HOUSE BILL NO. 6037

August 06, 2020, Introduced by Reps. Warren, Filler, Huizenga and Kahle and referred to the Committee on Energy.

A bill to authorize local units of government to adopt voluntary property assessment programs and to create districts to enable owners of noncommercial, nonindustrial real property to access financing for environmental hazard, water usage improvement, energy efficiency improvement, and renewable energy projects; to provide for the financing of the programs through certain state funds, investments, and other means; to authorize local units of government to issue bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness; to authorize local units of government to advance





money made available from certain state funds and other sources; to authorize certain fees; to prescribe the powers and duties of certain governmental officers and entities; and to provide for remedies.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

1 Sec. 1. As used in this act,

5

6

7

8

- (a) "Anaerobic digester" means a device for optimizing the
 anaerobic digestion of biomass for the purpose of recovering
 biofuel for energy production.
 - (b) "Anaerobic digester energy system" means an anaerobic digester and the devices used to generate electricity or heat from biogas produced by the anaerobic digester or to store the biogas for the future generation of electricity or heat.
- 9 (c) "District" means a district created under a property
 10 assessment program by a local unit of government that lies within
 11 the local unit of government's jurisdictional boundaries. A local
 12 unit of government may create more than 1 district under the
 13 program, and districts may be separate, overlapping, or
 14 coterminous.
- 15 (d) "Energy efficiency improvement" means equipment, devices,
 16 or materials intended to decrease energy consumption, including,
 17 but not limited to, all of the following:
- 18 (i) Insulation in walls, roofs, floors, foundations, or heating19 and cooling distribution systems.
- 20 (ii) Storm windows and doors; multi-glazed windows and doors;
 21 heat-absorbing or heat-reflective glazed and coated window and door
 22 systems; and additional glazing, reductions in glass area, and
 23 other window and door system modifications that reduce energy
 24 consumption.



- 1 (iii) Automated energy control systems.
- 2 (iv) Heating, ventilating, or air-conditioning and distribution 3 system modifications or replacements.
- 4 (v) Caulking, weather-stripping, and air sealing.
- 5 (vi) Replacement or modification of lighting fixtures to reduce6 the energy use of the lighting system.
 - (vii) Energy recovery systems.
- 8 (viii) Day lighting systems.
- 9 (ix) Installation or upgrade of electrical wiring or outlets to
 10 charge a motor vehicle that is fully or partially powered by
 11 electricity.
- (x) Any other installation or modification of equipment,
 devices, or materials identified as increasing energy efficiency or
 reducing emissions by the United States Department of Energy, the
 Environmental Protection Agency, or similar entity.
- 20 (f) "Environmental hazard project" means equipment, devices,
 21 or materials intended to address environmental hazards, including,
 22 but not limited to, measures to do any of the following:
- (i) Mitigate lead, heavy metal, or PFAS contamination inpotable water systems.
- 25 (ii) Mitigate the effects of floods or drought.
- 26 (iii) Mitigate the effects of wildfires.
- (iv) Increase the resistance of property against severe
- 28 weather.

7



- (v) Mitigate lead paint contamination in housing built before
 1978.
- $\mathbf{3}$ (vi) Mitigate the presence of microorganisms such as bacteria, $\mathbf{4}$ viruses, and molds.
- (g) "Governing body" means the county board of commissioners
 of a county, the township board of a township, or the council or
 other similar elected legislative body of a city or village.
- 8 (h) "Local unit of government" means a county, township, city,9 or village.
- 10 (i) "New construction energy project" means an energy project
 11 to which either of the following applies:
- (i) It occurs at a newly constructed building or other structure.
- 14 (ii) It consists of significant modifications to an existing15 building or other structure.
- (j) "Person" means an individual, firm, partnership,
 association, corporation, mission-based organization,
 unincorporated joint venture, or trust, organized, permitted, or
 existing under the laws of this state or any other state, including
 a federal corporation, or a combination thereof. However, person
 does not include a local unit of government.
- (k) "Project" means an environmental hazard project, an energy
 efficiency improvement, installation of a renewable energy system,
 or a water usage improvement.
- (1) "Property" means privately owned noncommercial,nonindustrial real property located within the local unit ofgovernment.
- (m) "Property assessment program" or "program" means a programas described in section 2(2).



