SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL NO. 595

A bill to amend 2000 PA 92, entitled "Food law of 2000,"

by amending sections 4111, 4113, 4116, 4117, 4125, 5101, 5105, 5107, 6101, 6115, 6129, 6137, 6147, 6149, 7105, 7113, 7115, 7119, 7125, 7137, 8105, and 8107 (MCL 289.4111, 289.4113, 289.4116, 289.4117, 289.4125, 289.5101, 289.5105, 289.5107, 289.6101, 289.6115, 289.6129, 289.6137, 289.6147, 289.6149, 289.7105, 289.7113, 289.7115, 289.7119, 289.7125, 289.7137, 289.8105, and 289.8107), sections 4111, 4117, 6101, and 6149 as amended by 2002 PA 487 and section 4116 as added by 2004 PA 267, and by adding sections 6140, 6150, and 7106.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 4111. (1) The department shall impose the following
- 2 license fees for each year or portion of a year:

- 1 (a) Retail food establishment: \$67.00.
- 2 (b) Extended retail food establishment: \$172.00.
- 3 (c) Wholesale food processor: \$172.00.
- 4 (d) Limited wholesale food processor: \$67.00.
- **5** (e) Mobile food establishment: \$172.00.
- 6 (f) Temporary food establishment: \$25.00.
- 7 (g) Special transitory food unit: \$117.00 \$135.00.
- 8 (h) Mobile food establishment commissary: \$172.00.
- **9** (i) Food warehouse: \$67.00.
- 10 (j) Food service establishment: the amounts described in
- 11 subsection (2).
- 12 (2) If a local health department no longer conducts a food
- 13 service sanitation program, the department, in consultation with
- 14 the commission of agriculture, shall set the food sanitation fees
- 15 to be imposed for the department's services performed under
- 16 subsection (1)(j). The fees imposed shall equal, as nearly as
- 17 possible, 1/2 of the department's cost of providing the service.
- 18 The conduct of the services resulting from a cessation of a food
- 19 service sanitation program is considered an imminent or substantial
- 20 hazard that allows the department to impose the service fees for up
- 21 to 12 months after the date of cessation by the local health
- 22 department. After the 12-month period, the department shall collect
- 23 the fees only in the amount provided by amendment of this act or as
- 24 authorized pursuant to appropriation.
- 25 (3) ANY LICENSE FEE PAID ON AN INITIAL APPLICATION IS
- 26 NONREFUNDABLE.
- 27 (4) THE DEPARTMENT MAY CHARGE A CONVENIENCE FEE AND COLLECT

- 1 FROM THE APPLICANT ANY ADDITIONAL COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH THE METHOD
- 2 OF FEE PAYMENT FOR THE LICENSE OR PERMIT FEES DESCRIBED IN THIS
- 3 CHAPTER, NOT TO EXCEED THE COSTS TO THE DEPARTMENT.
- 4 Sec. 4113. (1) The department shall impose, for a renewal
- 5 application postmarked or delivered in person beginning May 1 of
- 6 each year, a late fee of an additional \$10.00 for each business day
- 7 the application is late. The late fee for a new application
- 8 submitted after the establishment has opened for business is an
- 9 additional \$10.00 for each business day the application is late.
- 10 The total late fee shall not exceed \$100.00.
- 11 (2) The department shall not issue or renew a license until
- 12 the fee and any late fee, REINSPECTION FEES, AND FINES have been
- 13 paid. A hearing is not required regarding the department's refusal
- 14 to issue or renew a license under this section EXCEPT AS ALLOWED
- 15 UNDER THE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES ACT OF 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL
- 16 24.201 TO 24.328.
- 17 (3) The department may waive the late fee for producers of
- 18 maple syrup, honey, and other seasonal agricultural products if the
- 19 license application is submitted not less than 30 days before the
- 20 applicant engages in processing, packing, freezing, storing,
- 21 selling, or offering for sale the food or drink described in this
- 22 subsection.
- 23 (4) The late fee shall be retained by any certified health
- 24 department or, in an area where there is no certified health
- 25 department, by the department.
- 26 (5) The department shall use the late fee for the
- 27 administration and enforcement of this act.

- 1 Sec. 4116. (1) Beginning the effective date of the amendatory
- 2 act that added this subsection and notwithstanding any other
- 3 provision of this act, the department shall issue an initial
- 4 license not later than 90 days after the applicant files a
- 5 completed application and shall issue a renewal license not later
- 6 than 120 days after the applicant files a completed application.
- 7 Receipt of the application is considered the date the application
- 8 is received by any agency or department of the state of Michigan.
- 9 If the application is considered incomplete by the department, the
- 10 department shall notify the applicant in writing, or make the
- 11 information electronically available, within 30 days after receipt
- 12 of the incomplete application, describing the deficiency and
- 13 requesting the additional information. The period regarding license
- 14 issuance and renewal is tolled upon notification by the department
- 15 of a deficiency until the date the requested information is
- 16 received by the department. The determination of the completeness
- 17 of an application does not operate as an approval of the
- 18 application for the license and does not confer eligibility upon an
- 19 applicant determined otherwise ineligible for issuance of a
- 20 license.
- 21 (2) If the department fails to issue or deny a license within
- 22 the time required by this section TO AN ESTABLISHMENT THAT IS
- 23 OTHERWISE READY TO OPERATE AND IS PREVENTED FROM OPERATING, the
- 24 department shall return the license fee and shall reduce the
- 25 license fee for the applicant's next renewal application, if any,
- 26 by 15%. The failure to issue a license within the time required
- 27 under this section does not allow the department to otherwise delay

- 1 the processing of the application, and that application, upon
- 2 completion, shall be placed in sequence with other completed
- 3 applications received at that same time. The department shall not
- 4 discriminate against an applicant in the processing of the
- 5 application based upon the fact that the license fee was refunded
- 6 or discounted under this subsection.
- 7 (3) Beginning October 1, 2005, the director of the department
- 8 shall submit a report by December 1 of each year to the standing
- 9 committees and appropriations subcommittees of the senate and house
- 10 of representatives concerned with agricultural and food issues. The
- 11 director shall include all of the following information in the
- 12 report concerning the preceding fiscal year:
- 13 (a) The number of initial and renewal applications the
- 14 department received and completed within the appropriate time
- 15 period described in subsection (1).
- 16 (b) The number of applications denied.
- 17 (c) The number of applicants not issued a license within the
- 18 appropriate time period and the amount of money returned to
- 19 licensees and registrants under subsection (2).
- 20 (4) As used in this section, "completed application" means an
- 21 application complete on its face and submitted with any applicable
- 22 licensing fees as well as any other information, records, approval,
- 23 security, or similar item required by law or rule from a local unit
- 24 of government, a federal agency, or a private entity but not from
- 25 another department or agency of the state of Michigan. In the case
- 26 of an initial application, completed application includes the
- 27 completion of construction or renovation of any facility and the

