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HOUSE BILL No. 6431

September 14, 2010, Introduced by Reps. Meadows, Rick Jones, Slavens, Ball and Liss and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A bill to amend 1994 PA 451, entitled

"Natural resources and environmental protection act,"
by amending sections 80104, 80180, 80181, 81141, 82136, and 82137
(MCL 324.80104, 324.80180, 324.80181, 324.81141, 324.82136, and 324.82137), section 80104 as amended by 2004 PA 587, section 80180 as amended by 2007 PA 8, sections 80181, 82136, and 82137 as added by 1995 PA 58, and section 81141 as amended by 1996 PA 175.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 80104. As used in this part:
 - (a) "Highly restricted personal information" means an individual's photograph or image, social security number, digitized signature, and medical and disability information.
 - (b) "Passenger" means a person carried on board a vessel other than any of the following:

- 1 (i) The owner or his or her representative.
- 2 (ii) The operator.
- 3 (c) "Peace officer" means any of the following:
- 4 (i) A sheriff.
- 5 (ii) A sheriff's deputy.
- 6 (iii) A deputy who is authorized by a sheriff to enforce this
- 7 part and who has satisfactorily completed at least 40 hours of law
- 8 enforcement training, including training specific to this part.
- 9 (iv) A village or township marshal.
- 10 (v) An officer of the police department of any municipality.
- 11 (vi) An officer of the Michigan state police.
- 12 (vii) The director and conservation officers employed by the
- 13 department.
- 14 (d) "Personal information" means information that identifies
- 15 an individual, including an individual's driver identification
- 16 number, name, address not including zip code, and telephone number,
- 17 but does not include information on watercraft operation and
- 18 equipment-related violations or civil infractions, operator or
- 19 vehicle registration status, accidents, or other behaviorally-
- 20 related information.
- 21 (e) "Personal watercraft" means a vessel that meets all of the
- 22 following requirements:
- 23 (i) Uses a motor-driven propeller or an internal combustion
- 24 engine powering a water jet pump as its primary source of
- 25 propulsion.
- 26 (ii) Is designed without an open load carrying area that would
- 27 retain water.

- 1 (iii) Is designed to be operated by 1 or more persons positioned
- 2 on, rather than within, the confines of the hull.
- 3 (f) "Political subdivision" means any county, metropolitan
- 4 authority, municipality, or combination of those entities in this
- 5 state. Whenever a body of water is located in more than 1 political
- 6 subdivision, all of the subdivisions shall act individually in
- 7 order to comply with this part, except that if the problem is
- 8 confined to a specific area of the body of water, only the
- 9 political subdivision in which the problem waters lie shall act.
- 10 (g) "Port" means left, and reference is to the port side of a
- 11 vessel or to the left side of the vessel.
- 12 (H) "PRELIMINARY CHEMICAL ANALYSIS" MEANS EITHER OF THE
- 13 FOLLOWING:
- 14 (i) A PRELIMINARY CHEMICAL BREATH ANALYSIS. AS USED IN THIS
- 15 SUBDIVISION, PRELIMINARY CHEMICAL BREATH ANALYSIS MEANS THE ON-SITE
- 16 TAKING AND ANALYSIS OF A PERSON'S BREATH TO DETERMINE THE PRESENCE
- 17 OF ALCOHOL IN THE PERSON'S BODY.
- 18 (ii) PRELIMINARY CHEMICAL ORAL FLUIDS ANALYSIS. AS USED IN THIS
- 19 SUBDIVISION:
- 20 (A) "IMMUNOCHEMICAL ASSAY" MEANS A SCIENTIFIC TECHNIQUE THAT
- 21 USES SPECIFIC BINDING BETWEEN AN ANTIGEN AND ITS HOMOLOGOUS
- 22 ANTIBODY TO IDENTIFY AND QUANTIFY A SUBSTANCE IN A SAMPLE.
- 23 (B) "PRELIMINARY CHEMICAL ORAL FLUIDS ANALYSIS" MEANS THE ON-
- 24 SITE TAKING AND ANALYSIS BY IMMUNOCHEMICAL ASSAY OF THE ORAL FLUIDS
- 25 OF A PERSON FOR THE PURPOSE OF DETECTING THE PRESENCE OF CONTROLLED
- 26 SUBSTANCES WITHIN THE PERSON'S BODY.
- 27 (I) (h)—"Probate court or family division disposition" means

