

THE INSURANCE CODE OF 1956 (EXCERPT)
Act 218 of 1956

***** 500.2153.added THIS ADDED SECTION IS EFFECTIVE 91 DAYS AFTER ADJOURNMENT OF
THE 2012 REGULAR SESSION SINE DIE *****

500.2153.added Credit information or insurance score; use.

Sec. 2153. An insurer shall not use credit information or an insurance score as any part of a decision to deny, cancel, or nonrenew a personal insurance policy under chapters 21, 24, and 26. However, credit information and an insurance score may be used to determine premium installment payment options and availability. An insurer shall not apply credit information or a credit-based insurance score that is otherwise permitted under this act unless all of the following are met:

(a) The insurer or its producer discloses, either on the insurance application or at the time the application is taken, that it may obtain credit information in connection with the application. This disclosure shall be either written or provided to an applicant in the same medium as the application for insurance. An insurer may use the following disclosure statement:

"In connection with this application for insurance, we may review your credit report or obtain or use a credit-based insurance score based on the information contained in that credit report. We may use a third party in connection with the development of your insurance score."

(b) The insurer or a third party on behalf of the insurer does not use income, gender, address, zip code, ethnic group, religion, marital status, or nationality of the insured or insurance applicant in calculating an insurance score.

(c) The insurer does not take an adverse action against a consumer because he or she does not have a credit card account. However, an insurer may take an adverse action against that insured if it is based on any other applicable factor that is independent of the fact that the consumer does not have a credit card account.

(d) The insurer or a third party on behalf of the insurer does not consider an absence of credit information or an inability to calculate an insurance score in the rating of personal insurance unless any resulting rate differential is filed with and not disapproved by the office of financial and insurance regulation. The office of financial and insurance regulation shall not disapprove a filing under this subdivision if it meets 1 of the following:

(i) Is reasonably justified by differences in losses, expenses, or both.

(ii) Provides the insured or insurance applicant with a discount that is not less, on average, than the average credit based discount received by the insurer's insureds in this state.

(e) The insurer or a third party on the insurer's behalf uses a credit report issued within 90 days before the date an insurance score based on that credit report is first applied to the insured.

(f) Upon the insured's request or with the insured's permission the insured's producer's request at annual renewal, or upon the insured's request during the course of the policy, an insurer or a third party on the insurer's behalf shall obtain a new credit report or insurance score and re-rate the insured. An insurer or a third party on the insurer's behalf is not required to obtain a new credit report or recalculate the insurance score more frequently than once in a 12-month period. An insurer or a third party on the insurer's behalf may order a credit report upon any renewal if the insurer does so using a consistent methodology with all its insureds.

(g) For insurance scores calculated or recalculated on or after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this section, the insurer or a third party on the insurer's behalf does not use the following as a negative factor in any insurance score or in reviewing credit information:

(i) Credit inquiries not initiated by the consumer or requested by the consumer for his or her own credit information.

(ii) Credit inquiries relating to insurance coverage, if so identified on an insured's or insurance applicant's credit report.

(iii) Multiple lender inquiries, if coded by the consumer reporting agency on the credit report as being from the home mortgage industry and made within 30 days of one another, unless only 1 inquiry is considered.

(iv) Multiple lender inquiries, if coded by the consumer reporting agency on the credit report as being from the automobile lending industry and made within 30 days of one another, unless only 1 inquiry is considered.

(v) Collection accounts with a medical industry code, if so identified on the consumer's credit report.

History: Add. 2012, Act 206, Eff. (sine die).