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SENATE BILL No. 435

June 7, 2017, Introduced by Senator SCHUITMAKER and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A bill to amend 1961 PA 236, entitled "Revised judicature act of 1961," by amending sections 1062 and 1084 (MCL 600.1062 and 600.1084), section 1062 as amended by 2010 PA 177 and section 1084 as amended by 2013 PA 227.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

Sec. 1062. (1) The circuit court in any judicial circuit or 2 the district court in any judicial district may adopt or institute 3 a drug treatment court, pursuant to statute or court rules. However, if the drug treatment court will include in its program individuals who may be eligible for discharge and dismissal of an 5 6 offense, delayed sentence, or deviation from the sentencing guidelines, the circuit or district court shall not adopt or institute the drug treatment court unless the circuit or district

court enters into a memorandum of understanding with each

- 1 participating prosecuting attorney in the circuit or district court
- 2 district, a representative of the criminal defense bar, and a
- 3 representative or representatives of community treatment providers.
- 4 The memorandum of understanding also may include other parties
- 5 considered necessary, such as any other prosecutor in the circuit
- 6 or district court district, local law enforcement, the probation
- 7 departments in that circuit or district, the local substance abuse
- 8 coordinating agency for that circuit or district, a domestic
- 9 violence service provider program that receives funding from the
- 10 state domestic violence prevention and treatment board, and
- 11 community corrections agencies in that circuit or district. The
- 12 memorandum of understanding shall MUST describe the role of each
- 13 party.
- 14 (2) The family division of circuit court in any judicial
- 15 circuit may adopt or institute a juvenile drug treatment court,
- 16 pursuant to statute or court rules. However, if the drug treatment
- 17 court will include in its program individuals who may be eligible
- 18 for discharge or dismissal of an offense, or a delayed sentence,
- 19 the family division of circuit court shall not adopt or institute a
- 20 juvenile drug treatment court unless the family division of circuit
- 21 court enters into a memorandum of understanding with each
- 22 participating county prosecuting attorney in the circuit or
- 23 district court district, a representative of the criminal defense
- 24 bar specializing in juvenile law, and a representative or
- 25 representatives of community treatment providers. The memorandum of
- 26 understanding also may include other parties considered necessary,
- 27 such as any other prosecutor in the circuit or district court

- 1 district, local law enforcement, the probation departments in that
- 2 circuit, the local substance abuse coordinating agency for that
- 3 circuit, a domestic violence service provider program that receives
- 4 funding from the state domestic violence prevention and treatment
- 5 board, and community corrections agencies in that circuit. The
- 6 memorandum of understanding shall-MUST describe the role of each
- 7 party. A juvenile drug treatment court is subject to the same
- 8 procedures and requirements provided in this chapter for drug
- 9 treatment courts created under subsection (1), except as
- 10 specifically provided otherwise in this chapter.
- 11 (3) A court that is adopting a drug treatment court shall
- 12 participate in training as required by the state court
- 13 administrative office and the bureau of justice assistance BUREAU
- 14 OF JUSTICE ASSISTANCE of the United States department of
- 15 justice. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.
- 16 (4) A court that has adopted a drug treatment court pursuant
- 17 to-UNDER this section may accept participants from any other
- 18 jurisdiction in this state based upon either the residence of the
- 19 participant in the receiving jurisdiction or the unavailability of
- 20 a drug treatment court in the jurisdiction where the participant is
- 21 charged. The transfer is not valid unless it is agreed to by all of
- 22 the following:
- 23 (a) The defendant or respondent.
- 24 (b) The attorney representing the defendant or respondent.
- 25 (c) The judge of the transferring court and the prosecutor of
- 26 the case.
- 27 (d) The judge of the receiving drug treatment court and the

