SENATE BILL NO. 1008

April 14, 2022, Introduced by Senators IRWIN, POLEHANKI and SCHMIDT and referred to the Committee on Finance.

A bill to amend 1967 PA 281, entitled "Income tax act of 1967,"

by amending sections 266a and 676 (MCL 206.266a and 206.676), as added by 2020 PA 343.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 266a. (1) Subject to the limitations under this section,
- 2 a qualified taxpayer with a certificate of completed rehabilitation
- 3 issued pursuant to subsection (4) after December 31, 2020 and
- 4 before January 1, 2031 may credit against the tax imposed by this

- 1 part the amount determined pursuant to subsection (2) for the
- 2 qualified expenditures for the rehabilitation of a historic
- 3 resource pursuant to the rehabilitation plan in the year in which
- 4 the certificate of completed rehabilitation of the historic
- 5 resource is issued. The qualified taxpayer shall initially claim a
- 6 credit under this section within 5 years after the certificate of
- 7 completed rehabilitation is issued pursuant to subsection (4). If
- 8 the credit is not initially claimed within 5 years after the
- 9 certificate is issued, the certificate is no longer valid and the
- 10 qualified taxpayer is no longer eligible to claim a credit under
- 11 this section for that rehabilitation plan. Only those expenditures
- 12 that are paid or incurred during the time periods prescribed for
- 13 the credit under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code and
- 14 any related treasury regulations shall be considered qualified
- 15 expenditures.
- 16 (2) Subject to the limitations under this section, a qualified
- 17 taxpayer that has claimed and received a credit for qualified
- 18 expenditures under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code or
- 19 has entered into an agreement under subsection (10) may claim a
- 20 credit under this section equal to 25% of the qualified
- 21 expenditures that are eligible, or would have been eligible except
- 22 that the qualified taxpayer entered into an agreement under
- 23 subsection (10), for the credit under section 47(a)(2) of the
- 24 internal revenue code or, if the qualified taxpayer is not eligible
- 25 for the credit under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code,
- 26 25% of the qualified expenditures that would qualify under section
- 27 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code except that the expenditures
- 28 are made to a historic resource that is not eligible for the credit
- 29 under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code.

(3) To be eligible for the credit under this section, a person 1 shall submit an application and a rehabilitation plan to the state 2 historic preservation office. Completed applications must be 3 considered in the order in which the office received the completed 4 5 applications and approved or denied within 120 days of receipt of 6 the completed applications. If the office determines that the 7 application is complete and the rehabilitation plan meets the 8 criteria for a credit under this section, the office shall issue a 9 preapproval letter to the applicant that states that the 10 rehabilitation plan qualifies for the credit under this section and 11 the maximum total amount of the credit reserved for which a credit may be claimed when the project is complete and a certificate of 12 completed rehabilitation is issued for qualified expenditures 13 14 pursuant to that rehabilitation plan. If an application is denied 15 under this subsection, the applicant may file an appeal in a form 16 and manner as prescribed by the office or subsequently reapply for 17 the same rehabilitation plan or for another rehabilitation plan, or 18 both. Subject to the limitations under this section, the total of 19 all credits reserved under preapproval letters for rehabilitation 20 plans approved under this section and section 676 shall not exceed 21 \$5,000,000.00 per calendar year. To the extent the office receives applications for the rehabilitation of small nonresidential 22 23 historic resources for credits in excess of \$2,000,000.00, not less than \$2,000,000.00 of the \$5,000,000.00 each calendar year shall be 24 25 approved for small nonresidential historic resources. To the extent the office receives applications for the rehabilitation of large 26 27 nonresidential historic resources for credits in excess of \$2,000,000.00, not less than \$2,000,000.00 of the \$5,000,000.00 28 29 each calendar year shall be approved for large nonresidential

- 1 historic resources. To the extent the office receives applications
- 2 for the rehabilitation of residential historic resources for
- 3 credits in excess of \$1,000,000.00, not less than \$1,000,000.00 of
- 4 the \$5,000,000.00 each calendar year shall be approved for
- 5 residential historic resources. The office shall not issue a
- 6 preapproval letter or certificate of completed rehabilitation that
- 7 authorizes a qualified taxpayer to claim a credit of more than
- 8 \$2,000,000.00 in a single tax year for the same historic resource.
- 9 If, for any calendar year, the office issues preapproval letters
- 10 and reserves the maximum amount of tax credits allowed under this
- 11 section for that calendar year, the office shall notify all
- 12 applicants who have submitted completed applications and
- 13 rehabilitation plans then awaiting approval or submitted for
- 14 approval after the calculation is made that no additional
- 15 preapproval letters for rehabilitation plans will be issued during
- 16 that calendar year. The office shall also notify those applicants
- 17 of the priority number given to the applicant's application and
- 18 rehabilitation plan awaiting approval. The applications and plans
- 19 will remain in priority status for 2 years from the date of the
- 20 original application and plan and will be considered for approval
- 21 and reservation of tax credits in the priority order established in
- 22 this subsection in the event that additional credits become
- 23 available resulting from the rescission of approvals under this
- 24 subsection or subsection (5) and at the beginning of the next
- 25 calendar year. An applicant that has received a preapproval letter
- 26 shall commence rehabilitation, if it has not previously begun,
- 27 within 1 year after the issuance of the preapproval letter and
- 28 complete the rehabilitation plan within 8 years after the issuance
- 29 of the preapproval letter or the office will rescind the

