



Telephone: (517) 373-5383

Fax: (517) 373-1986

Senate Bill 511 (as reported by the Committee of the Whole)

Senate Bill 512 (Substitute S-1 as reported) Sponsor: Senator Peter MacGregor (S.B. 511)

Senator Ken Horn (S.B. 512)

Committee: Finance

CONTENT

<u>Senate Bill 511</u> would create the "Michigan First-Time Home Buyer Savings Program Act" to do the following:

- -- Require the Department of Treasury to establish the First-Time Home Buyer Savings Program.
- -- Allow an individual, beginning January 1, 2018, to open an account with a financial institution and designate the account as a first-time home buyer savings account to be used to pay or reimburse a beneficiary's eligible costs for the purchase of a single-family residence in the State.
- -- Specify that contributions to and interest earned on a first-time home buyer savings account, as well as qualified withdrawals made from the account, would be exempt from taxation under the Income Tax Act.
- -- Limit the maximum account balance of a first-time home buyer savings account to \$50,000, subject to an earnings exception.
- -- Specify that, subject to certain exceptions, funds withdrawn from an account for any purpose other than the payment of eligible costs would be subject to a penalty equal to 10% of the amount withdrawn.
- -- Specify what a financial institution would not be responsible or liable for, regarding first-time home buyer savings accounts.
- -- Require the Department to prepare forms for certain account-related items to be filed with an income tax return.
- -- Allow the State Treasurer to promulgate rules to implement the Program.
- -- Allow the Department to prepare and distribute informational materials on the Michigan First-Time Home Buyer Savings Program to financial institutions and potential home buyers to publicize the availability of the Program.

<u>Senate Bill 512 (S-1)</u> would amend the Income Tax Act to allow a deduction each tax year, to the extent not deducted in determining adjusted gross income, of up to \$5,000 for a single return and \$10,000 for a joint return for contributions to a first-time home buyer savings account for up to 20 tax years; and allow a deduction, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, for qualified withdrawals from an account.

MCL 206.30 (S.B. 512)

Legislative Analyst: Drew Krogulecki

FISCAL IMPACT

The bills would reduce revenue to both the State General Fund and the State School Aid Fund by approximately \$800,000 to \$1.9 million per year, although the actual amount would

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depend on actual contributions and participation rates. Approximately 23.8% of any revenue reduction would lower School Aid Fund revenue, with the remaining impact lowering General Fund revenue. The maximum potential revenue loss under the bills is much greater.

The most important variables in estimating the impact of the bills are the participation rate and the average annual contribution to the accounts. The bills would be more generous than similar proposals introduced or adopted in other states, suggesting that participation might be higher than estimated in other states. However, Michigan already has the fourth-highest homeownership rate in the United States, which could suggest that participation would be either greater (because homeownership is a higher priority with the population) or less (because people, comparatively, are purchasing or owning homes at a higher rate already, suggesting that less assistance, like that proposed by the bills, is needed). Similarly, Michigan's marginal tax rate is approximately half to two-thirds of the tax rate in other states with similar proposals, meaning that the bills would provide less tax relief than other states do.

Data from the Michigan Association of Realtors indicate that 136,177 homes were sold in Michigan in 2016, and national figures indicate that first-time buyers represent 38% of purchasers. If contributions deductible under the bills averaged \$5,500, and 8,000 individuals claimed the deduction, the bills would reduce revenue by \$1.9 million per year. In 2016, the average sale price totaled approximately \$154,000. If 50% of first-time homebuyers saved an average of five years to accumulate enough money in the account to make a 10% down payment on a mortgage for an average-priced home, the bills would reduce revenue by approximately \$16.9 million per year; illustrating the degree to which the fiscal impact of the bills could vary based on participation rates and average contributions.

The bills would result in additional administrative costs to the Department of Treasury. The Department could incur additional administrative expenses from administering the program, processing additional information on income tax returns, and marketing the program. These expenses could be minimal and within current appropriations, though a more accurate estimate is not currently available.

Date Completed: 12-13-17 Fiscal Analyst: Cory Savino

David Zin

This analysis was prepared by nonpartisan Senate staff for use by the Senate in its deliberations and does not constitute an official statement of legislative intent.

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