- 1 prosecutor of a court funding unit of the drug treatment court.
- 2 (5) BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 2018, A DRUG TREATMENT COURT
- 3 OPERATING IN THIS STATE, OR A CIRCUIT COURT IN ANY JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
- 4 OR THE DISTRICT COURT IN ANY JUDICIAL DISTRICT SEEKING TO ADOPT OR
- 5 INSTITUTE A DRUG TREATMENT COURT, MUST BE CERTIFIED BY THE STATE
- 6 COURT ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE. THE STATE COURT ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE
- 7 SHALL ESTABLISH THE PROCEDURE FOR CERTIFICATION. APPROVAL AND
- 8 CERTIFICATION UNDER THIS SUBSECTION OF A DRUG TREATMENT COURT BY
- 9 THE STATE COURT ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE IS REQUIRED TO BEGIN OR TO
- 10 CONTINUE THE OPERATION OF A DRUG TREATMENT COURT UNDER THIS
- 11 CHAPTER. THE STATE COURT ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE SHALL NOT RECOGNIZE
- 12 AND INCLUDE A DRUG TREATMENT COURT THAT IS NOT CERTIFIED UNDER THIS
- 13 SUBSECTION ON THE STATEWIDE OFFICIAL LIST OF DRUG TREATMENT COURTS.
- 14 THE STATE COURT ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE SHALL INCLUDE A DRUG
- 15 TREATMENT COURT CERTIFIED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION ON THE STATEWIDE
- 16 OFFICIAL LIST OF DRUG TREATMENT COURTS. A DRUG TREATMENT COURT THAT
- 17 IS NOT CERTIFIED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL NOT PERFORM ANY OF THE
- 18 FUNCTIONS OF A DRUG TREATMENT COURT, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO,
- 19 DOING ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 20 (A) CHARGING A FEE UNDER SECTION 1070.
- 21 (B) DISCHARGING AND DISMISSING A CASE AS PROVIDED IN SECTION
- 22 1076.
- 23 (C) RECEIVING FUNDING UNDER SECTION 1080.
- 24 (D) CERTIFYING TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE THAT AN INDIVIDUAL IS
- 25 ELIGIBLE TO RECEIVE A RESTRICTED LICENSE UNDER SECTION 1084 OF THIS
- 26 ACT AND SECTION 304 OF THE MICHIGAN VEHICLE CODE, 1949 PA 300, MCL
- 27 257.304.

- 1 Sec. 1084. (1) A DWI/sobriety court interlock pilot project is
- 2 created utilizing the DWI/sobriety courts in this state and in
- 3 accordance with the provisions of this chapter. The DWI/sobriety
- 4 court interlock pilot project shall begin on January 1, 2011 and
- 5 shall continue for a period of 4 years after that date. Beginning
- 6 January 1, 2015, the THE DWI/sobriety court interlock program shall
- 7 be IS created and shall continue with the same requirements,
- 8 eligibility criteria, authority, and limitations as those
- 9 prescribed in this section for the DWI/sobriety court interlock
- 10 pilot project. An individual who is a participant in a DWI/sobriety
- 11 court interlock pilot project on December 31, 2014 shall become,
- 12 automatically, a participant in a DWI/sobriety court interlock
- 13 program on January 1, 2015, unless the individual's participation
- 14 in the pilot project ceased by its own terms before January 1,
- 15 $\frac{2015}{100}$. UNDER THIS SECTION.
- 16 (2) All DWI/sobriety courts that participate in the pilot
- 17 project or program shall comply with the 10 guiding principles of
- 18 DWI courts as promulgated by the national center NATIONAL CENTER
- 19 for DWI courts. COURTS.
- 20 (3) BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 2018, A DWI/SOBRIETY COURT OPERATING
- 21 IN THIS STATE, OR A CIRCUIT COURT IN ANY JUDICIAL CIRCUIT OR THE
- 22 DISTRICT COURT IN ANY JUDICIAL DISTRICT SEEKING TO ADOPT OR
- 23 INSTITUTE A DWI/SOBRIETY COURT, MUST BE CERTIFIED BY THE STATE
- 24 COURT ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE IN THE SAME MANNER AS REQUIRED FOR A
- 25 DRUG TREATMENT COURT UNDER SECTION 1062(5). A DWI/SOBRIETY COURT
- 26 SHALL NOT PERFORM ANY OF THE FUNCTIONS OF A DWI/SOBRIETY COURT,
- 27 INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE FUNCTIONS OF A DRUG TREATMENT