- 1 passing of a satisfactory inspection EVALUATION.
- 2 Sec. 4117. (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3),
- 3 money collected under this chapter by the department shall be
- 4 credited to the general fund of the state DAIRY AND FOOD SAFETY
- 5 FUND THAT IS CREATED AS A RESTRICTED FUND WITHIN THE STATE
- 6 TREASURY. THE STATE TREASURER MAY RECEIVE MONEY OR OTHER ASSETS,
- 7 FROM APPROPRIATIONS OR FROM ANY OTHER SOURCE, FOR DEPOSIT INTO THE
- 8 FUND. THE STATE TREASURER SHALL DIRECT THE INVESTMENT OF THE FUND.
- 9 THE MONEY IN THE FUND SHALL NOT LAPSE TO THE GENERAL FUND AT THE
- 10 END OF THE FISCAL YEAR AND SHALL CARRY OVER TO THE FOLLOWING FISCAL
- 11 YEARS. THE STATE TREASURER SHALL CREDIT TO THE FUND INTEREST AND
- 12 EARNINGS FROM FUND INVESTMENTS. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ADMINISTER THE
- 13 FUND AND SHALL EXPEND MONEY FROM THE FUND FOR THE PURPOSE OF
- 14 ADMINISTERING THIS ACT AND ENFORCING THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT,
- 15 THE GRADE A MILK LAW OF 2001, 2001 PA 266, MCL 288.471 TO 288.540,
- 16 AND THE MANUFACTURING MILK LAW OF 2001, 2001 PA 267, MCL 288.561 TO
- 17 288.740. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL BE THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE FUND FOR
- 18 AUDITING PURPOSES.
- 19 (2) A consumer food safety education fund is created as a
- 20 revolving fund in the department of treasury. The consumer food
- 21 safety education fund shall be administered by the department and
- funded by adding \$3.00 to the fee for each food establishment
- 23 license in all categories except vending machines and in cases of
- 24 fee-exempt food establishments. The money in the fund shall be used
- 25 to provide statewide training and education to consumers on food
- 26 safety. An advisory committee consisting of at least 9 people
- 27 representing consumers, industry, government, and academia shall

- 1 advise the department on the use of the funds. Money remaining in
- 2 the fund at the end of the fiscal year shall be carried forward
- 3 into the next fiscal year.
- 4 (3) An industry food-safety education fund is created as a
- 5 revolving fund in the department of treasury. The industry food-
- 6 safety education fund shall be administered by the department and
- 7 funded by adding \$2.00 to the fee for each food service
- 8 establishment license in all categories except vending machines and
- 9 in cases of fee-exempt food establishments. The money in the fund
- 10 shall be used to provide food safety training and education to food
- 11 service establishment employees and agents of the director who
- 12 enforce this act. The advisory committee created in subsection (2)
- 13 shall advise the department on the use of the funds. Money
- 14 remaining in the fund at the end of the fiscal year shall be
- 15 carried forward into the next fiscal year.
- 16 (4) As used in this section, "fee-exempt food establishment"
- 17 means a food establishment exempt from all state and local food
- 18 establishment license fees under either of the following
- 19 circumstances:
- 20 (a) The education institution exemption under section 3119(4).
- 21 (b) A nonprofit organization that has an exemption under
- 22 section 3119(5)—3119(4) combined with an exemption from the local
- 23 health department sanitation service fee under section 2444 of the
- 24 public health code, MCL 333.2444.
- 25 Sec. 4125. (1) Before a food establishment license is issued,
- 26 the director shall determine if the applicant meets the minimum
- 27 requirements of this act and rules promulgated under this act.

- 1 (2) After an opportunity for a hearing pursuant to the
- 2 administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to
- 3 24.328, the director may revoke or suspend a food establishment
- 4 license or a registration for bottled water issued under this act
- 5 for failure to comply with requirements of this act or a rule
- 6 promulgated under this act. A person whose registration for bottled
- 7 water is revoked or suspended shall discontinue the sale and
- 8 offering for sale of the bottled water until he or she complies
- 9 with this act and the director issues a new registration or removes
- 10 the suspension.
- 11 (3) FOR A PERSON WHOSE FOOD ESTABLISHMENT LICENSE HAS BEEN
- 12 REVOKED FOR EGREGIOUS VIOLATIONS UNDER SECTION 5101(A), (B), (C),
- OR (K), THE DIRECTOR MAY REFUSE TO ISSUE OR REISSUE A LICENSE TO
- 14 ANY ESTABLISHMENT IN WHICH THAT PERSON HAS OWNERSHIP OR MANAGEMENT
- 15 INTEREST FOR A PERIOD OF 2 YEARS.
- 16 (4) (3) Based upon facts submitted by a person familiar with
- 17 those facts or upon information and belief alleging that an
- 18 imminent threat to the public health, safety, or welfare exists,
- 19 the director may summarily suspend a license or registration issued
- 20 under this act. A person whose license or registration has been
- 21 summarily suspended under this section may petition the director to
- 22 dissolve the order. Upon receipt of such a petition, the director
- 23 shall immediately schedule a hearing to decide whether to grant or
- 24 deny the petition to dissolve. The presiding officer shall grant
- 25 the requested relief dissolving the summary suspension order unless
- 26 sufficient evidence is presented that an imminent threat to the
- 27 public health, safety, or welfare exists requiring emergency action

- 1 and continuation of the director's summary suspension order.
- 2 Sec. 5101. (1) A person shall not do or cause to be done any
- 3 of the following:
- 4 (a) Manufacture, sell, deliver, hold, or offer for sale
- 5 adulterated or misbranded food.
- 6 (b) Adulterate or misbrand food.
- 7 (c) Receive in commerce food that is adulterated or misbranded
- 8 and deliver or proffer the delivery of that food for pay or
- 9 otherwise.
- 10 (d) Sell, deliver for sale, hold for sale, or offer for sale
- 11 food unless that person holds a license issued under chapter IV.
- (e) Disseminate a false advertisement.
- 13 (f) Refuse to permit entry or inspection EVALUATION, or to
- 14 permit the taking of a sample, as authorized by section 2111.
- (g) Give a false guaranty or undertaking, except by a person
- 16 who relied on a guaranty or undertaking to the same effect signed
- 17 by and containing the name and address of the person from whom he
- 18 or she received the food in good faith.
- 19 (h) Remove or dispose of seized or embargoed food in violation
- 20 of section 2105.
- 21 (i) Alter, mutilate, destroy, obliterate, or remove all or
- 22 part of the label or do any other act with respect to a food while
- 23 the food is held for sale resulting in the food being adulterated
- 24 or misbranded.
- 25 (j) Forge, counterfeit, simulate, or falsely represent, or
- 26 without proper authority use any mark, stamp, tag, label, or other
- 27 identification device authorized or required by this act or rules