- 1 preapproval letter and reallocate the amount of the credit reserved
- 2 for that rehabilitation plan. Upon completion of a rehabilitation
- 3 plan for which a preapproval letter was issued, the applicant shall
- 4 submit to the office documentation that the rehabilitation is
- 5 complete and the completed rehabilitation of the historic resource
- 6 meets the criteria under subsection (6) and either of the
- 7 following:
- 8 (a) All of the following criteria:
- 9 (i) The historic resource contributes to the significance of
- 10 the historic district in which it is located or is individually
- 11 listed on the National Register of Historic Places or state
- 12 register of historic sites.
- 13 (ii) Both the rehabilitation plan and completed rehabilitation
- 14 of the historic resource meet the federal secretary of the
- 15 interior's standards for rehabilitation and guidelines for
- 16 rehabilitating historic buildings, 36 CFR part 67.
- 17 (iii) All rehabilitation work has been done to or within the
- 18 walls, boundaries, or structures of the historic resource or to
- 19 historic resources located within the property boundaries of the
- 20 resource.
- 21 (b) The applicant has received certification from the national
- 22 park service that the historic resource's significance, the
- 23 rehabilitation plan, and the completed rehabilitation qualify for
- 24 the credit allowed under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue
- **25** code.
- 26 (4) The office shall verify that the rehabilitation is
- 27 complete and meets the criteria under subsection (3). However, if
- 28 the applicant is eligible for the credit allowed under section
- 29 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code, additional documentation

- 1 that the rehabilitation is complete for the credit allowed under
- 2 this section is not required. Within 120 days after receiving
- 3 verification, in a form and manner as prescribed by the office,
- 4 that the rehabilitation is complete and meets the requirements of
- 5 subsection (3), the office shall issue a certificate of completed
- 6 rehabilitation to the applicant that states the rehabilitation plan
- 7 submitted by the applicant has been completed, the amount of
- 8 qualified expenditures, and the total amount of the credit allowed
- 9 to be claimed by a qualified taxpayer under this section. If the
- 10 amount of qualified expenditures incurred exceeds the amount of the
- 11 tax credits reserved by the preapproval letter issued under
- 12 subsection (3), the applicant may submit a request to the office,
- 13 in a form and manner as prescribed by the office, for the issuance
- 14 and approval of a certificate of completed rehabilitation in excess
- 15 of the amount initially authorized in the preapproval letter. If
- 16 the office determines that less than \$5,000,000.00 has been
- 17 reserved under preapproval letters issued for the calendar year,
- 18 after priority has been given to those notified under subsection
- 19 (3), then the office may issue a certificate of completed
- 20 rehabilitation in excess of the amount included in the preapproval
- 21 letter.
- 22 (5) The office may inspect a historic resource at any time
- 23 during the rehabilitation process and may revoke the preapproval
- 24 letter or the certificate of completed rehabilitation if the
- 25 rehabilitation was not undertaken as represented in the
- 26 rehabilitation plan or if unapproved alterations to the completed
- 27 rehabilitation are made within 5 years after the tax year in which
- 28 the certificate of completed rehabilitation was issued. The office
- 29 shall promptly notify the department of a revocation.

- 6 (a) Individually listed on the National Register of Historic7 Places or state register of historic sites.
- 8 (b) A contributing resource located within a historic district
 9 listed on the National Register of Historic Places or the state
 10 register of historic sites.
- 11 (c) A contributing resource located within a historic district 12 designated by a local unit pursuant to an ordinance adopted under 13 the local historic districts act, 1970 PA 169, MCL 399.201 to 14 399.215.
- 15 (7) A person that has been issued a certificate of completed 16 rehabilitation under subsection (4) may assign all or any portion 17 of the credit allowed under this section. A credit assignment under this subsection is irrevocable and shall be made in the tax year in 18 19 which a certificate of completed rehabilitation is issued. A 20 qualified taxpayer may claim a portion of a credit and assign the remaining amount. If the qualified taxpayer both claims and assigns 21 portions of the credit, the qualified taxpayer shall claim the 22 23 portion it claims in the tax year in which a certificate of completed rehabilitation is issued pursuant to this section. Except 24 25 as otherwise provided under this subsection, an assignee may 26 subsequently assign the credit or any portion of the credit 27 assigned under this subsection to 1 or more assignees. An assignment or subsequent reassignment of a credit shall be made in 28 29 the year the certificate of completed rehabilitation is issued. A

