balance of
- 12 all amounts collected pursuant to an order entered under this
- 13 subsection shall be divided in the same ratio in which the county,
- 14 state, and federal government participate in the cost of care
- 15 outside the juvenile's own home and under county, state, or court
- 16 supervision. The court may also collect benefits paid by the
- 17 government of the United States for the cost of care of the
- 18 juvenile. Money collected for juveniles placed with or committed to
- 19 the family independence agency or a county juvenile agency shall be
- 20 accounted for and reported on an individual basis. In cases of
- 21 delinquent accounts, the court may also enter an order to intercept
- 22 state tax refunds or the federal income tax refund of a child,
- 23 parent, quardian, or custodian and initiate the necessary offset
- 24 proceedings in order to recover the cost of care or service. The
- 25 court shall send to the person who is the subject of the intercept
- 26 order advance written notice of the proposed offset. The notice
- 27 shall include notice of the opportunity to contest the offset on

- 1 the grounds that the intercept is not proper because of a mistake
- 2 of fact concerning the amount of the delinquency or the identity of
- 3 the person subject to the order. The court shall provide for the
- 4 prompt reimbursement of an amount withheld in error or an amount
- 5 found to exceed the delinquent amount.
- 6 (8) If the court appoints an attorney to represent a juvenile,
- 7 an order entered under this section may require the juvenile or
- 8 person responsible for the juvenile's support, or both, to
- 9 reimburse the court for attorney fees.
- 10 (9) An order directed to a person responsible for the
- 11 juvenile's support under this section is not binding on the person
- 12 unless an opportunity for a hearing has been given and until a copy
- 13 of the order is served on the person, personally or by first-class
- 14 mail to the person's last known address.
- 15 (10) If a juvenile is placed on probation and committed under
- 16 subsection (3) or (4) to an institution or agency described in the
- 17 youth rehabilitation services act, 1974 PA 150, MCL 803.301 to
- 18 803.309, the court shall retain jurisdiction over the juvenile
- 19 while the juvenile is on probation and committed to that
- 20 institution or agency.
- 21 (11) If the court has retained jurisdiction over a juvenile
- 22 under subsection (10), the court shall conduct an annual review of
- 23 the services being provided to the juvenile, the juvenile's
- 24 placement, and the juvenile's progress in that placement. In
- 25 conducting this review, the court shall examine the juvenile's
- 26 annual report prepared under section 3 of the juvenile facilities
- 27 act, 1988 PA 73, MCL 803.223. The court may order changes in the

- 1 juvenile's placement or treatment plan including, but not limited
- 2 to, committing the juvenile to the jurisdiction of the department
- 3 of corrections, based on the review.
- 4 (12) If an individual who is under the court's jurisdiction
- 5 under section 4 of chapter XIIA of the probate code of 1939, 1939
- 6 PA 288, MCL 712A.4, is convicted of a violation or conspiracy to
- 7 commit a violation of section 7403(2)(a)(i) of the public health
- 8 code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7403, the court shall determine whether
- 9 the best interests of the public would be served by imposing the
- 10 sentence provided by law for an adult offender or by imposing a
- 11 sentence of imprisonment for any term of years but not less than 25
- 12 years. If the court determines by clear and convincing evidence
- 13 that the best interests of the public would be served by imposing a
- 14 sentence of imprisonment for any term of years but not less than 25
- 15 years, the court may impose that sentence. In making its
- 16 determination, the court shall use the criteria specified in
- 17 subsection (3) to the extent they apply.
- 18 (13) If the defendant is sentenced for an offense other than a
- 19 listed offense as defined in section $\frac{2(d)(i)}{2(E)(i)}$ to (ix) and
- 20 (xi) to (xiii) of the sex offenders registration act, 1994 PA 295, MCL
- 21 28.722, the court shall determine if the offense is a violation of
- 22 a law of this state or a local ordinance of a municipality of this
- 23 state that by its nature constitutes a sexual offense against an
- 24 individual who is less than 18 years of age. If so, the conviction
- 25 is for a listed offense as defined in section $\frac{2(d)(x)}{2(E)(x)}$ of
- 26 the sex offenders registration act, 1994 PA 295, MCL 28.722, and
- 27 the court shall include the basis for that determination on the

- 1 record and include the determination in the judgment of sentence.
- 2 (14) When sentencing a person convicted of a misdemeanor
- 3 involving the illegal delivery, possession, or use of alcohol or a
- 4 controlled substance or a felony, the court shall examine the
- 5 presentence investigation report and determine if the person being
- 6 sentenced is licensed or registered under article 15 of the public
- 7 health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.16101 to 333.18838. The court
- 8 shall also examine the court file and determine if a report of the
- 9 conviction upon which the person is being sentenced has been
- 10 forwarded to the department of consumer and industry services as
- 11 provided in section 16a. If the report has not been forwarded to
- 12 the department of consumer and industry services, the court shall
- 13 order the clerk of the court to immediately prepare and forward the
- 14 report as provided in section 16a.
- 15 (15) THE COURT SHALL NOT SENTENCE AN INDIVIDUAL WHO WAS LESS
- 16 THAN 18 YEARS OF AGE WHEN THE CRIME WAS COMMITTED TO IMPRISONMENT
- 17 FOR LIFE WITHOUT PAROLE ELIGIBILITY.
- 18 Sec. 1b. (1) If a juvenile is placed on probation and
- 19 committed under section 1(3) or (4) of this chapter to an
- 20 institution or agency described in the youth rehabilitation
- 21 services act, 1974 PA 150, MCL 803.301 to 803.309, the court shall
- 22 conduct a review hearing to determine whether the juvenile has been
- 23 rehabilitated and whether the juvenile presents a serious risk to
- 24 public safety. If the court determines that the juvenile has not
- 25 been rehabilitated or that the juvenile presents a serious risk to
- 26 public safety, jurisdiction over the juvenile shall be continued or
- 27 the court may commit the juvenile to the department of corrections