- 1 promulgated under this act.
- 2 (k) Permit filthy or insanitary conditions to exist in a food
- 3 establishment in which food intended for human consumption is
- 4 manufactured, received, kept, stored, served, sold, or offered for
- 5 sale.
- 6 (1) Falsely identify a country, state, or other place of origin
- 7 of food on a label, tag, or other document with intent to deceive
- 8 or defraud.
- 9 (m) Fail to establish or maintain any record or make any
- 10 report required under this act or the federal act, or refuse to
- 11 permit access to or verification or copying of any such required
- 12 record.
- 13 (n) Interfere with the director in the conduct of his or her
- 14 responsibilities under this act.
- 15 (o) Make a false statement, representation, or certification
- 16 in any application, report, plan, or other document that is
- 17 required to be maintained under this act or rules promulgated under
- 18 this act.
- 19 (p) Remove a tag, seal, or mark placed by the director.
- 20 (q) Operate without a license, registration, permit, or
- 21 endorsement.
- (r) Violate a provision of this act or a rule promulgated
- 23 under this act.
- 24 (2) Each day a violation of this section occurs is a separate
- 25 violation of this section.
- 26 Sec. 5105. (1) Upon finding that a person violated a provision
- 27 of this act or rule promulgated under this act, the department may

- 1 impose an administrative fine of not more than \$500.00 for the
- 2 first offense and not more than \$1,000.00 for a second or
- 3 subsequent offense and the actual costs of the investigation of the
- 4 violation. Each day of any continuing violation is not considered a
- 5 separate violation of this act or rule promulgated under this act.
- 6 Under no circumstances shall the department impose upon any
- 7 licensee or registrant administrative fines in the aggregate amount
- 8 of more than \$4,000.00 per location for a firm with annual gross
- 9 receipts of \$500,000.00 or less and \$8,000.00 per location for a
- 10 firm with annual gross receipts of over \$500,000.00 during any 12-
- 11 month period.
- 12 (2) Any administrative fines and costs collected under this
- 13 section shall be paid to the state treasury and credited to the
- 14 general DEPOSITED INTO THE DAIRY AND FOOD SAFETY fund.
- 15 (3) This section does not require the department to issue an
- 16 administrative fine for minor violations of this act whenever the
- 17 department believes that the public interest will be adequately
- 18 served under the circumstances by a suitable written notice or
- 19 warning.
- 20 (4) The conditions warranting administrative fines to achieve
- 21 compliance with the provisions of the food code are limited to
- 22 critical or repeated violations that remain uncorrected beyond the
- 23 time frame for correction approved, directed, or ordered by the
- 24 director under food code section 8-405.11(A) and (B) and section 8-
- 25 406.11(A) and (B). The department shall not impose an
- 26 administrative fine for a noncritical violation of the food code
- 27 unless at least 30 calendar days have been allowed for correction

- 1 after the inspection EVALUATION.
- 2 Sec. 5107. (1) Except as otherwise provided under this act, a
- 3 person who violates any provision of this act or rules promulgated
- 4 under this act is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by
- 5 a fine of not less than \$250.00 or more than \$2,500.00 or by
- 6 imprisonment for not more than 90 days, or both.
- 7 (2) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this act, a person
- 8 who knowingly violates section 5101(1)(b) or (l) is guilty of a
- 9 felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 4 years or by a
- 10 fine of not more than \$10,000.00 plus twice the amount of any
- 11 economic benefit associated with the violation, or both.
- 12 (3) If a violation results in a conviction under this act, the
- 13 court shall assess against the defendant the costs of the
- 14 department's investigation. The assessment for costs of
- 15 investigation shall be paid to the state treasury and credited to
- 16 the department DEPOSITED INTO THE DAIRY AND FOOD SAFETY FUND for
- 17 the enforcement of this act.
- 18 Sec. 6101. (1) Chapters 1 through 8 of the food code are
- 19 incorporated by reference except as amended and modified as
- 20 follows:
- 21 (a) Section 3-401.11(B) is modified so that the oven
- 22 temperature for high humidity oven temperature reads "54°C (130°F)
- 23 or higher".
- 24 (A) (b) Where provisions of this act and rules promulgated
- 25 under this act specify different requirements.
- 26 (B) $\frac{\text{(c)}}{\text{Section } 3-201.11(D)} 3-501.16(A)(2)$ is modified so that
- 27 "subparagraph 3-401.11(C)(1)" reads "subparagraph 3-401.11(D)(1)"

- 1 3-501.16(A)(2)(B) " IS STRICKEN.
- 2 (d) Section 6-101.11 is modified to add after subparagraph

- 3 (A) (3): "(B) In a temporary food establishment:".
- 4 (2) The director, by promulgation of a rule, may adopt any
- 5 changes or updates to the food code.
- 6 (3) The annexes of the food code are considered persuasive
- 7 authority for interpretation of the food code.
- 8 Sec. 6115. (1) After completion of the construction,
- 9 alteration, conversion, or remodeling and before the opening of a
- 10 food service establishment, the license applicant or license holder
- 11 shall notify the director of the completion, shall submit an
- 12 application for a license to operate the food service
- 13 establishment, and shall arrange for a preopening inspection
- 14 EVALUATION.
- 15 (2) During the preopening inspection EVALUATION, the director
- 16 shall determine whether the food establishment was constructed,
- 17 altered, converted, or remodeled in accordance with the approved
- 18 plans and specifications.
- 19 (3) Local health departments may specify when requests for
- 20 preopening inspections are to be submitted.
- 21 Sec. 6129. (1) THE DIRECTOR SHALL CONSIDER THE RISK-BASED
- 22 EVALUATION METHODOLOGY AS DESCRIBED IN FOOD CODE ANNEX 5, SECTION 4
- 23 A-H FOR CONDUCTING EVALUATIONS OF FOOD ESTABLISHMENTS.
- 24 (2) (1)—The completed inspection—EVALUATION report shall
- 25 specify a period of time for correction of noted violations. The
- 26 license holder shall correct the violations within the time
- 27 specified in the report.