- 1 the entry of a probate court order of disposition or family
- 2 division order of disposition for a child found to be within the
- 3 provisions of chapter XIIA of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA
- 4 288, MCL 712A.1 to 712A.32.
- 5 (J) (i) "Prosecuting attorney", except as the context requires
- 6 otherwise, means the attorney general, the prosecuting attorney of
- 7 a county, or the attorney representing a political subdivision of
- 8 government.
- 9 (K) (j) "Regatta", "boat race", "marine parade", "tournament",
- 10 or "exhibition" means an organized water event of limited duration
- 11 that is conducted according to a prearranged schedule.
- 12 (l) (k) "Slow-no wake speed" means a very slow speed whereby
- 13 the wake or wash created by the vessel would be minimal.
- 14 (M) (l)—"Starboard" means right, and reference is to the
- 15 starboard side of a vessel or to the right side of the vessel.
- 16 (N) (m) "State aid" means payment made by the state to a
- 17 county for the conduct of a marine safety program.
- 18 (O) (n) "Undocumented vessel" means a vessel that does not
- 19 have, and is not required to have, a valid marine document issued
- 20 by the United States coast guard or federal agency successor to the
- 21 United States coast quard.
- (P) (o) "Uniform inspection decal" means an adhesive-backed
- 23 sticker created by the department that is color-coded to indicate
- 24 the year that it expires and is attached to a vessel in the manner
- 25 prescribed for decals in section 80122 when a peace officer
- 26 inspects and determines that the vessel complies with this part.
- **27** (Q) (p) "Use" means operate, navigate, or employ.

- 1 (R) $\frac{(q)}{(q)}$ "Vessel" means every description of watercraft used or
- 2 capable of being used as a means of transportation on water.
- 3 (S) (r) "Waters of this state" means any waters within the
- 4 territorial limits of this state, and includes those waters of the
- 5 Great Lakes that are under the jurisdiction of this state.
- 6 (T) (s) "Waterways account" means the waterways account of the
- 7 Michigan conservation and recreation legacy fund provided for in
- **8** section 2035.
- 9 Sec. 80180. (1) A peace officer, without a warrant, may arrest
- 10 a person if the peace officer has reasonable cause to believe that
- 11 the person was, at the time of an accident, the operator of a
- 12 vessel involved in the accident in this state while in violation of
- 13 section 80176(1), (3), (4), or (5) or a local ordinance
- 14 substantially corresponding to section 80176(1) or (3).
- 15 (2) A peace officer who has reasonable cause to believe that a
- 16 person was operating a vessel on the waters of this state, and
- 17 that, by the consumption of intoxicating liquor OR A CONTROLLED
- 18 SUBSTANCE, OR BOTH, the person may have affected his or her ability
- 19 to operate a vessel, may require the person to submit to a
- 20 preliminary chemical breath analysis. The following apply with
- 21 respect to a preliminary chemical breath—analysis:
- 22 (a) Only a peace officer who has successfully completed a
- 23 training course taught by a state-certified instructor in the
- 24 administration of the preliminary chemical breath analysis may
- 25 administer that test.
- 26 (b) A peace officer may arrest a person based in whole or in
- 27 part upon the results of a preliminary chemical breath—analysis.