- 1 credit assignment or subsequent reassignment under this section
- 2 shall be made on a form prescribed by the office. The office shall
- 3 review and issue a completed assignment or reassignment certificate
- 4 to the assignee or reassignee. A credit amount assigned under this
- 5 subsection may be claimed against the assignee's tax liability
- 6 under this part or part 2. A credit amount authorized or assigned
- 7 to a partnership, limited liability company, or subchapter S
- 8 corporation under this section or section 676 may be claimed
- 9 against the partner's, member's, or shareholder's tax liability
- 10 under this part based on the partner's, member's, or shareholder's
- 11 proportionate share of ownership or an alternative method approved
- 12 by the office. An assignee or subsequent reassignee shall attach a
- 13 copy of the completed assignment certificate to the annual return
- 14 required to be filed under this part for the tax year in which the
- 15 assignment or reassignment is made and the assignee or reassignee
- 16 first claims the credit, which shall be the same tax year.
- 17 (8) If the credit allowed under this section for the tax year
- 18 and any unused carryforward of the credit allowed by this section
- 19 exceed the qualified taxpayer's tax liability for the tax year,
- 20 that portion that exceeds the tax liability for the tax year shall
- 21 not be refunded but may be carried forward to offset tax liability
- 22 in subsequent tax years for 10 years or until used up, whichever
- 23 occurs first. If a qualified taxpayer has an unused carryforward of
- 24 a credit under this section, the amount otherwise added under
- 25 subsection (9) to the qualified taxpayer's tax liability may
- 26 instead be used to reduce the qualified taxpayer's carryforward
- 27 under this section.
- 28 (9) Except as otherwise provided under subsection (10), if a
- 29 certificate of completed rehabilitation is revoked under subsection

- 1 (5) or if the historic resource is sold or disposed of less than 5
- 2 years after the certificate of completed rehabilitation is issued,
- 3 the following percentage of the credit amount previously claimed
- 4 relative to that historic resource shall be added back to the tax
- 5 liability of the qualified taxpayer that received the certificate
- 6 of completed rehabilitation and not the assignee in the year of the
- 7 revocation:
- 8 (a) If the revocation is less than 1 year after the
- 9 certificate of completed rehabilitation is issued, 100%.
- 10 (b) If the revocation is at least 1 year but less than 2 years
- 11 after the certificate of completed rehabilitation is issued, 80%.
- 12 (c) If the revocation is at least 2 years but less than 3
- 13 years after the certificate of completed rehabilitation is issued,
- **14** 60%.
- 15 (d) If the revocation is at least 3 years but less than 4
- 16 years after the certificate of completed rehabilitation is issued,
- **17** 40%.
- 18 (e) If the revocation is at least 4 years but less than 5
- 19 years after the certificate of completed rehabilitation is issued,
- 20 20%.
- 21 (f) If the revocation is at least 5 years or more after the
- 22 certificate of completed rehabilitation is issued, an addback to
- 23 the qualified taxpayer tax liability is not required.
- 24 (10) Subsection (9) shall not apply if the qualified taxpayer
- 25 enters into a written agreement with the office that will allow for
- 26 the transfer or sale of the historic resource and provides the
- 27 following:
- 28 (a) Reasonable assurance that subsequent to the transfer the
- 29 property will remain a historic resource during the 5-year period

- 1 after the certificate of completed rehabilitation is issued.
- 2 (b) A method that the department can recover an amount from
- 3 the qualified taxpayer equal to the appropriate percentage of
- 4 credit added back as described under subsection (9).
- 5 (c) An encumbrance on the title to the historic resource being
- 6 sold or transferred, stating that the property must remain a
- 7 historic resource throughout the 5-year period after the
- 8 certificate of completed rehabilitation is issued.
- 9 (d) A provision for the payment by the qualified taxpayer of
- 10 all legal and professional fees associated with the drafting,
- 11 review, and recording of the written agreement required under this
- 12 subsection.
- 13 (11) The office may impose a fee to cover the administrative
- 14 cost of implementing the program under this section.
- 15 (12) The qualified taxpayer shall attach all of the following
- 16 to the qualified taxpayer's annual return under this part:
- 17 (a) Certificate of completed rehabilitation.
- 18 (b) Certification of historic significance related to the
- 19 historic resource and the qualified expenditures used to claim a
- 20 credit under this section.
- 21 (c) A completed assignment form if the qualified taxpayer is
- 22 an assignee under this section or section 676 of any portion of a
- 23 credit allowed under that section.
- 24 (13) The office may promulgate rules to implement this section
- 25 pursuant to the administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306,
- 26 MCL 24.201 to 24.328. Within 120 days after the effective date of
- 27 the amendatory act that added this sentence, the office shall
- 28 establish eligibility guidelines for the certification of historic
- 29 barns that are eligible for a credit under this section.

- (14) The total of the credits claimed under this section and
 section 676 for a rehabilitation project shall not exceed 25% of
 the total qualified expenditures eligible for the credit under this
 section for that rehabilitation project.
- 5 (15) The office shall submit an economic impact report that 6 includes, to the extent available, all of the following to the 7 legislature annually for the immediately preceding state fiscal 8 year:
- 9 (a) The fee schedule used by the office and the total amount 10 of fees collected.
- 12 preapproval letter was issued and for each certificate of completed
 13 rehabilitation issued. The description must include the total
 14 rehabilitation costs, labor hours generated, jobs added, payroll
 15 added, total capital investments, gain in property value after
 16 rehabilitation, and the amount of income tax and sales tax
 17 generated by the rehabilitation project.
- 18 (c) The location of each new and ongoing rehabilitation19 project.
- 20 (16) As used in this section:
- (a) "Contributing resource" means a historic resource that
 contributes to the significance of the historic district in which
 it is located.
- (b) "Detroit Consumer Price Index" means the most
 comprehensive index of consumer prices available for the Detroit
 area from the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor
 Statistics.
- 28 (c) "Historic barn" means an agricultural structure that was 29 at least partially constructed before 1945, that is or was used as