1 (3) (2) All violations which are marked as critical on the

- 2 inspection report form shall be corrected immediately unless
- 3 otherwise specified. The director shall conduct a follow up
- 4 inspection to confirm corrections WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER THE REPORT
- 5 IS ISSUED.
- 6 Sec. 6137. (1) To qualify for a special transitory food unit
- 7 license, an applicant shall allow a review and receive approval of
- 8 plans and specifications as specified in chapter VI. This review
- 9 and approval must include the menu and standard operating
- 10 procedures for the unit.
- 11 (2) A special transitory food unit license holder shall do all
- 12 of the following:
- 13 (a) Keep a copy of the approved standard operating procedures
- 14 in the unit and available for review upon inspection EVALUATION by
- 15 the director.
- 16 (b) Operate in compliance with standard operation procedures
- 17 approved by the director.
- 18 (c) Before serving food within the jurisdiction of a local
- 19 health department, notify the local health department in writing of
- 20 each location in the jurisdiction at which food will be served and
- 21 the dates and hours of service. The license holder shall mail the
- 22 notice by first-class mail or deliver the notice not less than 4
- 23 business days before any food is served or prepared for serving
- 24 within the jurisdiction of the local health department.
- 25 (d) While in operation, request and receive 2 inspections
- 26 EVALUATIONS per licensing year SPACED GENERALLY OVER THE SPAN OF
- 27 THE OPERATING SEASON. A local health department and the department

- 1 shall charge a fee of \$90.00 for such an inspection EVALUATION.
- 2 (e) Send a copy of all inspections EVALUATION reports to the
- 3 regulatory authority that approved the license within 30 days after
- 4 receipt.
- 5 (3) If a license holder fails to comply with any of the
- 6 requirements of this section or the food code, the food
- 7 establishment is ineliqible for licensure as a special transitory
- 8 temporary food establishment for the following licensing year and
- 9 must apply for temporary or other type of food establishment
- 10 licenses.
- 11 SEC. 6140. (1) ONLY PASTEURIZED INGREDIENTS FROM A DEPARTMENT-
- 12 APPROVED SOURCE SHALL BE USED FOR MILK AND MILK PRODUCTS
- 13 MANUFACTURED, SOLD, SERVED, OR PREPARED AT A RETAIL FOOD
- 14 ESTABLISHMENT. SUCH INGREDIENTS INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO,
- 15 MILK, MILK SOLIDS, WHEY, NONFAT DRY MILK, CONDENSED MILK, CREAM,
- 16 SKIM MILK, EGGS, AND EGG PRODUCTS.
- 17 (2) INGREDIENTS THAT MAY BE SUBSEQUENTLY ADDED TO MILK OR MILK
- 18 PRODUCTS ARE THOSE FLAVORINGS OR OTHER INGREDIENTS THAT HAVE BEEN
- 19 FOUND TO BE SAFE AND SUITABLE AND ADDED IN A MANNER TO PREVENT
- 20 CONTAMINATION, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE FOLLOWING:
- 21 (A) INGREDIENTS PERMITTED BY A STANDARD OF IDENTITY FOR MILK
- 22 OR MILK PRODUCTS UNDER THE FEDERAL ACT OR REGULATIONS.
- 23 (B) FRESH FRUITS AND VEGETABLES ADDED TO CULTURED MILK AND
- 24 CULTURED MILK PRODUCTS PROVIDED THE RESULTANT EQUILIBRIUM PH LEVEL
- 25 (4.6 OR BELOW WHEN MEASURED AT 24 DEGREES CELSIUS (75 DEGREES
- 26 FAHRENHEIT)) OF THE FINISHED PRODUCT IS REACHED WITHOUT UNDUE DELAY
- 27 AND IS MAINTAINED DURING THE SHELF LIFE OF THE PRODUCT.

- 1 (C) INGREDIENTS SUBJECTED TO PRIOR HEATING SUFFICIENT TO
- 2 DESTROY PATHOGENIC MICROORGANISMS SUCH AS ROASTED NUTS OR DRIED
- 3 FRUITS.
- 4 (D) INGREDIENTS HAVING A WATER ACTIVITY (Aw) VALUE OF 0.85 OR
- 5 LESS.
- 6 (E) INGREDIENTS HAVING A HIGH ACID CONTENT (PH LEVEL OF 4.6 OR
- 7 BELOW WHEN MEASURED AT 24 DEGREES CELSIUS (75 DEGREES FAHRENHEIT))
- 8 OR HIGH ALKALINITY (PH LEVEL GREATER THAN 11 WHEN MEASURED AT 24
- 9 DEGREES CELSIUS (75 DEGREES FAHRENHEIT)).
- 10 (F) DRY SUGARS AND SALTS.
- 11 (G) FLAVOR EXTRACTS HAVING A HIGH ALCOHOL CONTENT.
- 12 (H) SAFE AND SUITABLE BACTERIAL CULTURES AND ENZYMES.
- 13 (I) OTHER INGREDIENTS THAT HAVE BEEN FOUND TO BE SAFE AND
- 14 SUITABLE BY THE U.S. FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION.
- 15 (3) RETAIL FOOD ESTABLISHMENTS THAT MANUFACTURE AND WHOLESALE
- 16 MILK AND MILK PRODUCTS MUST ADDITIONALLY BE LICENSED PURSUANT TO
- 17 AND MEET REQUIREMENTS OF THE MANUFACTURING MILK LAW, 2001 PA 267,
- 18 MCL 288.561 TO 288.740, OR THE GRADE A MILK LAW, 2001 PA 266, MCL
- 19 288.471 TO 288.540.
- 20 Sec. 6147. If a food service establishment is affected by
- 21 fire, flooding, accidents, explosions, or other disaster that may
- 22 create an imminent or substantial hazard AND UNLESS OTHERWISE
- 23 DIRECTED, all food service operations shall cease . The AND THE
- 24 licensee shall immediately report TO THE DIRECTOR the disaster to
- 25 the local health department and request an evaluation of the food
- 26 service establishment to determine AND the effect of the disaster
- 27 on the operation of the establishment. THE DEPARTMENT MAY RECOGNIZE

1 EMERGENCY PLANS THAT, IF BEING FOLLOWED, SERVE AS A MEANS TO USE

- 2 TEMPORARY ALTERNATIVE PROCEDURES FOR CONTINUITY OF OPERATION.
- 3 Sec. 6149. (1) As used in this section:
- 4 (a) "Disclosure" means a written identification as to which
- 5 items are, or can be, ordered raw or undercooked in their entirety,
- 6 or items that contain an ingredient that is raw or undercooked.
- 7 (A) (b) "Publicly available" means accessible to consumers,
- 8 without their having to request it, before their placing their food
- 9 orders or making their selections.
- 10 (c) "Reminder" means a written notice concerning the
- 11 significant health risk of consuming raw or undercooked animal
- 12 foods.
- (B) (d) "Selection information" means whatever consumers read
- 14 to make their order selections, such as menu, table tent, placard,
- 15 chalkboard, or other written means.
- 16 (2) To satisfy section 3-603.11 of the food code, the food
- 17 establishment must meet the prescriptions of this section MAY
- 18 PROVIDE THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT ON SELECTION INFORMATION SO THAT IT
- 19 IS PUBLICLY AVAILABLE: "ASK YOUR SERVER ABOUT MENU ITEMS THAT ARE
- 20 COOKED TO ORDER OR SERVED RAW. CONSUMING RAW OR UNDERCOOKED MEATS,
- 21 POULTRY, SEAFOOD, SHELLFISH, OR EGGS MAY INCREASE YOUR RISK OF
- 22 FOODBORNE ILLNESS.".
- 23 (3) The food establishment shall make a disclosure in the
- 24 selection information that an item contains raw or undercooked food
- 25 of animal origin by either or both of the following methods:
- 26 (a) Items are described to include the disclosure, such as
- 27 "oysters on the half shell (raw oysters)", "raw-egg caesar salad",