- 1 COURT DESCRIBED IN SECTION 1062(5) AFTER JANUARY 1, 2018 UNLESS THE
- 2 COURT HAS BEEN CERTIFIED BY THE STATE COURT ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE
- 3 AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 1062(5).
- 4 (4) (3)—In order to be considered for placement in the pilot
- 5 project or program, an individual must have been convicted of
- 6 either of the following:
- 7 (a) Two or more convictions for violating section 625(1) or
- 8 (3) of the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.625, or a
- 9 local ordinance of this state substantially corresponding to
- 10 section 625(1) or (3) of the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300,
- **11** MCL 257.625.
- 12 (b) One conviction for violating section 625(1) or (3) of the
- 13 Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.625, or a local
- 14 ordinance of this state substantially corresponding to section
- 15 625(1) or (3) of the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL
- 16 257.625, preceded by 1 or more convictions for violating a local
- 17 ordinance or law of another state substantially corresponding to
- 18 section 625(1), (3), or (6) of the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA
- 19 300, MCL 257.625, or a law of the United States substantially
- 20 corresponding to section 625(1), (3), or (6) of the Michigan
- 21 vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.625.
- 22 (5) (4)—Each year, all DWI/sobriety courts that participate in
- 23 the pilot project or program, in cooperation with the state court
- 24 administrative office, shall provide to the legislature, the
- 25 secretary of state, and the supreme court documentation as to
- 26 participants' compliance with court ordered conditions. Best
- 27 practices available shall MUST be used in the research in question,

- 1 as resources allow, so as to provide statistically reliable data as
- 2 to the impact of the pilot project or program on public safety and
- 3 the improvement of life conditions for participants. The topics
- 4 documented shall MUST include, but not be limited to, all of the
- 5 following:
- 6 (a) The percentage of those participants ordered to place
- 7 interlock devices on their vehicles who actually comply with the
- 8 order.
- 9 (b) The percentage of participants who remove court-ordered
- 10 interlocks from their vehicles without court approval.
- 11 (c) The percentage of participants who consume alcohol or
- 12 controlled substances.
- 13 (d) The percentage of participants found to have tampered with
- 14 court-ordered interlocks.
- 15 (e) The percentage of participants who operated a motor
- 16 vehicle not equipped with an interlock.
- 17 (f) Relevant treatment information as to participants.
- 18 (g) The percentage of participants convicted of a new offense
- 19 under section 625(1) or (3) of the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA
- **20** 300, MCL 257.625.
- 21 (h) Any other information found to be relevant.
- 22 (6) (5)—Before the secretary of state issues a restricted
- 23 license to a pilot project or program participant under section 304
- 24 of the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.304, the
- 25 DWI/sobriety court judge shall certify to the secretary of state
- 26 that the individual seeking the restricted license has been
- 27 admitted into the pilot project or program and that an interlock

- 1 device has been placed on each motor vehicle owned or operated, or
- 2 both, by the individual.
- 3 (7) (6) If any of the following occur, the DWI/sobriety court
- 4 judge shall immediately inform the secretary of state of that
- **5** occurrence:
- 6 (a) The court orders that a pilot project or program
- 7 participant be removed from the DWI/sobriety court pilot project or
- 8 program before he or she successfully completes it.
- 9 (b) The court becomes aware that a PROGRAM participant
- 10 operates a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an interlock
- 11 device or that a PROGRAM participant tampers with, circumvents, or
- 12 removes a court-ordered interlock device without prior court
- 13 approval.
- 14 (c) A PROGRAM participant is charged with a new violation of
- 15 section 625 of the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.625.
- 16 (8) (7) The receipt of notification by the secretary of state
- 17 under subsection (6) shall (7) MUST result in summary revocation or
- 18 suspension of the restricted license under section 304 of the
- 19 Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.304.
- 20 (9) $\frac{(8)}{}$ As used in this section:
- 21 (a) "DWI/sobriety courts" COURT" means the specialized court
- 22 docket and programs established within judicial circuits and
- 23 districts throughout this state that are designed to reduce
- 24 recidivism among alcohol offenders and that comply with the 10
- 25 guiding principles of DWI courts as promulgated by the national
- 26 center for DWI courts.
- 27 (b) "Ignition interlock device" means that term as defined in

- section 20d of the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.20d.

 (c) "Pilot project" means the DWI/sobriety court interlock
- pilot project created under subsection (1) on September 2, 2010 and
 authorized to operate for 4 years beginning January 1, 2011.
- 5 (C) (d)—"Program" means the DWI/sobriety court interlock
- 6 program created on the effective date of the amendatory act that
- 7 added this subdivision and authorized to operate beginning January
- 8 $\frac{1}{2015}$. UNDER THIS SECTION.
- 9 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect 90 days
 10 after the date it is enacted into law.
- 11 Enacting section 2. This amendatory act does not take effect
- 12 unless all of the following bills of the 99th Legislature are
- 13 enacted into law:
- 14 (a) Senate Bill No. 436.

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16 (b) Senate Bill No. 437.

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18 (c) Senate Bill No. 438.

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