

ANIMAL INDUSTRY ACT (EXCERPT)
Act 466 of 1988

***** 287.706 THIS SECTION IS REPEALED BY ACT 132 OF 2019 EFFECTIVE FEBRUARY 19, 2020

287.706 Definitions; O to W.

Sec. 6. (1) "Official calfhood vaccinate" means female cattle that are vaccinated by an accredited veterinarian with a United States department of agriculture approved brucella abortus vaccine in accordance with procedures and at an age approved by the director.

(2) "Official identification" means an identification ear tag, tattoo, electronic identification, or other identification approved by the United States department of agriculture or the department.

(3) "Official interstate health certificate" or "official interstate certificate of veterinary inspection" means a printed form adopted by any state that documents the information required under section 20 and that is issued for animals being imported to or exported from this state within 30 days before the importation or exportation of the animals it describes. A photocopy of an official interstate health certificate or an official interstate certificate of veterinary inspection is considered an official copy if certified as a true copy by the issuing veterinarian or a livestock health official of the state of origin.

(4) "Official test" means a sample of specific material collected from an animal by an accredited veterinarian, state or federal veterinary medical officer, or other person authorized by the director and analyzed by a laboratory certified by the United States department of agriculture or the department to conduct the test, or a diagnostic injection administered and analyzed by an accredited veterinarian or a state or federal veterinary medical officer. An official test is conducted only by an accredited veterinarian or a state or federal veterinary medical officer except under special permission by the director.

(5) "Official vaccination" means a vaccination that the director has designated as reportable, administered by an accredited veterinarian or a state or federal veterinary medical officer, and documented on a form supplied by the department.

(6) "Originate" refers to direct movement of animals from a herd or flock of origin.

(7) "Over 19 months of age" means cattle that have the first pair of permanent incisor teeth visibly present unless the owner can document the exact age. Parturient or postparturient heifers, regardless of their age, are considered over 19 months of age.

(8) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, cooperative, association, joint venture, or other legal entity including, but not limited to, contractual relationships.

(9) "Poultry" means, but is not limited to, chickens, guinea fowl, turkeys, waterfowl, pigeons, doves, peafowl, and game birds that are propagated and maintained under the husbandry of humans.

(10) "Prior entry permit" means a code that is obtained from the department for specific species of livestock imported into the state that is recorded on the official interstate health certificate or official interstate certificate of veterinary inspection before entry into the state.

(11) "Privately owned cervid" means all species of the cervid family including, but not limited to, deer, elk, moose, and all other members of the family cervidae raised or maintained in captivity for the production of meat and other agricultural products, sport, exhibition, or any other purpose. A privately owned cervid at large remains a privately owned cervid as long as it bears visible identification.

(12) "Privately owned cervid farm" means any private or public premises that contains 1 or more privately owned cervids and does not have any privately owned cervids removed by the hunting method.

(13) "Privately owned cervid ranch" means any private or public premises that contains 1 or more privately owned cervids and has privately owned cervids removed by the hunting method.

(14) "Privately owned white-tailed deer or elk ranch" means any private or public premises that contain 1 or more privately owned white-tailed deer or privately owned elk and has privately owned white-tailed deer or privately owned elk removed by the hunting method.

(15) "Pullorum-typhoid" means a disease of poultry caused by both salmonella pullorum and salmonella gallinarum.

(16) "Pullorum-typhoid clean flock" means a flock that receives and maintains this status by fulfilling the requirements prescribed in the national poultry improvement plan.

(17) "Quarantine" means enforced isolation of any animal or group of animals or restriction of movement of an animal or group of animals, equipment, or vehicles to or from any structure, premises, or area of this state including the entirety of this state.

(18) "Ratite" means flightless birds having a flat breastbone without the keellike prominence characteristic of most flying birds. Ratites include, but are not limited to, cassowaries, kiwis, ostriches, emus, and rheas.

(19) "Reasonable assistance" means safely controlling an animal by corralling, stabling, kenneling, holding, tying, chemically restraining, or confining by halter or leash or crowding the animal in a safe and sensible manner so an examination or testing procedure considered necessary by the director can be performed.

(20) "Recombinant nucleic acid techniques" means laboratory techniques through which genetic material is isolated and manipulated in vitro and then inserted into an organism.

(21) "Rendered products" means waste material derived in whole or in part from meat of any animal or other animal material and other refuse of any character whatsoever that has been associated with any such material at any time during the handling, preparation, cooking, or consumption of food that has been ground and heat-treated to a minimum temperature of 230 degrees Fahrenheit to make products including, but not limited to, animal protein meal, poultry protein meal, fish protein meal, grease, or tallow. Rendered products also include bakery wastes, eggs, candy wastes, and domestic dairy products including, but not limited to, milk.

(22) "Reportable disease" means an animal disease on the current reportable animal disease list maintained by the state veterinarian that poses a serious threat to the livestock industry, public health, or human food chain.

(23) "Slaughter facility premises" means all facilities, buildings, structures, including all immediate grounds where slaughtering occurs under federal or state inspection, or otherwise authorized by the director.

(24) "Sow" means any female swine that has farrowed or given birth to or aborted 1 litter or more.

(25) "State veterinarian" means the chief animal health official of the state as appointed by the director under section 7, or his or her authorized representative.

(26) "Swine" means any of the ungulate mammals of the family suidae.

(27) "Terminal operation" means a facility for cattle, privately owned cervids, and goats to allow for continued growth and finishing until such time as the cattle, privately owned cervids, and goats are shipped directly to slaughter.

(28) "Toxic substance" means a natural or synthetic chemical in concentrations which alone or in combination with other natural or synthetic chemicals presents a threat to the health, safety, or welfare to human or animal life or which has the capacity to produce injury or illness through ingestion, inhalation, or absorption through the body surface.

(29) "Toxicological disease" means any condition caused by or related to a toxic substance.

(30) "U.S. registered shield" means a tattoo authorized and approved by the United States department of agriculture for use by an accredited veterinarian to designate cattle that have been vaccinated against brucellosis using an approved brucella abortus vaccine.

(31) "Veterinarian" means a person licensed to practice veterinary medicine under article 15 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.16101 to 333.18838, or under a state or federal law applicable to that person.

(32) "Veterinary biological" means all viruses, serums, toxins, and analogous products of natural or synthetic origin, or products prepared from any type of genetic engineering, such as diagnostics, antitoxins, vaccines, live microorganisms, killed microorganisms, and the antigenic or immunizing components of microorganisms intended for use in the diagnosis, treatment, or prevention of diseases in animals.

(33) "Waters of the state" means groundwaters, lakes, rivers, and streams and all other watercourses and waters within the jurisdiction of the state and also the Great Lakes bordering the state.

(34) "Wild animal" means any nondomesticated animal or any cross of a nondomesticated animal.

History: 1988, Act 466, Eff. Mar. 28, 1989;—Am. 1990, Act 40, Imd. Eff. Mar. 29, 1990;—Am. 1994, Act 41, Imd. Eff. Mar. 14, 1994;—Am. 1996, Act 369, Imd. Eff. July 3, 1996;—Am. 2000, Act 323, Imd. Eff. Oct. 31, 2000;—Am. 2002, Act 458, Imd. Eff. June 21, 2002;—Am. 2003, Act 271, Eff. Mar. 30, 2004.