- 1 "eggs (may be requested undercooked)", and "hamburgers (can be
- 2 cooked to order) ". The disclosure is not limited to those items and
- 3 descriptions in this subdivision but includes items and
- 4 descriptions of a similar nature.
- 5 (b) Items are asterisked with a footnote that states the items
- 6 are served raw or undercooked, contain, or may contain raw or
- 7 undercooked ingredients.
- 8 (4) A reminder of the significantly increased risk associated
- 9 with eating foods subject to the disclosure in raw or undercooked
- 10 form is satisfied by 1 of the following methods:
- 11 ——— (a) Items requiring disclosure are asterisked on the selection
- 12 information to a footnote that states 1 of the following
- 13 disclosures:
- 14 (i) "Regarding the safety of these items, written information
- 15 is available on request.".
- 17 shellfish, or eggs may increase your risk of foodborne illness.".
- 18 (iii) "Consuming raw or undercooked meats, poultry, seafood,
- 19 shellfish, or eggs may increase your risk of foodborne illness,
- 20 especially if you have certain medical conditions.".
- 21 (b) Either of the reminders listed under subdivision (a) (ii) or
- 22 (iii) is used and appears at least once in the selection information
- 23 on the first interior page or the page where the first item
- 24 requiring disclosure appears. When the option described in this
- 25 subdivision is used, the word "NOTICE" shall appear before the
- 26 reminder statement.
- 27 (c) A publicly available placard supplies the reminder of the

1 significantly increased risk and meets the following requirements:

- 2 (i) It is titled "NOTICE" and contains 1 of the reminders
- 3 listed in subdivision (a) (ii) or (iii).
- 4 (ii) It is posted near the customer entrances of the
- 5 establishment and is clearly visible to the customers.
- 6 (iii) All letters in the title are capitalized in bold, arial
- 7 font not less than 44-point font size and, if menu items are on the
- 8 placard, then all letters are equally readable as the menu items on
- 9 the placard.
- 10 (iv) All letters in the reminder are arial font not less than
- 11 36-point font size.
- 12 (v) The reminder is placed at approximately eye level and is
- 13 easily readable from the point at which consumers would normally
- 14 stand to read it.
- 15 (vi) The reminder maintains visibility in layout, format, and
- 16 graphics in contrast to other posted materials.
- 17 (d) The United States food and drug administration model
- 18 consumer advisory brochure or equivalent as determined by the
- 19 director is publicly available.
- 20 (3) (5) A reminder STATEMENT USED UNDER SUBSECTION (2) may be
- 21 tailored to be product specific if a food establishment either has
- 22 a limited menu or offers only specific animal-derived foods in raw
- 23 or undercooked, ready-to-eat form.
- 24 (4) (6) The language for the menu items shall match the
- 25 language used for the disclosure and the reminder. The disclosure
- 26 and reminder may also be in additional languages.
- 27 (5) (7)—The text for disclosures and reminders shall meet the

- 1 following requirements:
- 2 (a) The text size for statements on handheld menus or table
- 3 tents shall be visually equivalent to at least 11-point font size
- 4 or may be visually equivalent to the font size of menu item
- 5 descriptions.
- 6 (b) Text color provides a clear contrast to background.
- 7 (6) (8)—Table tents, placards, or chalkboards that are used
- 8 exclusively to list food items that are offered as daily, weekly,
- 9 or temporary specials are exempt from the requirements of this
- 10 section when those food items also appear in the primary selection
- 11 information that contains the disclosures and reminders meeting the
- 12 requirements of this section.
- 13 SEC. 6150. (1) AS USED IN THIS SECTION:
- 14 (A) "ARTIFICIAL TRANS FAT" MEANS AN UNSATURATED FAT OR FATTY
- 15 ACID THAT IS PRODUCED BY THE PARTIAL HYDROGENATION OF PLANT OILS
- 16 AND THAT CONTAINS 1 OR MORE INSTANCES OF ATOMS BONDED IN A TRANS
- 17 CONFIGURATION.
- 18 (B) "PUBLICLY AVAILABLE" MEANS ACCESSIBLE TO CONSUMERS,
- 19 WITHOUT THEIR HAVING TO REQUEST IT, BEFORE PLACING THEIR FOOD
- 20 ORDERS OR MAKING THEIR SELECTIONS.
- 21 (C) "SELECTION INFORMATION" MEANS WHATEVER CONSUMERS READ TO
- 22 MAKE THEIR ORDER SELECTIONS, SUCH AS A MENU, TABLE TENT, PLACARD,
- 23 CHALKBOARD, OR OTHER WRITTEN MEANS.
- 24 (2) A FOOD SERVICE ESTABLISHMENT MAY, BUT IS NOT REQUIRED TO,
- 25 PROVIDE ON THE SELECTION INFORMATION, SO THAT IT IS PUBLICLY
- 26 AVAILABLE, A STATEMENT REGARDING THE PRESENCE OR LACK OF ARTIFICIAL
- 27 TRANS FAT IN ANY FOOD SERVED BY THE FOOD SERVICE ESTABLISHMENT.

- 1 (3) A STATEMENT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (2) MAY BE TAILORED TO
- 2 BE PRODUCT-SPECIFIC IF A FOOD SERVICE ESTABLISHMENT HAS A LIMITED
- 3 MENU.
- 4 (4) THE TEXT FOR A STATEMENT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (2) MAY
- 5 BE IN MORE THAN 1 LANGUAGE AND MAY MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION
- 6 6149.
- 7 Sec. 7105. ALL PROCESSORS OF SEAFOOD SHALL COMPLY WITH
- 8 REGULATIONS OF THE U.S. FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION IN 21 CFR PART
- 9 123. The requirement that a processor of smoked fish obtain a
- 10 variance under COMPLY WITH the smoked fish rules is waived if the
- 11 processor demonstrates compliance with 21 C.F.R. part 123, the
- 12 "seafood HACCP plan" THE FEDERAL REGULATION DESCRIBED IN THIS
- 13 SECTION.
- 14 SEC. 7106. (1) ALL PROCESSORS OF JUICE SHALL COMPLY WITH THE
- 15 REGULATIONS OF THE U.S. FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION IN 21 CFR PART
- 16 120.
- 17 (2) AN ESTABLISHMENT THAT PRESSES APPLE CIDER SHALL HAVE AT
- 18 LEAST 1 ACTIVE EMPLOYEE CURRENTLY CERTIFIED UNDER A PROGRAM
- 19 DESCRIBED IN SECTION 2129 OR HAVING COMPLETED A CURRENT COURSE
- 20 RECOGNIZED BY THE DEPARTMENT AS PERTINENT TO SAFE CIDER PRODUCTION.
- Sec. 7113. As used in this chapter:
- 22 (a) "Added fat" means the addition of fat tissue originating
- 23 from portions consisting of less than 12% muscle tissue in each
- 24 portion.
- 25 (b) "Added water" or ice" means greater moisture content than
- 26 normally found in meat AND, EXCEPT FOR POULTRY, IS DETERMINED BY
- 27 TOTAL MOISTURE MINUS 4 TIMES THE PERCENTAGE OF PROTEIN. ADDED WATER