- 1 (c) The SUBJECT TO ADMISSIBILITY UNDER THE MICHIGAN RULES OF
- 2 EVIDENCE, THE results of a preliminary chemical breath analysis are
- 3 admissible in a criminal prosecution for a crime described in
- 4 section 80187(1) or in an administrative hearing solely to assist
- 5 the court or hearing officer in determining a challenge to the
- 6 validity of an arrest. This subdivision does not limit the
- 7 introduction of other competent evidence offered to establish the
- 8 validity of an arrest.
- 9 (D) THE RESULTS OF A PRELIMINARY CHEMICAL ANALYSIS ARE
- 10 ADMISSIBLE AS EVIDENCE FOR PURPOSES OTHER THAN THE PURPOSES LISTED
- 11 UNDER SUBDIVISION (C) ONLY IF THE RESULTS OF THE PRELIMINARY
- 12 CHEMICAL TEST ARE CONFIRMED BY LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY WITH MASS
- 13 SPECTROMETRY X 2 IN A LABORATORY APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF
- 14 STATE POLICE.
- 15 (E) (d)—A person who submits to a preliminary chemical breath
- 16 analysis remains subject to the requirements of sections 80187 to
- 17 80190 for the purposes of chemical tests described in those
- 18 sections.
- 19 (F) (e)—A person who refuses to submit to a preliminary
- 20 chemical breath—analysis upon a lawful request by a peace officer
- 21 is responsible for a state civil infraction and may be ordered to
- 22 pay a civil fine of not more than \$500.00.
- 23 (3) A peace officer making an arrest under this part shall
- 24 take measures to assure that the vessel and its occupants are
- 25 safely returned to shore.
- 26 (4) If, not more than 60 days after the issuance of a citation
- 27 for a state civil infraction under this section, the person to whom

- 1 the citation is issued is not charged with a violation of section
- **2** 80176(1), (3), (4), or (5) or a local ordinance substantially
- 3 corresponding to section 80176(1) or (3), the citation issued for
- 4 the state civil infraction is void. Upon application of the person
- 5 to whom the citation is issued, money paid by the person as a fine,
- 6 costs, or otherwise shall be immediately returned.
- 7 Sec. 80181. (1) The following apply with respect to a chemical
- 8 test and analysis of a person's blood, urine, or breath, other than
- 9 a preliminary chemical breath analysis:
- (a) The amount of alcohol or presence of a controlled
- 11 substance, or both, in an operator's blood at the time alleged as
- 12 shown by chemical analysis of the person's blood, urine, or breath
- 13 is admissible into evidence in any civil or criminal proceeding.
- 14 (b) A person arrested for a crime described in section
- 15 80187(1) shall be advised of all of the following:
- 16 (i) That if the person takes a chemical test of his or her
- 17 blood, urine, or breath administered at the request of a peace
- 18 officer, the person has the right to demand that someone of the
- 19 person's own choosing administer 1 of the chemical tests; that the
- 20 results of the test are admissible in a judicial proceeding as
- 21 provided under this part and shall be considered with other
- 22 competent evidence in determining the innocence or guilt of the
- 23 defendant; and that the person is responsible for obtaining a
- 24 chemical analysis of a test sample obtained pursuant to the
- 25 person's own request.
- (ii) That if the person refuses the request of a peace officer
- 27 to take a test described in subparagraph (i), the test shall not be