- an agricultural facility or for purposes related to agriculture, and that is certified by the office as a historic barn.
- (d) (e) "Historic district" means an area, or group of areas
 not necessarily having contiguous boundaries, that contains 1
 resource or a group of resources that are related by history,
 architecture, archaeology, engineering, or culture.
- 7 (e) (d)—"Historic resource" means a publicly or privately 8 owned historic barn or a publicly or privately owned historic 9 building, structure, site, object, feature, or open space located 10 within a historic district designated by the National Register of 11 Historic Places, the state register of historic sites, or a local unit acting under the local historic districts act, 1970 PA 169, 12 MCL 399.201 to 399.215; or that is individually listed on the state 13 14 register of historic sites or National Register of Historic Places.
 - (f) (e) "Large nonresidential historic resource" means a nonowner-occupied, income producing historic resource that has a rehabilitation plan with qualified expenditures of \$2,000,000.00 or more.
- 19 (g) (f) "Local unit" means a county, city, village, or
 20 township.

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- (h) (g)—"Long-term lease" means a lease term of at least 27.5 years for a residential resource or at least 31.5 years for a nonresidential resource.
- (i) (h) "Open space" means undeveloped land, a naturally landscaped area, or a formal or man-made landscaped area that provides a connective link or a buffer between other resources.
- 27 (j) (i) "Qualified expenditures" means capital expenditures
 28 that qualify, or would qualify except that the qualified taxpayer
 29 entered into an agreement under subsection (10), for a

- 1 rehabilitation credit under section 47(a)(2) of the internal
- 2 revenue code if the qualified taxpayer is eligible for the credit
- 3 under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code or, if the
- 4 applicant is not eligible for the credit under section 47(a)(2) of
- 5 the internal revenue code, the qualified expenditures that would
- 6 qualify under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code except
- 7 that the expenditures are made to a historic resource that is not
- 8 eligible for the credit under section 47(a)(2) of the internal
- 9 revenue code, that were paid. Qualified expenditures do not include
- 10 capital expenditures for nonhistoric additions to a historic
- 11 resource except an addition that is required by state or federal
- 12 regulations that relate to historic preservation, safety, or
- 13 accessibility.
- (k) (j) "Qualified taxpayer" means a person that is an
- 15 assignee under this section or section 676 or that either owns the
- 16 resource to be rehabilitated or has a long-term lease agreement
- 17 with the owner of the historic resource and that has qualified
- 18 expenditures for the rehabilitation of the historic resource that
- 19 satisfies either of the following:
- 20 (i) For the rehabilitation of a residential historic resource,
- 21 qualified expenditures equal to or greater than \$1,000.00. The
- 22 \$1,000.00 amount must be annually adjusted for inflation using the
- 23 Detroit Consumer Price Index.
- 24 (ii) For the rehabilitation of a historic resource that is not
- 25 a residential historic resource, qualified expenditures equal to or
- 26 greater than 10% of the state equalized valuation of the property.
- 27 If the historic resource to be rehabilitated is a portion of a
- 28 historic or nonhistoric resource, the state equalized valuation of
- 29 only that portion of the property shall be used for purposes of

- 1 this subparagraph. If the assessor for the local tax collecting
- 2 unit in which the historic resource is located determines the state
- 3 equalized valuation of that portion, that assessor's determination
- 4 shall be used for purposes of this subparagraph. If the assessor
- 5 does not determine that state equalized valuation of that portion,
- 6 qualified expenditures, for purposes of this subparagraph, shall be
- 7 equal to or greater than 5% of the appraised value as determined by
- 8 a certified appraiser. If the historic resource to be rehabilitated
- 9 does not have a state equalized valuation, qualified expenditures
- 10 for purposes of this subparagraph shall be equal to or greater than
- 11 5% of the appraised value of the resource as determined by a
- 12 certified appraiser.
- 13 (l) $\frac{(k)}{(k)}$ "Rehabilitation plan" means a plan for the
- 14 rehabilitation of a historic resource that meets the federal
- 15 Secretary of the Interior's standards for rehabilitation and
- 16 quidelines for rehabilitation of historic buildings under 36 CFR
- **17** part 67.
- (m) $\frac{(l)}{(l)}$ "Residential historic resource" means a non-income
- 19 producing historic resource that is an owner-occupied dwelling.
- 20 (n) (m) "Small nonresidential historic resource" means a
- 21 nonowner-occupied, income producing historic resource that has a
- 22 rehabilitation plan with qualified expenditures of less than
- **23** \$2,000,000.00.
- 24 (o) (n) "State historic preservation office" or "office" means
- 25 the state historic preservation office created by Executive Order
- 26 No. 2007-53 and transferred to the Michigan strategic fund by
- 27 Executive Reorganization Order No. 2019-3, MCL 125.1998.
- Sec. 676. (1) Subject to the limitations under this section, a
- 29 qualified taxpayer with a certificate of completed rehabilitation