1 MAY BE IN THE FORM OF WATER OR ICE.

- 2 (c) "Artificial coloring" means coloring containing any dye or
- 3 pigment which was manufactured by a process of synthesis or other
- 4 similar artifice or by extraction of a natural dye or pigment from
- 5 a plant or other material from which the dye or pigment was formed.
- 6 (d) "Artificial flavoring" means any flavoring containing any
- 7 sapid or aromatic constituent manufactured by synthesis or similar
- 8 process.
- 9 (e) "Binders" means food and nonfood substances used as an
- 10 ingredient in comminuted meats for binding, stabilizing,
- 11 thickening, or maintaining viscosity of the product.
- 12 (f) "By-products or variety meats" means hearts, livers,
- 13 brains, tongues, tripe, stomach, lungs, melts, eyes, weasand meats,
- 14 head meat, cheek meat, salivary glands, udder, lips, ears, snouts,
- 15 skin, feet, spleens, slaughterhouse by-products, spinal cords,
- 16 cracklings or crackling meal, packinghouse by-products, processing
- 17 plant by-products, partially defatted fatty tissues, and partially
- 18 defatted chopped meat.
- 19 (g) "Comminuted" means chopped, diced, flaked, ground, or
- 20 otherwise reduced to minute particles.
- 21 (h) "Extenders" means food substances used as an ingredient in
- 22 comminuted meats primarily for replacement of meat ingredients.
- (i) "Fat" means the quantity of adipose tissue determined by
- 24 chemical analysis.
- (j) "Fresh meat" means meat that has undergone no cooking,
- 26 heating, or other processing except boning, cutting, comminuting,
- 27 or freezing.

- 1 (k) "Lamb" means meat derived from sheep less than 1 year of
- **2** age.
- 3 (l) "Meat" means the edible part of clean, sound striated
- 4 muscle of cattle, swine, sheep, deer AND OTHER CERVIDS, goat,
- 5 turkey, DUCK, RATITE, or chicken slaughtered in compliance with all
- 6 applicable laws, with or without the accompanying and overlying
- 7 fat, and sinew, nerve, gland, and blood vessels which normally
- 8 accompany the muscle tissues and which are not separated from it in
- 9 the process of dressing. MEAT DOES NOT INCLUDE SPECIFIED RISK
- 10 MATERIALS.
- 11 (m) "Skeletal meat" means the meat that is attached to a part
- 12 of the skeleton including head and cheek meat.
- 13 (N) "SPECIFIED RISK MATERIALS" MEANS ITEMS ASSOCIATED WITH THE
- 14 NERVOUS SYSTEM OF BEEF CATTLE THAT ARE PROHIBITED FROM HUMAN FOOD
- 15 AS DEFINED IN 9 CFR 310.22.
- 16 (O) (n) "Veal" means meat derived from a calf not more than 1
- 17 year of age.
- 18 Sec. 7115. Sausage consists only of skeletal meat either
- 19 fresh, cured, salted, pickled, or smoked. POULTRY SAUSAGE MAY
- 20 CONTAIN ACCOMPANYING SKIN IN NATURAL PROPORTIONS. Sausage may
- 21 contain the following:
- 22 (a) Salt or spice, CURE AGENTS SUCH AS sodium or potassium
- 23 nitrate OR sodium or potassium nitrite, CURE ACCELERATORS SUCH AS
- 24 SODIUM ERYTHORBATE or ascorbic acid, ALL that comply with
- 25 applicable regulations of the United States department of
- 26 agriculture food safety inspection service or any other curing
- 27 agents determined appropriate by the department OR pursuant to

- 1 rules promulgated under this act. As used in this subdivision,
- 2 "curing agent" OR "CURING ACCELERATOR" means any substance added to
- 3 meat to cause or enhance preservation of the meat product.
- 4 (b) Added edible animal fat from the animals specified, eggs
- 5 or egg products, chives, tomatoes, parsley, peppers, onions,
- 6 garlic, celery, seasoning, or other natural flavoring, honey,
- 7 syrup, sugar, pure refined dextrose, or subsequent cooking or
- 8 smoking.
- 9 (c) Not more than 3-1/2% by weight nonfat dry milk, dry whole
- 10 milk, or calcium-reduced milk if it is declared in conjunction with
- 11 the product name.
- 12 (d) Fruits, vegetables, or nuts, or a combination thereof, if
- 13 the name of the product is so qualified.
- 14 (e) The total percentage of moisture in the finished product
- 15 shall not exceed 4 times the percentage of protein, which shall not
- 16 be NOT less than 12% PROTEIN. The protein content requirement shall
- 17 not apply to pork sausage, breakfast sausage, or roasted sausage
- 18 but the finished product shall contain not more than 50% of fat. extstyle extst
- 19 FRESH SAUSAGE SHALL CONTAIN NO ADDED WATER, EXCEPT TO facilitate
- 20 chopping or mixing , water or ice may be used in uncooked sausage
- 21 AND in an amount not to exceed 3% of the total ingredients. COOKED
- 22 SAUSAGE SHALL NOT EXCEED 40% FAT AND ADDED WATER.
- 23 (f) Fresh and fresh frozen sausage, smoked and unsmoked dry
- 24 sausage, may contain ANTIOXIDANTS SUCH AS butylated hydroxyanisole,
- 25 butylated hydroxytoluene or propyl gallate, or a combination of
- 26 these antioxidants, with or without citric acid, in amounts not to
- 27 exceed specifications established under 9 C.F.R. 318.7 and 9 C.F.R.