- (n) "Record owner" means the person or persons possessed of
 the most recent fee title or land contract vendee's interest in
 property as shown by the records of the county register of deeds.
- (o) "Renewable energy resource" means a resource that
- 5 naturally replenishes over a human, not a geological, time frame,
- 6 that is ultimately derived from solar power, water power, or wind
- 7 power. Renewable energy resource does not include petroleum,
- 8 nuclear, natural gas, or coal. A renewable energy resource comes
- 9 from the sun or from thermal inertia of the earth and minimizes the
- 10 output of toxic material in the conversion of the energy and
- 11 includes, but is not limited to, all of the following:
- 12 (i) Biomass.
- 13 (ii) Solar and solar thermal energy.
- 14 (iii) Wind energy.
- 15 (iv) Geothermal energy.
- 16 (v) Energy storage.
- 17 (vi) Methane gas captured from a landfill.
- 18 (p) "Renewable energy system" means a fixture, product,
- 19 device, or interacting group of fixtures, products, or devices on
- 20 the customer's side of the meter that uses 1 or more renewable
- 21 energy resources to generate electricity. Renewable energy system
- 22 includes a biomass stove but does not include an incinerator or
- 23 digester.
- 24 (q) "State drinking water revolving fund" means that fund as
- 25 established under section 16b of the shared credit rating act, 1985
- **26** PA 227, MCL 141.1066b.
- (r) "State water pollution control revolving fund" means that
- 28 fund as established under section 16a of the shared credit rating
- 29 act, 1985 PA 227, MCL 141.1066a.



- (s) "Water usage improvement" means a measure to reduce the
 usage of water or increase the efficiency of water usage.
- Sec. 2. (1) Pursuant to the procedures provided in section 3, 4 a local unit of government may establish a property assessment 5 program and may, from time to time, create a district or districts 6 under the program.
- 7 (2) Under a program, the local unit of government may enter 8 into a contract with the record owner of property within a district 9 to finance or refinance 1 or more projects on the property. The 10 contract may provide for the repayment of the cost of a project 11 through assessments on the property benefited. The financing or 12 refinancing may include the cost of materials and labor necessary 13 for installation and of permit fees, inspection fees, application 14 and administrative fees, bank fees, and all other fees that may be 15 incurred by the record owner pursuant to the installation on a 16 specific or pro rata basis, as determined by the local unit of 17 government.
- Sec. 3. (1) To establish a property assessment program, the governing body of a local unit of government shall take the following actions in the following order:
- (a) Adopt a resolution of intent that includes all of thefollowing:
- (i) A finding that the financing of projects is a valid public purpose.
- (ii) A statement of intent to provide funds for projects, which
 may be repaid by assessments on the property benefited, with the
 agreement of the record owners.
- (iii) A description of the proposed arrangements for financingthe program.



- 1 (iv) The types of projects that may be financed.
- 2 (ν) Reference to a report on the proposed program as described 3 in section 4(1) and a location where the report is available
- 4 pursuant to section 4(2).
- $\mathbf{5}$ (vi) The time and place for a public hearing on the proposed $\mathbf{6}$ program.
- 7 (b) Hold a public hearing at which the public may comment on 8 the proposed program, including the report required by subdivision 9 (a) (v).
- 10 (c) Adopt a resolution establishing the program and setting
 11 forth its terms and conditions, including all of the following:
- (i) Matters required by section 4 to be included in the report.
 For this purpose, the resolution may incorporate the report or an
 amended version of the report by reference.
- (ii) A description of aspects of the program that may be
 amended without a new public hearing and aspects that may be
 amended only after a new public hearing is held.
- (2) A property assessment program may be amended by resolution
 of the governing body. Adoption of the resolution shall be preceded
 by a public hearing if required pursuant to subsection (1)(c).
- Sec. 4. (1) The report required under section 3 on the proposed property assessment program shall include all of the following:
- (a) A form of contract between the local unit of government
 and the record owner governing the terms and conditions of
 financing and assessment under the program.
- (b) Identification of an official authorized to enter into aprogram contract on behalf of the local unit of government.
- 29 (c) An application process and eligibility requirements for