- 1 issued pursuant to subsection (4) after December 31, 2020 and
- 2 before January 1, 2031 may credit against the tax imposed by this
- 3 part the amount determined pursuant to subsection (2) for the
- 4 qualified expenditures for the rehabilitation of a historic
- 5 resource pursuant to the rehabilitation plan in the year in which
- 6 the certificate of completed rehabilitation of the historic
- 7 resource is issued. The qualified taxpayer shall initially claim a
- 8 credit under this section within 5 years after the certificate of
- 9 completed rehabilitation is issued pursuant to subsection (4). If
- 10 the credit is not initially claimed within 5 years after the
- 11 certificate is issued, the certificate is no longer valid and the
- 12 qualified taxpayer is no longer eligible to claim a credit under
- 13 this section for that rehabilitation plan. Only those expenditures
- 14 that are paid or incurred during the time periods prescribed for
- 15 the credit under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code and
- 16 any related treasury regulations shall be considered qualified
- 17 expenditures.
- 18 (2) Subject to the limitations under this section, a qualified
- 19 taxpayer that has claimed and received a credit for qualified
- 20 expenditures under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code or
- 21 has entered into an agreement under subsection (10) may claim a
- 22 credit under this section equal to 25% of the qualified
- 23 expenditures that are eligible, or would have been eligible except
- 24 that the qualified taxpayer entered into an agreement under
- 25 subsection (10), for the credit under section 47(a)(2) of the
- 26 internal revenue code or, if the qualified taxpayer is not eligible
- for the credit under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code,
- 28 25% of the qualified expenditures that would qualify under section
- 29 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code except that the expenditures

are made to a historic resource that is not eligible for the creditunder section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code.

(3) To be eligible for the credit under this section, a person 3 shall submit an application and a rehabilitation plan to the state 4 5 historic preservation office. Completed applications must be 6 considered in the order in which the office received the completed 7 applications and approved or denied within 120 days of receipt of 8 the completed applications. If the office determines that the 9 application is complete and the rehabilitation plan meets the 10 criteria for a credit under this section, the office shall issue a 11 preapproval letter to the applicant that states that the rehabilitation plan qualifies for the credit under this section and 12 the maximum total amount of the credit reserved for which a credit 13 14 may be claimed when the project is complete and a certificate of 15 completed rehabilitation is issued for qualified expenditures pursuant to that rehabilitation plan. If an application is denied 16 under this subsection, the applicant may file an appeal in a form 17 18 and manner as prescribed by the office or subsequently reapply for 19 the same rehabilitation plan or for another rehabilitation plan, or 20 both. Subject to the limitations under this section, the total of 21 all credits reserved under preapproval letters for rehabilitation plans approved under this section and section 266a shall not exceed 22 23 \$5,000,000.00 per calendar year. To the extent the office receives applications for the rehabilitation of small nonresidential 24 25 historic resources for credits in excess of \$2,000,000.00, not less than \$2,000,000.00 of the \$5,000,000.00 each calendar year shall be 26 27 approved for small nonresidential historic resources. To the extent the office receives applications for the rehabilitation of large 28 29 nonresidential historic resources for credits in excess of

- 1 \$2,000,000.00, not less than \$2,000,000.00 of the \$5,000,000.00
- 2 each calendar year shall be approved for large nonresidential
- 3 historic resources. To the extent the office receives applications
- 4 for the rehabilitation of residential historic resources for
- 5 credits in excess of \$1,000,000.00, not less than \$1,000,000.00 of
- 6 the \$5,000,000.00 each calendar year shall be approved for
- 7 residential historic resources. The office shall not issue a
- 8 preapproval letter or certificate of completed rehabilitation that
- 9 authorizes a qualified taxpayer to claim a credit of more than
- 10 \$2,000,000.00 in a single tax year for the same historic resource.
- 11 If, for any calendar year, the office issues preapproval letters
- 12 and reserves the maximum amount of tax credits allowed under this
- 13 section for that calendar year, the office shall notify all
- 14 applicants who have submitted completed applications and
- 15 rehabilitation plans then awaiting approval or submitted for
- 16 approval after the calculation is made that no additional
- 17 preapproval letters for rehabilitation plans will be issued during
- 18 that calendar year. The office shall also notify those applicants
- 19 of the priority number given to the owner's application and
- 20 rehabilitation plan awaiting approval. The applications and plans
- 21 will remain in priority status for 2 years from the date of the
- 22 original application and plan and will be considered for approval
- 23 and reservation of tax credits in the priority order established in
- 24 this subsection in the event that additional credits become
- 25 available resulting from the rescission of approvals under this
- 26 subsection or subsection (5) and at the beginning of the next
- 27 calendar year. An applicant that has received a preapproval letter
- 28 shall commence rehabilitation, if it has not previously begun,
- 29 within 1 year after the issuance of the preapproval letter and