- 1 part 319 THAT COMPLY WITH APPLICABLE REGULATIONS OF THE UNITED
- 2 STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE FOOD SAFETY INSPECTION SERVICE.
- 3 When such antioxidants are added, the label on the product shall
- 4 declare the presence of antioxidants in the manner required by the
- 5 United States department of agriculture meat FOOD SAFETY inspection
- 6 service.
- 7 (q) Sausage shall not contain any extenders, artificial
- 8 flavors, artificial color, binders, excess added water or ice,
- 9 boric acid or borates, sulphites, sulfur dioxide, sulphurous acid,
- 10 or any other harmful preservative, by-products, or variety meats.
- 11 Extenders necessary to produce low-fat products may be permitted as
- 12 described in rules promulgated under this act. No other parts of
- 13 the animal or any other substance excepting as above specified
- 14 shall be permitted in sausage.
- 15 (h) Harmless lactic acid bacterial starters may be used in an
- 16 amount not to exceed 1/2 of 1%. When used, the harmless bacterial
- 17 starter shall be included in the list of ingredients in the order
- 18 of its predominance.
- 19 (i) The following products are considered to be sausage,
- 20 whether processed or inserted in either natural or artificial
- 21 casings or other containers: wieners, bologna, ring bologna,
- 22 knackwurst, bratwurst, roasted sausage, breakfast sausage, pork
- 23 sausage, chicken sausage, turkey sausage, leona, beer salami,
- 24 cooked salami, Polish sausage, minced luncheon, kielbasa,
- 25 bockwurst, all varieties of dry or semi-dry sausage, and other meat
- 26 food products prepared in sausage form and excluding loaves, liver
- 27 products, headcheese, sulze, blood sausage, potato sausage, kishka,

- 1 tongue sausage, and New York or New England pressed luncheon.
- 2 (j) "Fresh pork sausage", "Polish sausage", "fresh kielbasa",
- 3 and "fresh country-style sausage" are sausages prepared from fresh
- 4 pork meat.
- 5 (k) "Italian-style sausage" shall be uncured, unsmoked, and
- 6 contain at least 85% meat or meat and fat with no more than 35%
- 7 fat. It-ITALIAN SAUSAGE CONTAINS FENNEL OR ANISE AND may contain
- 8 red and green pepper, onion, and garlic. Italian sausage shall be
- 9 prepared from fresh pork meat.
- 10 (l) "Fresh beef sausage" is prepared with fresh beef meat and
- 11 shall not contain more than 30% fat.
- 12 (m) "Poultry-meat POULTRY SAUSAGE OR POULTRY-MEAT sausage"
- 13 shall be made from fresh chicken and turkey POULTRY meat containing
- 14 the natural proportions of light and dark meat unless otherwise
- 15 designated. The name shall be identified by the species contained
- 16 if the product contains all its meat from 1 species. It shall not
- 17 contain more than 30% fat. POULTRY-MEAT SAUSAGE SHALL NOT CONTAIN
- 18 SKIN.
- 19 (n) "Venison "CERVID sausage" shall be made from the meat of
- 20 deer CERVIDAE from approved sources. THE NAME SHALL BE IDENTIFIED
- 21 BY THE SPECIES CONTAINED IF THE PRODUCT CONTAINS ALL ITS MEAT FROM
- 22 1 SPECIES, SUCH AS "VENISON SAUSAGE" OR "ELK SAUSAGE". A person
- 23 shall not offer for sale, sell, or expose for sale any other
- 24 product described as venison CERVID sausage. Fat of another species
- 25 and approved source may be added to venison CERVID sausage.
- (o) Sausage containing wild game and made on commercial order
- 27 shall be labeled "not for sale". Wild game from more than 1 owner

- 1 shall not be mixed into sausage unless a licensed processor
- 2 butchered all the wild game. Processors shall reject any carcass
- 3 that shows evidence of spoilage or contamination. Wild game and
- 4 wild-game product and processing times shall be kept separate from
- 5 other meat and meat processing, including, but not limited to,
- 6 storage in separate or structurally-partitioned coolers. Food
- 7 contact surfaces shall be thoroughly washed and sanitized after the
- 8 processing of wild game and before the resumption of any other
- 9 processing.
- 10 Sec. 7119. Other comminuted meat food products, including
- 11 nonspecific loaves and liver products, headcheese, blood sausage,
- 12 kishka, tongue sausage, chili con carne with beans, or any other
- 13 meat food products that may be allowed, shall be produced in
- 14 compliance with applicable regulations of the United States
- 15 department of agriculture meat FOOD SAFETY inspection service.
- 16 Sec. 7125. Ground lamb, chicken, turkey, and veal shall not
- 17 contain any added water or ice, artificial flavoring, by-products
- 18 or variety meats, binders, extenders, artificial color, vegetable
- 19 coloring, or chemical preservatives. No other parts of the animal
- 20 or any other substance shall be permitted except as follows:
- 21 (a) Ground lamb shall consist of comminuted fresh lamb meat,
- 22 with or without added lamb fat, and shall not contain more than 25%
- 23 fat.
- 24 (b) Ground chicken POULTRY shall consist of comminuted fresh
- 25 chicken-POULTRY meat, WITH OR WITHOUT ACCOMPANYING SKIN IN NATURAL
- 26 PROPORTIONS, with or without added chicken POULTRY fat, and shall
- 27 not contain more than 15%-20% fat. THE NAME SHALL BE IDENTIFIED BY

- 1 THE SPECIES CONTAINED IN THE PRODUCT.
- 2 (c) Ground turkey POULTRY MEAT shall consist of comminuted
- 3 fresh turkey POULTRY meat, with or without added turkey POULTRY
- 4 fat, and shall not contain more than 15% fat. THE NAME SHALL BE
- 5 IDENTIFIED BY THE SPECIES CONTAINED IN THE PRODUCT.
- 6 (d) Ground veal shall consist of comminuted fresh veal meat,
- 7 with or without added veal fat, and shall not contain more than 20%
- 8 fat.
- 9 (e) Ground pork shall consist of comminuted fresh pork with or
- 10 without the addition of pork fat as such and shall not contain more
- 11 than 30% fat. Ground pork shall not contain extenders, binders,
- 12 variety meats, by-products, added water or ice, artificial flavor
- 13 or color, vegetable coloring, chemical preservative, boric acid or
- 14 borates, sulphites, sulfur dioxide, or sulphurous acid. No other
- 15 parts of the animal or any other substance is permitted in ground
- 16 pork.
- 17 Sec. 7137. Food may not contain unapproved food additives or
- 18 additives that exceed amounts specified in 21 C.F.R. CFR parts 170
- 19 to 180 relating to food additives, generally recognized as safe or
- 20 prior sanctioned substances that exceed amounts specified in 21
- 21 C.F.R. CFR parts 181 to 186, substances that exceed amounts
- 22 specified in 9 C.F.R. 318.7 ESTABLISHED UNDER APPLICABLE
- 23 REGULATIONS OF THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE FOOD
- 24 SAFETY INSPECTION SERVICE, or pesticide residues that exceed
- 25 provisions specified in 40 C.F.R. CFR part 185.
- 26 Sec. 8105. (1) A person shall not do any of the following:
- 27 (a) Make, publish, disseminate, circulate, or place before the

