UNIFORM SECURITIES ACT (EXCERPT) Act 265 of 1964

***** 451.808 THIS SECTION IS REPEALED BY ACT 551 OF 2008 EFFECTIVE OCTOBER 1, 2009

451.808 Cease and desist order; injunction, restraining order, order requiring accounting or disgorgement, or writ of mandamus; appointment of receiver or conservator; bond not required; hearing; decision; order denying or revoking exemption; remedies; commencement of action or proceeding.

Sec. 408. (a) Whenever it appears to the administrator that any person has engaged or is about to engage in any act or practice constituting a violation of any provision of this act or any rule or order hereunder, it may in its discretion issue a cease and desist order or bring an action in a circuit court to enjoin the acts or practices and to enforce compliance with this act or any rule or order hereunder. Upon a proper showing a permanent or temporary injunction, restraining order, order requiring an accounting or disgorgement or writ of mandamus shall be granted and a receiver or conservator may be appointed for the defendant or the defendant's assets. The court may not require the administrator to post a bond.

- (b) A person who has been ordered to cease and desist may file with the administrator within 15 days after service on him or her of the order a written request for a hearing. The administrator within 15 days after the filing shall issue a notice of hearing and set a date for the hearing. If a hearing is not requested by the person or is not ordered by the administrator within 15 days, the order will stand as entered. The administrator shall hold the hearing in accordance with the administrative procedures act of 1969, Act No. 306 of the Public Acts of 1969, as amended, being sections 24.201 to 24.328 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, and shall have all the powers granted thereunder. The administrator shall issue a decision sustaining, modifying, or dismissing the original order.
- (c) The administrator, if it finds such action to be in the public interest and that any person has violated or is about to violate any provision of this act or any rule or order hereunder, may by order deny or revoke any exemption specified in section 402(a)(1), (6), (7), (8), (9), or (10) or section 402(b) with respect to a specific security, issuer or transaction, or a person's right to sell exempt securities or engage in exempt transactions in the future without compliance with the registration provisions of this act. The order shall list the individual exemptions revoked and the rationale for the revocation. An order may not be entered without appropriate prior notice to all interested parties, opportunity for hearing, and written findings of fact and conclusions of law, except that the administrator may by order summarily deny or revoke any of the specific exemptions pending final determination of a proceeding under this subsection. Upon the entry of a summary order the administrator shall promptly notify all interested parties that the order has been entered and the reasons therefor and that within 15 days after receipt of a written request the matter will be set down for hearing. If a hearing is not requested within 15 days and none is ordered by the administrator, the order will remain in effect until it is modified or vacated by the administrator. If a hearing is requested or ordered, the administrator, after notice of an opportunity for hearing to all interested persons, may modify or vacate the order or extend it until final determination. An order under this subsection may operate retroactively. A person does not violate section 301 or 403 by reason of any offer or sale effected after the entry of an order under this subsection if that person sustains the burden of proof that he did not know, and in the exercise of reasonable care could not have known, of the order.
- (d) None of the remedies provided for in this act are mutually exclusive and the administrator in its discretion may use as many remedies as it deems necessary. The administrator in seeking a remedy shall consider the present actions and the possibility of future violations by the parties against whom proceedings are contemplated, together with actions taken to mitigate harm to the public. The administrator may impose a civil penalty of not more than \$1,000.00 for each violation of this act, not to exceed a total of \$10,000.00.
- (e) The administrator shall not commence any action or proceeding under this act more than 6 years after the violation.

History: 1964, Act 265, Eff. Jan. 1, 1965;—Am. 1978, Act 481, Eff. Mar. 30, 1979;—Am. 1988, Act 408, Imd. Eff. Dec. 27, 1988. Administrative rules: R 451.601.1 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.