- 1 complete the rehabilitation plan within 8 years after the issuance
- 2 of the preapproval letter or the office will rescind the
- 3 preapproval letter and reallocate the amount of the credit reserved
- 4 for that rehabilitation plan. Upon completion of a rehabilitation
- 5 plan for which a preapproval letter was issued, the applicant shall
- 6 submit to the office documentation that the rehabilitation is
- 7 complete and the completed rehabilitation of the historic resource
- 8 meets the criteria under subsection (6) and either of the
- 9 following:
- 10 (a) All of the following criteria:
- 11 (i) The historic resource contributes to the significance of
- 12 the historic district in which it is located or is individually
- 13 listed on the National Register of Historic Places or state
- 14 register of historic sites.
- 15 (ii) Both the rehabilitation plan and completed rehabilitation
- 16 of the historic resource meet the federal Secretary of the
- 17 Interior's standards for rehabilitation and guidelines for
- 18 rehabilitating historic buildings, 36 CFR part 67.
- 19 (iii) All rehabilitation work has been done to or within the
- 20 walls, boundaries, or structures of the historic resource or to
- 21 historic resources located within the property boundaries of the
- 22 property.
- 23 (b) The applicant has received certification from the National
- 24 Park Service that the historic resource's significance, the
- 25 rehabilitation plan, and the completed rehabilitation qualify for
- 26 the credit allowed under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue
- **27** code.
- 28 (4) The office shall verify that the rehabilitation is
- 29 complete and meets the criteria under subsection (3). However, if

- 1 the applicant is eligible for the credit allowed under section
- 2 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code, additional documentation
- 3 that the rehabilitation is complete for the credit allowed under
- 4 this section is not required. Within 120 days after receiving
- 5 verification, in a form and manner as prescribed by the office,
- 6 that the rehabilitation is complete and meets the requirements of
- 7 subsection (3), the office shall issue a certificate of completed
- 8 rehabilitation to the applicant that states the rehabilitation plan
- 9 submitted by the applicant has been completed, the amount of
- 10 qualified expenditures, and the total amount of the credit allowed
- 11 to be claimed by a qualified taxpayer under this section. If the
- 12 amount of qualified expenditures incurred exceeds the amount of the
- 13 tax credits reserved by the preapproval letter issued under
- 14 subsection (3), the applicant may submit a request to the office,
- 15 in a form and manner as prescribed by the office, for the issuance
- 16 and approval of a certificate of completed rehabilitation in excess
- 17 of the amount initially authorized in the preapproval letter. If
- 18 the office determines that less than \$5,000,000.00 has been
- 19 reserved under preapproval letters issued for the calendar year,
- 20 after priority has been given to those notified under subsection
- 21 (3), then the office may issue a certificate of completed
- 22 rehabilitation in excess of the amount included in the preapproval
- 23 letter.
- 24 (5) The office may inspect a historic resource at any time
- 25 during the rehabilitation process and may revoke the preapproval
- 26 letter or the certificate of completed rehabilitation if the
- 27 rehabilitation was not undertaken as represented in the
- 28 rehabilitation plan or if unapproved alterations to the completed
- 29 rehabilitation are made within 5 years after the tax year in which

- the certificate of completed rehabilitation was issued. The officeshall promptly notify the department of a revocation.
- 3 (6) Qualified expenditures for the rehabilitation of a
 4 historic resource may be used to calculate the credit under this
 5 section if the historic resource is 1 of the following during the
 6 tax year in which a credit under this section is claimed for those
 7 gualified expenditures:
- 8 (a) Individually listed on the National Register of Historic9 Places or state register of historic sites.
- 10 (b) A contributing resource located within a historic district
 11 listed on the National Register of Historic Places or the state
 12 register of historic sites.
- 13 (c) A contributing resource located within a historic district 14 designated by a local unit pursuant to an ordinance adopted under 15 the local historic districts act, 1970 PA 169, MCL 399.201 to 16 399.215.
- 17 (7) A person that has been issued a certificate of completed 18 rehabilitation under subsection (4) may assign all or any portion 19 of the credit allowed under this section. A credit assignment under 20 this subsection is irrevocable and shall be made in the tax year in 21 which a certificate of completed rehabilitation is issued. A qualified taxpayer may claim a portion of a credit and assign the 22 23 remaining amount. If the qualified taxpayer both claims and assigns portions of the credit, the qualified taxpayer shall claim the 24 25 portion it claims in the tax year in which a certificate of 26 completed rehabilitation is issued pursuant to this section. Except 27 as otherwise provided under this subsection, an assignee may 28 subsequently assign the credit or any portion of the credit 29 assigned under this subsection to 1 or more assignees. An

- 1 assignment or subsequent reassignment of a credit shall be made in
- 2 the year the certificate of completed rehabilitation is issued. A
- 3 credit assignment or subsequent reassignment under this section
- 4 shall be made on a form prescribed by the office. The office shall
- 5 review and issue a completed assignment or reassignment certificate
- 6 to the assignee or reassignee. If the qualified taxpayer assigns
- 7 all or any portion of the credit allowed under this section to a
- 8 partnership, limited liability company, or subchapter S
- 9 corporation, then the assignees are its partners, members, or
- 10 shareholders based on the partner's, member's, or shareholder's
- 11 proportionate share of ownership or on an alternative method
- 12 approved by the office. A credit amount assigned under this
- 13 subsection may be claimed against the assignee's tax liability
- 14 under this part or part 1. An assignee or subsequent reassignee
- 15 shall attach a copy of the completed assignment certificate to the
- 16 annual return required to be filed under this part for the tax year
- 17 in which the assignment or reassignment is made and the assignee or
- 18 reassignee first claims the credit, which shall be the same tax
- **19** year.
- 20 (8) If the credit allowed under this section for the tax year
- 21 and any unused carryforward of the credit allowed by this section
- 22 exceed the qualified taxpayer's tax liability for the tax year,
- 23 that portion that exceeds the tax liability for the tax year shall
- 24 not be refunded but may be carried forward to offset tax liability
- 25 in subsequent tax years for 10 years or until used up, whichever
- 26 occurs first. If a qualified taxpayer has an unused carryforward of
- 27 a credit under this section, the amount otherwise added under
- 28 subsection (9) to the qualified taxpayer's tax liability may
- 29 instead be used to reduce the qualified taxpayer's carryforward