1 public any advertisement containing any assertion, representation,

- 2 or statement which is untrue, deceptive, or misleading or falsely
- 3 represents the kind, classification, grade, or quality of meat.
- 4 (b) Use any term of quality without using or having for sale
- 5 the quality of meat advertised or offered for sale.
- 6 (c) Use the term "USDA" unless the official grade is also
- 7 designated.
- 8 (C) (d) Designate or use any brand name of a company unless
- 9 the meat so advertised or displayed for sale is of a quality which
- 10 the use or designation of the brand name of such company would
- 11 reasonably indicate.
- 12 (2) A person shall not advertise or display for sale any of
- 13 the following:
- 14 (a) Any meat of the ovine species that is 2 years old or over
- 15 as "yearling" or "lamb". Such meat shall be clearly designated
- 16 "mutton".
- 17 (b) Any meat described by the use of the words "prime",
- 18 "choice", or "good" ASSOCIATED WITH GRADING TERMINOLOGY unless such
- 19 meat advertised for sale actually bears the "USDA" federal stamp
- 20 designating such grade or is of equal quality as the federal grade
- 21 would designate.
- (c) Any ham unless the advertisement or display states whether
- 23 the ham is skinned or regular WHOLE, BONE-IN, SEMI-BONELESS, OR
- 24 BONELESS.
- 25 (d) Any ham portion described by the use of the words "one-
- 26 half" or "half ham" that has had a center slice removed.
- (e) Any pork shoulder described as "ham".

1 (f) Any meat or meat product which has been branded or marked

- 2 as imitation by a manufacturer or processor unless the
- 3 advertisement or display clearly states that such meat or meat
- 4 product is an imitation.
- 5 (3) A person shall not substitute in any sale any inferior or
- 6 cheaper cut of meat without informing the purchaser that such
- 7 substitution is being made.
- 8 (4) A person shall not keep or display any canned meats or
- 9 canned meat products at a temperature exceeding 6° centigrade (41°
- 10 Fahrenheit) if the label of such meats or meat products specifies
- 11 that they shall be kept under refrigeration.
- 12 (5) Whenever it becomes necessary for the purposes of this act
- 13 to procure a sample or samples of meat or meat products, the person
- 14 in charge of the place where inspection EVALUATION is made must
- 15 permit the sample or samples to be obtained upon being tendered the
- 16 advertised or offered price of the item being procured.
- 17 Sec. 8107. (1) As used in this section:
- (a) "Date" means the recommended last day of sale.
- 19 (b) "Perishable food" means any food in package form which the
- 20 manufacturer, packer, or retailer, in conjunction with the
- 21 department, determines as having a significant risk of spoilage,
- 22 loss of value, or loss of palatability within 90 days of the date
- 23 of packaging.
- (c) "Prepackaged" means packaged prior to being displayed or
- 25 offered for sale.
- 26 (2) A retail food establishment shall not sell or offer for
- 27 sale a prepackaged perishable food unless there is clearly and

- 1 conspicuously stamped upon or attached to the package a date
- 2 identified by month and day except that bakery products with a
- 3 shelf life of 7 days or less may be dated with a day of the week or
- 4 an abbreviation.
- 5 (3) The date may be displayed with or without explanatory
- 6 terms. If explanatory terms are used, such terms shall be limited
- 7 to 1 of the following: "Sell by _____", "Sell before _____", "Last
- 8 date of sale ", "Recommended last date of sale ", or
- 9 "Recommended sale date". Other meaningful terms may be used
- 10 if specifically approved by the department.
- 11 (4) This—EXCEPT FOR MEAT THAT HAS BEEN REMOVED FROM FEDERALLY
- 12 INSPECTED RETAIL PACKAGES, THIS section does not prohibit the sale
- 13 of food after the date if the product is wholesome and sound and is
- 14 clearly identified as having passed the date.
- 15 (5) The retail or final seller is responsible for the proper
- 16 advertisement of perishable food sold after the date.
- 17 (6) A person who prepackages perishable food shall do all of
- 18 the following:
- 19 (a) Establish a meaningful date that takes into consideration
- 20 the food quality and characteristics of the food, its packaging,
- 21 and customary conditions encountered in commercial channels.
- 22 (b) Allow a reasonable period after the date for consumption
- 23 of the food without physical spoilage.
- (c) Keep a record of the method of determination of the date.
- 25 (7) A retailer who purchases prepackaged perishable food may,
- 26 upon written agreement with the person prepackaging such food,
- 27 determine, identify, and be responsible for the date placed on, or

- 1 attached to, each package of such food.
- 2 (8) The date shall not be altered. A person shall not rewrap
- 3 or repackage a perishable food, in its original form and texture,
- 4 with a date on the package different from the original.
- 5 (9) The date shall be calculated to allow a reasonable period
- 6 for the subsequent consumption of the food, but shall not allow for
- 7 a period which would result in a health nuisance as described in
- 8 section 2107.
- 9 (10) This section does not apply to fresh fruits and
- 10 vegetables, canned food, and frozen food , nor AND DOES NOT APPLY
- 11 to milk and milk products dated in accordance with section 1 of the
- 12 fluid milk act of 1965, 1965 PA 233, MCL 288.21 THE GRADE A MILK
- 13 LAW OF 2001, 2001 PA 266, MCL 288.471 TO 288.540.
- 14 (11) The requirements of this section do not apply to any of
- 15 the following:
- 16 (a) An individually packaged food item that is a component of
- 17 a larger food item if the larger food item is identified with a
- 18 date the same as or earlier than the date of that component.
- 19 (b) Perishable foods packaged under, and in compliance with,
- 20 federal laws and regulations, if providing information equal to or
- 21 greater than the information required by this section.
- (c) Smoked fish under the smoked fish rules.
- Enacting section 1. (1) Section 4111 of the food law of 2000,
- 24 2000 PA 92, MCL 289.4111, as amended by this amendatory act, takes
- 25 effect January 1, 2008.
- 26 (2) Sections 4113, 4116, 4117, 4125, 5101, 5105, 5107, 6101,
- **27** 6115, 6129, 6137, 6147, 6149, 7105, 7113, 7115, 7119, 7125, 7137,

- 1 8105, and 8107 of the food law of 2000, 2000 PA 92, MCL 289.4113,
- **2** 289.4116, 289.4117, 289.4125, 289.5101, 289.5105, 289.5107,
- **3** 289.6101, 289.6115, 289.6129, 289.6137, 289.6147, 289.6149,
- **4** 289.7105, 289.7113, 289.7115, 289.7119, 289.7125, 289.7137,
- 5 289.8105, and 289.8107, as amended by this amendatory act, and
- 6 sections 6140, 6150, and 7106 of the food law of 2000, 2000 PA 92,
- 7 as added by this amendatory act, take effect April 1, 2008.
- 8 Enacting section 2. This amendatory act does not take effect
- 9 unless House Bill No. 4956 of the 94th Legislature is enacted into
- **10** law.