- 1 financing projects under the program.
- 2 (d) A method for determining repayment periods, the maximum
- 3 amount of an assessment, and interest rates on assessment
- 4 installments.
- (e) Explanation of how assessments will be made and collectedconsistent with section 6(2).
- 7 (f) A plan for raising capital to finance improvements under8 the program. The plan may include any of the following:
- 9 (i) The sale of bonds or notes, subject to the revised 10 municipal finance act, 2001 PA 34, MCL 141.2101 to 141.2821.
- (ii) Amounts to be advanced by the local unit of government through funds available to it from the state water pollution control revolving fund, state drinking water revolving fund, or from any other source.
- (iii) Other financial arrangements involving the state waterpollution control revolving fund and state drinking water revolvingfund.
 - (iv) Capital provided by program related investors and others
- 19 (g) Information regarding all of the following, to the extent
 20 known, or procedures to determine the following in the future:
- (i) Any reserve fund or funds to be used as security for bondsor notes described in subdivision (g).
- 23 (ii) Any application, administration, or other program fees to
 24 be charged to record owners participating in the program that will
 25 be used to finance costs incurred by the local unit of government
 26 as a result of the program.
- (h) A requirement that the term of an assessment not exceedthe expected useful life of the project paid for by the assessment.
- 29 (i) A requirement for an appropriate ratio of the amount of



18

- 1 the assessment to the assessed value of the property.
- 2 (j) A requirement that the record owner affirm that there is3 not a reverse mortgage on the property.
- 4 (k) A method to determine, from information provided by third5 parties, that the record owner can afford the assessment.
- 6 (l) Provisions for marketing and participant education,
 7 including, if applicable, the availability of rebates, subsidies,
 8 or utility program funds for which property owners may be eligible.
 - (m) Quality assurance and antifraud measures.
- (n) A principal forgiveness or forbearance program, supported
 by, if applicable, the state water pollution control revolving fund
 or the state drinking water revolving fund or by other means.
- (o) A requirement that the contract and financing for the
 project comply with applicable state and federal consumer financial
 protection laws and regulations.
- (p) A requirement that, before an energy project is
 undertaken, a baseline energy audit or baseline energy modeling be
 conducted to establish future energy savings.
 - (2) The local unit of government shall make the report available for review on the local unit of government's website or at the office of the clerk or the official authorized to enter contracts on behalf of the local unit of government under the program.
- Sec. 5. (1) A local unit of government may impose an assessment under a property assessment program only pursuant to a written contract with the record owner of the property to be assessed.
- (2) Before entering into a contract with the record ownerunder a program, the local unit of government shall verify all of



9

19

20

2122

23

1 the following:

14

25

26

- 2 (a) That there are no delinquent taxes, special assessments,3 or water or sewer charges on the property.
- 4 (b) That there are no delinquent assessments on the property5 under a program.
- 6 Sec. 6. (1) An assessment imposed under a property assessment 7 program, including any interest on the assessment and any penalty, 8 constitute a lien against the property on which the assessment is 9 imposed until the assessment, including any interest or penalty, is 10 paid in full. The lien runs with the property and has the same priority and status as other property tax and assessment liens. The 11 12 local unit of government has all rights in the case of delinquency in the payment of an assessment as it does with respect to 13
- interest and penalty, is paid, the lien shall be removed from the
 property.
 17 (2) Installments of assessments due under a program shall be

delinquent property taxes. When the assessment, including any

- 17 (2) Installments of assessments due under a program shall be
 18 included in each summer and winter tax bill issued under the
 19 general property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.1 to 211.155, and
 20 shall be collected at the same time and in the same manner as taxes
 21 collected under that act. Alternatively, installments may be billed
 22 and collected as provided in a special assessment ordinance of
 23 general applicability adopted by the local unit of government
 24 pursuant to state law or local charter.
 - Sec. 7. (1) A local unit of government may issue bonds or notes to finance projects under a property assessment program.
- (2) Bonds or notes issued under subsection (1) shall not be
 general obligations of the local unit of government, but shall be
 secured by 1 or more of the following as provided by the governing



1 body in the resolution or ordinance approving the bonds or notes:

- 2 (a) Payments of assessments on benefited property within the3 district or districts specified.
- 4 (b) Reserves established by the local unit of government from5 grants, bond or note proceeds, or other lawfully available funds.
- 6 (c) Municipal bond insurance, lines or letters of credit,
 7 public or private guaranties, standby bond purchase agreements,
 8 collateral assignments, mortgages, or any other available means of
 9 providing credit support or liquidity, including, but not limited
 10 to, arrangements described in section 315 of the revised municipal
 11 finance act, 2001 PA 34, MCL 141.2315.
- 12 (d) Tax increment revenues that may be lawfully available for 13 such purposes.
 - (e) Any other amounts lawfully available for such purposes.
- 15 (3) A pledge of assessments, funds, or contractual rights made by a governing body in connection with the issuance of bonds or 16 notes by a local unit of government under this part constitutes a 17 18 statutory lien on the assessments, funds, or contractual rights so pledged in favor of the person or persons to whom the pledge is 19 20 given, without further action by the governing body. The statutory lien is valid and binding against all other persons, with or 21 without notice. 22
 - (4) Bonds or notes of 1 series issued under this part may be secured on a parity with bonds or notes of another series issued by the local unit of government pursuant to the terms of a master indenture or master resolution entered into or adopted by the governing body of the local unit of government.
- (5) Bonds or notes issued under this part are subject to therevised municipal finance act, 2001 PA 34, MCL 141.2101 to



14

23

24

25

2627

141.2821.

- 2 (6) Bonds or notes issued under this part, and interest
 3 payable on such bonds and notes, are exempt from all taxation by
 4 this state and its political subdivisions.
- 5 (7) Bonds or notes issued under this part further essential
 6 public and governmental purposes, including, but not limited to,
 7 reduced energy costs, reduced greenhouse gas emissions, improved
 8 public health, protection against climate hazards and other
 9 environmental hazards, economic stimulation and development,
 10 improved property valuation, and increased employment.
 - (8) A local unit of government may advance funds made available by the state water pollution control revolving fund, the state drinking water revolving fund, and other sources to finance projects under a program.
- Sec. 8. (1) A local unit of government may join with any other local unit of government, the Michigan finance authority, created by Executive Reorganization Order No. 2010-2, MCL 12.194, or any other person, or with any number or combination thereof, by contract or otherwise as may be permitted by law, for the implementation of a property assessment program, in whole or in part.
 - (2) If a program is implemented jointly by 2 or more local units of government pursuant to subsection (1), a single public hearing held jointly by the cooperating local units of government is sufficient to satisfy the requirements of section 3(1)(b).
 - (3) If a program is implemented jointly by 1 or more local units of government and the Michigan finance authority, the program may join with the authority or authorities administering the state water pollution control revolving fund or state drinking water



- 1 revolving fund of 1 or more other states, by contract or otherwise
- 2 as may be permitted by law, for the implementation of a multistate
- 3 program, in whole or in part.