- 1 under this section.
- 2 (9) Except as otherwise provided under subsection (10), if a
- 3 certificate of completed rehabilitation is revoked under subsection
- **4** (5) or a historic resource is sold or disposed of less than 5 years
- 5 after the certificate of completed rehabilitation is issued, the
- 6 following percentage of the credit amount previously claimed
- 7 relative to that historic resource shall be added back to the tax
- 8 liability of the qualified taxpayer that received the certificate
- 9 of completed rehabilitation and not the assignee in the year of the
- 10 revocation:
- 11 (a) If the revocation is less than 1 year after the
- 12 certificate of completed rehabilitation is issued, 100%.
- 13 (b) If the revocation is at least 1 year but less than 2 years
- 14 after the certificate of completed rehabilitation is issued, 80%.
- 15 (c) If the revocation is at least 2 years but less than 3
- 16 years after the certificate of completed rehabilitation is issued,
- **17** 60%.
- 18 (d) If the revocation is at least 3 years but less than 4
- 19 years after the certificate of completed rehabilitation is issued,
- **20** 40%.
- 21 (e) If the revocation is at least 4 years but less than 5
- 22 years after the certificate of completed rehabilitation is issued,
- **23** 20%.
- (f) If the revocation is at least 5 years or more after the
- 25 certificate of completed rehabilitation is issued, an addback to
- 26 the qualified taxpayer tax liability is not required.
- 27 (10) Subsection (9) shall not apply if the qualified taxpayer
- 28 enters into a written agreement with the office that will allow for
- 29 the transfer or sale of the historic resource and provides the

- 1 following:
- 2 (a) Reasonable assurance that subsequent to the transfer the3 property will remain a historic resource during the 5-year period
- 4 after the certificate of completed rehabilitation is issued.
- 5 (b) A method that the department can recover an amount from
- 6 the qualified taxpayer equal to the appropriate percentage of
- 7 credit added back as described under subsection (9).
- 8 (c) An encumbrance on the title to the historic resource being
- 9 sold or transferred, stating that the property must remain a
- 10 historic resource throughout the 5-year period after the
- 11 certificate of completed rehabilitation is issued.
- 12 (d) A provision for the payment by the qualified taxpayer of
- 13 all legal and professional fees associated with the drafting,
- 14 review, and recording of the written agreement required under this
- 15 subsection.
- 16 (11) The office may impose a fee to cover the administrative
- 17 cost of implementing the program under this section.
- 18 (12) The qualified taxpayer shall attach all of the following
- 19 to the qualified taxpayer's annual return required under this part,
- 20 if applicable, on which the credit is claimed:
- 21 (a) Certificate of completed rehabilitation.
- 22 (b) Certification of historic significance related to the
- 23 historic resource and the qualified expenditures used to claim a
- 24 credit under this section.
- 25 (c) A completed assignment form if the qualified taxpayer or
- 26 assignee has assigned any portion of a credit allowed under this
- 27 section or if the qualified taxpayer is an assignee of any portion
- 28 of a credit allowed under this section.
- 29 (13) The office may promulgate rules to implement this section

- 1 pursuant to the administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306,
- 2 MCL 24.201 to 24.328. Within 120 days after the effective date of
- 3 the amendatory act that added this sentence, the office shall
- 4 establish eligibility guidelines for the certification of historic
- 5 barns that are eligible for a credit under this section.
- 6 (14) The total of the credits claimed under this section and
- 7 section 266a for a rehabilitation project shall not exceed 25% of
- 8 the total qualified expenditures eligible for the credit under this
- 9 section for that rehabilitation project.
- 10 (15) The office shall submit an economic impact report that
- 11 includes, to the extent available, all of the following to the
- 12 legislature annually for the immediately preceding state fiscal
- **13** year:
- 14 (a) The fee schedule used by the office and the total amount
- 15 of fees collected.
- 16 (b) A description of each rehabilitation project for which a
- 17 preapproval letter is issued and for each certificate of completed
- 18 rehabilitation issued. The description must include the total
- 19 rehabilitation costs, labor hours generated, jobs added, payroll
- 20 added, total capital investments, gain in property value after
- 21 rehabilitation, and the amount of income tax and sales tax
- 22 generated by the rehabilitation project.
- 23 (c) The location of each new and ongoing rehabilitation
- 24 project.
- 25 (16) As used in this section:
- (a) "Contributing resource" means a historic resource that
- 27 contributes to the significance of the historic district in which
- 28 it is located.
- 29 (b) "Detroit Consumer Price Index" means the most