- 1 as provided in this section. In making this determination, the
- 2 court shall consider the following:
- 3 (a) The extent and nature of the juvenile's participation in
- 4 education, counseling, or work programs.
- 5 (b) The juvenile's willingness to accept responsibility for
- 6 prior behavior.
- 7 (c) The juvenile's behavior in his or her current placement.
- 8 (d) The juvenile's prior record and character and his or her
- 9 physical and mental maturity.
- (e) The juvenile's potential for violent conduct as
- 11 demonstrated by prior behavior.
- 12 (f) The recommendations of the institution or agency charged
- 13 with the juvenile's care for the juvenile's release or continued
- 14 custody.
- 15 (g) Other information the prosecuting attorney or juvenile may
- 16 submit.
- 17 (2) A review hearing shall be scheduled and held unless
- 18 adjourned for good cause as near as possible to, but before, the
- 19 juvenile's nineteenth birthday. If the institution or agency to
- 20 which the juvenile was committed believes that the juvenile has
- 21 been rehabilitated and that the juvenile does not present a serious
- 22 risk to public safety, that institution or agency may petition the
- 23 court to conduct a review hearing at any time before the juvenile
- 24 becomes 19 years of age or, if the court has continued jurisdiction
- 25 under subsection (1), at any time before the juvenile becomes 21
- 26 years of age.
- 27 (3) Not less than 14 days before a review hearing is to be

- 1 conducted, the prosecuting attorney, juvenile, and, if addresses
- 2 are known, the juvenile's parent or guardian shall be notified. The
- 3 notice shall state that the court may extend jurisdiction over the
- 4 juvenile and shall advise the juvenile and the juvenile's parent or
- 5 quardian of the right to legal counsel. If legal counsel has not
- 6 been retained or appointed to represent the juvenile, the court
- 7 shall appoint legal counsel and may assess the cost of providing
- 8 counsel as costs against the juvenile or those responsible for the
- 9 juvenile's support, or both, if the persons to be assessed are
- 10 financially able to comply.
- 11 (4) The institution or agency charged with the care of the
- 12 juvenile shall prepare commitment reports as provided in section 5
- 13 of the juvenile facilities act, 1988 PA 73, MCL 803.225, for use by
- 14 the court at a review hearing held under this section.
- 15 (5) The court shall conduct a final review of the juvenile's
- 16 probation and commitment under section 1(3) or (4) of this chapter
- 17 not less than 3 months before the end of the period that the
- 18 juvenile is on probation and committed to the institution or
- 19 agency. If the court determines at this review that the best
- 20 interests of the public would be served by imposing any other
- 21 sentence provided by law for an adult offender, the court may,
- 22 EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (8), impose the sentence. In
- 23 making its determination, the court shall consider the criteria
- 24 specified in subsection (1) and all of the following criteria:
- 25 (a) The effect of treatment on the juvenile's rehabilitation.
- 26 (b) Whether the juvenile is likely to be dangerous to the
- 27 public if released.

- 1 (c) The best interests of the public welfare and the
- 2 protection of public security.
- 3 (6) Not less than 14 days before a final review hearing under

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- 4 subsection (5) is to be conducted, the prosecuting attorney,
- 5 juvenile, and, if addresses are known, the juvenile's parent or
- 6 guardian shall be notified. The notice shall state that the court
- 7 may impose a sentence upon the juvenile under subsection (5) and
- 8 shall advise the juvenile and the juvenile's parent or guardian of
- 9 the right to legal counsel. If legal counsel has not been retained
- 10 or appointed to represent the juvenile, the court shall appoint
- 11 legal counsel and may assess the cost of providing counsel as costs
- 12 against the juvenile or those responsible for the juvenile's
- 13 support, or both, if the persons to be assessed are financially
- 14 able to comply.
- 15 (7) After a sentence is imposed under subsection (1) or (5),
- 16 the juvenile shall receive credit for the period of time served on
- 17 probation and committed to an agency or institution under section
- **18** 1(3) or (4) of this chapter.
- 19 (8) THE COURT SHALL NOT SENTENCE AN INDIVIDUAL WHO WAS LESS
- 20 THAN 18 YEARS OF AGE WHEN THE CRIME WAS COMMITTED TO IMPRISONMENT
- 21 FOR LIFE WITHOUT PAROLE ELIGIBILITY.