- 1 given without a court order, but the peace officer may seek to
- 2 obtain such a court order.
- (iii) That the person's refusal of the request of a peace
- 4 officer to take a test described in subparagraph (i) will result in
- 5 issuance of an order that the person not operate a vessel on the
- 6 waters of this state for at least 6 months.
- 7 (2) A sample or specimen of urine or breath shall be taken and
- 8 collected in a reasonable manner. Only a licensed physician, or a
- 9 licensed nurse or medical technician under the direction of a
- 10 licensed physician, qualified to withdraw blood and acting in a
- 11 medical environment, may withdraw blood at the request of a peace
- 12 officer for the purpose of determining the amount of alcohol or
- 13 presence of a controlled substance, or both, in a person's blood,
- 14 as provided in this subsection. A qualified person who withdraws or
- 15 analyzes blood, or assists in the withdrawal or analysis, in
- 16 accordance with this part is not liable for a crime or civil
- 17 damages predicated on the act of withdrawing or analyzing blood and
- 18 related procedures unless the withdrawal or analysis is performed
- 19 in a negligent manner.
- 20 (3) A rule relating to a chemical test for alcohol or a
- 21 controlled substance promulgated under the Michigan vehicle code,
- 22 Act No. 300 of the Public Acts of 1949, being sections 257.1 to
- 23 257.923 of the Michigan Compiled Laws 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.1 TO
- 24 257.923, applies to a chemical test administered under this part.
- 25 Sec. 81141. (1) A peace officer who has reasonable cause to
- 26 believe that a person was operating an ORV and that the person by
- 27 the consumption of intoxicating liquor OR A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE,

- 1 OR BOTH, may have affected his or her ability to operate the ORV,
- 2 may require the person to submit to a preliminary chemical breath
- 3 analysis.
- 4 (2) A peace officer may arrest a person based in whole or in
- 5 part upon the results of a preliminary chemical breath analysis.
- 6 (3) The SUBJECT TO ADMISSIBILITY UNDER THE MICHIGAN RULES OF
- 7 EVIDENCE, THE results of a preliminary chemical breath analysis
- 8 shall be admissible in a criminal prosecution for a crime
- 9 enumerated in section 81136(1) or in an administrative hearing held
- 10 under section 81140, solely to assist the court or hearing officer
- 11 in determining a challenge to the validity of an arrest. This
- 12 subsection does not limit the introduction of other competent
- 13 evidence offered to establish the validity of an arrest. THE
- 14 RESULTS OF A PRELIMINARY CHEMICAL ANALYSIS ARE ADMISSIBLE AS
- 15 EVIDENCE FOR PURPOSES OTHER THAN THE PURPOSES LISTED UNDER THIS
- 16 SUBSECTION ONLY IF THE RESULTS OF THE PRELIMINARY CHEMICAL TEST ARE
- 17 CONFIRMED BY LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY WITH MASS SPECTROMETRY X 2 IN A
- 18 LABORATORY APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE POLICE.
- 19 (4) A person who submits to a preliminary chemical breath
- 20 analysis shall remain subject to the requirements of sections
- 21 81136, 81137, 81138, 81139, and 81140 for the purposes of chemical
- 22 tests described in those sections.
- 23 (5) A person who refuses to submit to a preliminary chemical
- 24 breath analysis upon a lawful request by a peace officer is
- 25 responsible for a state civil infraction and may be ordered to pay
- 26 a civil fine of not more than \$100.00.
- 27 Sec. 82136. (1) A peace officer, without a warrant, may arrest

- 1 a person if the peace officer has reasonable cause to believe that
- 2 the person was, at the time of an accident, the operator of a
- 3 snowmobile involved in the accident in this state while in
- 4 violation of section 82127(1), (3), (4), or (5) or a local
- 5 ordinance substantially corresponding to section 82127(1) or (3).
- 6 (2) A peace officer who has reasonable cause to believe that a
- 7 person was operating a snowmobile and that, by the consumption of
- 8 intoxicating liquor OR A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, OR BOTH, the person
- 9 may have affected his or her ability to operate a snowmobile may
- 10 require the person to submit to a preliminary chemical breath
- 11 analysis. The following apply with respect to a preliminary
- 12 chemical breath analysis:
- 13 (a) A peace officer may arrest a person based in whole or in
- 14 part upon the results of a preliminary chemical breath analysis.
- 15 (b) The SUBJECT TO ADMISSIBILITY UNDER THE MICHIGAN RULES OF
- 16 EVIDENCE, THE results of a preliminary chemical breath analysis are
- 17 admissible in a criminal prosecution for a crime enumerated in
- 18 section 82143(1) or in an administrative hearing solely to assist
- 19 the court or hearing officer in determining a challenge to the
- 20 validity of an arrest. This subdivision does not limit the
- 21 introduction of other competent evidence offered to establish the
- 22 validity of an arrest.
- 23 (C) THE RESULTS OF A PRELIMINARY CHEMICAL ANALYSIS ARE
- 24 ADMISSIBLE AS EVIDENCE FOR PURPOSES OTHER THAN THE PURPOSES LISTED
- 25 UNDER SUBDIVISION (B) ONLY IF THE RESULTS OF THE PRELIMINARY
- 26 CHEMICAL TEST ARE CONFIRMED BY LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY WITH MASS
- 27 SPECTROMETRY X 2 IN A LABORATORY APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF

1 STATE POLICE.

- 2 (D) (c)A person who submits to a preliminary chemical breath
- 3 analysis remains subject to the requirements of sections 82143 to
- 4 82146 for the purposes of chemical tests described in those
- 5 sections.
- 6 (E) (d) A person who refuses to submit to a preliminary
- 7 chemical breath analysis upon a lawful request by a peace officer
- 8 is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 9 Sec. 82137. (1) The following apply with respect to a chemical
- 10 test and analysis of a person's blood, urine, or breath, other than
- 11 a preliminary chemical breath analysis:
- 12 (a) The amount of alcohol or presence of a controlled
- 13 substance, or both, in an operator's blood at the time alleged as
- 14 shown by chemical analysis of the person's blood, urine, or breath
- 15 is admissible into evidence in any civil or criminal proceeding.
- 16 (b) A person arrested for a crime described in section
- 17 82143(1) shall be advised of all of the following:
- 18 (i) That if the person takes a chemical test of his or her
- 19 blood, urine, or breath administered at the request of a peace
- 20 officer, the person has the right to demand that someone of the
- 21 person's own choosing administer 1 of the chemical tests; that the
- 22 results of the test are admissible in a judicial proceeding as
- 23 provided under this part and shall be considered with other
- 24 competent evidence in determining the innocence or guilt of the
- 25 defendant; and that the person is responsible for obtaining a
- 26 chemical analysis of a test sample obtained pursuant to the
- 27 person's own request.

- 1 (ii) That if the person refuses the request of a peace officer
- 2 to take a test described in subparagraph (i), the test shall not be
- 3 given without a court order, but the peace officer may seek to
- 4 obtain such a court order.
- 5 (iii) That the person's refusal of the request of a peace
- 6 officer to take a test described in subparagraph (i) will result in
- 7 issuance of an order that the person not operate a snowmobile.
- 8 (2) A sample or specimen of urine or breath shall be taken and
- 9 collected in a reasonable manner. Only a licensed physician, or a
- 10 licensed nurse or medical technician under the direction of a
- 11 licensed physician, qualified to withdraw blood and acting in a
- 12 medical environment, may withdraw blood at the request of a peace
- 13 officer for the purpose of determining the amount of alcohol or
- 14 presence of a controlled substance, or both, in a person's blood,
- 15 as provided in this subsection. A qualified person who withdraws or
- 16 analyzes blood, or assists in the withdrawal or analysis, in
- 17 accordance with this part is not liable for a crime or civil
- 18 damages predicated on the act of withdrawing or analyzing blood and
- 19 related procedures unless the withdrawal or analysis is performed
- 20 in a negligent manner.
- 21 (3) A rule relating to a chemical test for alcohol or a
- 22 controlled substance promulgated under the Michigan vehicle code,
- 23 Act No. 300 of the Public Acts of 1949, being sections 257.1 to
- 24 257.923 of the Michigan Compiled Laws 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.1 TO
- 25 257.923, applies to a chemical test administered under this part.

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