SENATE RESOLUTION NO.17

Senator McBroom offered the following resolution:

- 1 A resolution to urge the Natural Resources Commission and the
- 2 Department of Natural Resources to end the research study begun in
- 3 2019 concerning the effectiveness of antler point restrictions as a
- 4 management tool in the chronic wasting disease core area.
- 5 Whereas, Chronic wasting disease (CWD) is a contagious fatal
- 6 neurodegenerative disease affecting several species of cervids
- 7 (deer, elk, and moose), including white-tailed deer. CWD is
- 8 considered the most important disease currently threatening North
- 9 American cervids. It belongs to a group of diseases known as
- 10 transmissible spongiform encephalopathies that are caused by
- 11 infectious misfolded proteins called prions that attack the brain
- 12 of infected animals, resulting in death; and
- 13 Whereas, While CWD has been identified in deer in several

- 1 counties in both the Upper and Lower Peninsulas, five counties in
- 2 the Lower Peninsula have been identified as the Core CWD Area.
- 3 These counties, Ionia, Kent, Mecosta, Montcalm, and Newaygo, are
- 4 the focus of the antler point study; and
- 5 Whereas, The Department of Natural Resources is studying the
- 6 influence of antler point restrictions on hunter harvest decisions.
- 7 While harvest decisions may affect population, herd composition,
- 8 and demographics, these decisions will not provide any data
- 9 regarding changes to CWD prevalence, disease transmission, disease
- 10 related mortality, or other data directly related to CWD within the
- 11 Core CWD Area; and
- 12 Whereas, The antler point restrictions under the study will be
- in effect through 2021; and
- 14 Whereas, The Department of Natural Resources' CWD Response
- 15 Plan clearly acknowledges that increasing harvest of yearling bucks
- 16 will minimize disease spread via dispersal. Conversely, antler
- 17 point restrictions protect most yearling bucks from harvest,
- 18 facilitating increased dispersal, enlarging the geographic scope of
- 19 CWD, and increasing the number of mature bucks in the herd.
- 20 Demographic sampling suggests that mature bucks have up to double
- 21 the prevalence rate of other deer in the herd; and
- 22 Whereas, Adequate safeguards to prevent an adverse impact to
- 23 the resource caused by antler point restrictions are lacking from
- 24 this experiment. Eliminating antler point restrictions will
- 25 increase the harvest of yearling males thus reducing the geographic
- 26 spread of CWD and also reducing overall herd prevalence; and
- 27 Whereas, Discontinuing the study before it is completed is the
- 28 decision of the Natural Resources Commission in consultation with
- 29 the director of the DNR. Preliminary data resulting from this study

- 1 fails to support the premise that antler point restrictions result
- 2 in changes which could be beneficial to mitigating CWD. This
- 3 evidence suggests that antler point restrictions resulted in a
- 4 significant decrease in the deer harvest, which is detrimental to
- 5 CWD mitigation efforts. Continuing this study will result in
- 6 irreversible biological harm to the resource due to the lack of
- 7 adequate safeguards mitigating the adverse impact that antler point
- 8 restrictions have in areas where CWD is a factor; now, therefore,
- 9 be it
- 10 Resolved by the Senate, That we urge the Department of Natural
- 11 Resources to end research concerning the effectiveness of antler
- 12 point restrictions as a management tool to reduce chronic wasting
- 13 disease; and be it further
- 14 Resolved, That copies of this resolution be transmitted to the
- 15 Director of the Department of Natural Resources and the members of
- 16 the Natural Resources Commission.