- 1 comprehensive index of consumer prices available for the Detroit
- 2 area from the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor
- 3 Statistics.
- 4 (c) "Historic barn" means an agricultural structure that was
 5 at least partially constructed before 1945, that is or was used as
- 6 an agricultural facility or for purposes related to agriculture,
- 7 and that is certified by the office as a historic barn.
- 8 (d) (c) "Historic district" means an area, or group of areas
- 9 not necessarily having contiguous boundaries, that contains 1
- 10 resource or a group of resources that are related by history,
- 11 architecture, archaeology, engineering, or culture.
- (e) (d) "Historic resource" means a publicly or privately
- 13 owned historic barn or a publicly or privately owned historic
- 14 building, structure, site, object, feature, or open space located
- 15 within a historic district designated by the National Register of
- 16 Historic Places, the state register of historic sites, or a local
- 17 unit acting under the local historic districts act, 1970 PA 169,
- 18 MCL 399.201 to 399.215; or that is individually listed on the state
- 19 register of historic sites or National Register of Historic Places.
- **20 (f)** (e) "Large nonresidential historic resource" means a
- 21 nonowner-occupied, income producing historic resource that has a
- 22 rehabilitation plan with qualified expenditures of \$2,000,000.00 or
- **23** more.
- 24 (g) (f) "Local unit" means a county, city, village, or
- 25 township.
- (h) (q) "Long-term lease" means a lease term of at least 27.5
- 27 years for a residential resource or at least 31.5 years for a
- 28 nonresidential resource.
- (i) (h) "Open space" means undeveloped land, a naturally

- 1 landscaped area, or a formal or man-made landscaped area that
 2 provides a connective link or a buffer between other resources.
- (i) (i) "Qualified expenditures" means capital expenditures 3 that qualify, or would qualify except that the qualified taxpayer 4 5 entered into an agreement under subsection (10), for a 6 rehabilitation credit under section 47(a)(2) of the internal 7 revenue code if the qualified taxpayer is eligible for the credit 8 under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code or, if the 9 applicant is not eligible for the credit under section 47(a)(2) of 10 the internal revenue code, the qualified expenditures that would 11 qualify under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code except 12 that the expenditures are made to a historic resource that is not eligible for the credit under section 47(a)(2) of the internal 13 14 revenue code that were paid. Qualified expenditures do not include 15 capital expenditures for nonhistoric additions to a historic resource except an addition that is required by state or federal 16 17 regulations that relate to historic preservation, safety, or 18 accessibility.
 - (k) (j)—"Qualified taxpayer" means a person that is an assignee under this section or section 266a or that either owns the resource to be rehabilitated or has a long-term lease agreement with the owner of the historic resource and that has qualified expenditures for the rehabilitation of the historic resource that satisfies either of the following:

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25 (i) For the rehabilitation of a historic resource that is not a
26 residential historic resource, qualified expenditures equal to or
27 greater than 10% of the state equalized valuation of the property.
28 If the historic resource to be rehabilitated is a portion of a
29 historic or nonhistoric resource, the state equalized valuation of

- 1 only that portion of the property shall be used for purposes of
- 2 this subdivision. If the assessor for the local tax collecting unit
- 3 in which the historic resource is located determines the state
- 4 equalized valuation of that portion, that assessor's determination
- 5 shall be used for purposes of this subdivision. If the assessor
- 6 does not determine that state equalized valuation of that portion,
- 7 qualified expenditures, for purposes of this subdivision, shall be
- 8 equal to or greater than 5% of the appraised value as determined by
- 9 a certified appraiser. If the historic resource to be rehabilitated
- 10 does not have a state equalized valuation, qualified expenditures
- 11 for purposes of this subdivision shall be equal to or greater than
- 12 5% of the appraised value of the resource as determined by a
- 13 certified appraiser.
- 14 (ii) For the rehabilitation of a residential historic resource,
- 15 qualified expenditures equal to or greater than \$1,000.00. The
- 16 dollar amount established under this subparagraph must be annually
- 17 adjusted for inflation using the Detroit Consumer Price Index.
- 18 (l) $\frac{(k)}{(k)}$ "Rehabilitation plan" means a plan for the
- 19 rehabilitation of a historic resource that meets the federal
- 20 Secretary of the Interior's standards for rehabilitation and
- 21 guidelines for rehabilitation of historic buildings under 36 CFR
- **22** part 67.
- 23 (m) $\frac{(l)}{(l)}$ "Residential historic resource" means a non-income
- 24 producing historic resource that is an owner-occupied dwelling.
- 25 (n) (m) "Small nonresidential historic resource" means a
- 26 nonowner-occupied, income producing historic resource that has a
- 27 rehabilitation plan with qualified expenditures of less than
- 28 \$2,000,000.00.
- 29 (o) (n) "State historic preservation office" or "office" means

- 1 the state historic preservation office created by Executive Order
- 2 No. 2007-53 and transferred to the Michigan strategic fund by
- 3 Executive Reorganization Order No. 2019-3, MCL 125.1998.